User Guide | CG001679 | Rev A

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression 2.0

For use with:

Visium HD Reagent Kit, Small, PN-1000668

Visium Human Transcriptome Probe Kit v2 - Small, PN-1000466

Visium Mouse Transcriptome Probe Kit v2 - Small, PN-1000667

Visium HD Cassettes, 11 mm, 2 rxns, PN-1000849

Visium HD Slide, 11 mm, 2 rxns, PN-1000848

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid Kit, 11 mm, PN-1000940

Visium HD Cassettes, 6.5 mm, 4 rxns, PN-1000669

Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm, 2 rxns, PN-1000670

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid Kit, 6.5 mm, PN-1000886

Visium CytAssist Reagent Accessory Kit, PN-1000499

Dual Index Kit TS Set A, 96 rxns, PN-1000251

*View **videos for key techniques** on slide preparation and use, slide drying, and more. To view, click here.*

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Reagent Kits

Reagent Kits	Part Number	Components	Component Part Number
Visium HD, Human Transcriptome, 6.5 mm*	1000675	Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm, 2 rxns	1000670
		Visium Human Transcriptome Probes v2 - small	1000466
		Visium HD Reagents, small	1000668
		Visium HD Cassettes, 6.5 mm, 4 rxns	1000669
Visium HD Mouse, Transcriptome, 6.5 mm*	1000676	Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm, 2 rxns	1000670
		Visium Mouse Transcriptome Probes v2 - small	1000667
		Visium HD Reagents, small	1000668
		Visium HD Cassettes, 6.5 mm, 4 rxns	1000669

**Also available in a pack of 4 as a 16 rxn kit*

Visium HD, Human Transcriptome, 6.5 mm, 16 rxns, PN-1000673

Visium HD, Mouse Transcriptome, 6.5 mm, 16 rxns, PN-1000674

Reagent Kits	Part Number	Components	Component Part Number
Visium HD, Human Transcriptome, 11 mm*	1001037	Visium HD Slide, 11 mm, 2 rxns	1000848
		Visium Human Transcriptome Probes v2 - small	1000466
		Visium HD Reagents, small	1000668
		Visium HD Cassettes, 11 mm, 2 rxns	1000849
Visium HD Mouse, Transcriptome, 11 mm*	1001038	Visium HD Slide, 11 mm, 2 rxns	1000848
		Visium Mouse Transcriptome Probes v2 - small	1000667
		Visium HD Reagents, small	1000668
		Visium HD Cassettes, 11 mm, 2 rxns	1000849

**Also available in a pack of 4 as an 8 rxn kit*

Visium HD, Human Transcriptome, 11 mm, 8 rxns, PN-1001039

Visium HD, Mouse Transcriptome, 11 mm, 8 rxns, PN-1001040

Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm, 2 rxns PN-1000670

Visium HD Slide, 6.5mm **2 rxns PN-1000670** (store at −80°C)		
	#	**PN**
Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm	1	2000970

Visium HD Slide, 11 mm, 2 rxns PN-1000848

Visium HD Slide, 11 mm **2 rxns PN-1000848** (store at −80°C)		
	#	**PN**
Visium HD Slide, 11 mm	1	2001934

Items from one cassette kit should not be used interchangeably with items from other cassette kits. To minimize the risk of mixing parts, always store all items in the original cassette kit box.

Visium HD Cassettes*, 6.5 mm, 4 rxns PN-1000669

Visium HD Cassettes, 6.5 mm **4 rxns PN-1000669** (store at ambient temperature)		
	#	**PN**
Visium 2-port Cassette S3, 6.5 mm		
Visium Cassette 2-port gasket, 6.5 mm	2	3002329 or 3001831
Visium Cassette Bottom	2	3002328 or 3001830
Visium Tissue Slide Cassette S3, 6.5 mm		
Tissue Slide Cassette Top	4	3002327 or 2001343
Movable Tissue Gasket, 6.5 mm (preassembled with translator)	4	3001828
Movable Tissue Gasket Translator (preassembled with gasket)	4	3002330 or 3001927
Tissue Slide Cassette Bottom	4	3002326 or 3001825
Visium Slide Seals, 12 pack	2	2000283

Visium HD Cassettes*, 11 mm, 2 rxns PN-1000849

Visium HD Cassettes, 11 mm **2 rxns PN-1000849** (store at ambient temperature)	**#**	**PN**
Visium 2-port Cassette S3, 11 mm		
Visium Cassette Top 11 mm	1	3001832 or 3002880
Visium Cassette Bottom	1	3002328 or 3002894
Visium Tissue Slide Cassette S3, 11 mm		
Universal Tissue Slide Cassette Top, 11 mm	2	3002327
Movable Tissue Gasket, 11 mm	2	3001829
Universal Tissue Slide Cassette Bottom, 11 mm	2	3002326
Visium Slide Seals, 12 pack	1	2000283

*The Visium HD Workflow is run with Visium Tissue Slide Cassettes S3 and Visium Cassettes S3. These are referred to as Tissue Slide Cassettes and Visium Cassettes in this document, respectively. Consult the Visium Cassette S3 Quick Reference Card (CG000730) for assembly and disassembly information.

Visium HD Reagent Kit – Small, PN-1000668

Visium HD Reagent Kit – Small
PN-1000668
Shipped on dry ice; Store at -20°C

Cap Color	Reagent	PN	Cap Color	Reagent	PN
Lavender	Decrosslinking Buffer B	2001094	-	*empty*	-
Red	RNase Enzyme	3000605	Red	2X RNase Buffer	2000411
Blue	Perm Enzyme B	3000553	-	*empty*	-
Green	Extension Enzyme	2000389	Green	Extension Buffer	2000409
Purple	TS Primer Mix B	2000537	Clear	Amp Mix B	2000567
-	*empty*	-	-	*empty*	-

Visium Human Transcriptome Probe Kit v2 - Small, PN-1000466

Visium Human Transcriptome Probe Kit v2 - Small PN-1000466 *Shipped on dry ice; Store at -20°C*					
Cap Color	**Reagent**	**PN**	**Cap Color**	**Reagent**	**PN**
●	Human WT Probes v2 – RHS	2000657	○	FFPE Hyb Buffer	2000423
●	Human WT Probes v2 – LHS	2000658	-	*empty*	-
-	*empty*	-	-	*empty*	-
○	Probe Ligation Enzyme	2000425	○	FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer	2000424
○	2X Probe Ligation Buffer	2000445	○	Post Ligation Wash Buffer	2000419

Visium Mouse Transcriptome Probe Kit v2- Small, PN-1000667

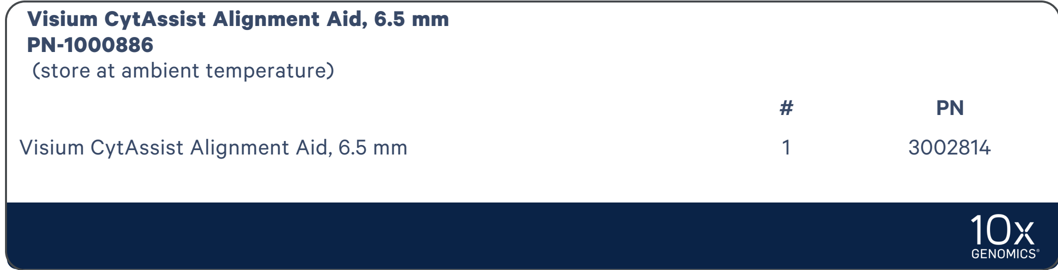
Visium Mouse Transcriptome Probe Kit v2 - Small PN-1000667 *Shipped on dry ice; Store at -20°C*					
Cap Color	**Reagent**	**PN**	**Cap Color**	**Reagent**	**PN**
●	Mouse WT Probes v2 – RHS	2000913	○	FFPE Hyb Buffer	2000423
●	Mouse WT Probes v2 – LHS	2000912	-	*empty*	-
-	*empty*	-	-	*empty*	-
○	Probe Ligation Enzyme	2000425	○	FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer	2000424
○	2X Probe Ligation Buffer	2000445	○	Post Ligation Wash Buffer	2000419

Dual Index Kit TS Set A, 96 rxns PN-1000251

Dual Index Kit TS Set A **96 rxns PN-1000251** (store at −20°C)	**#**	**PN**
Dual Index Plate TS Set A	1	3000511

10x Genomics Accessories

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid Kit, 6.5 mm PN-1000886



Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid, 6.5 mm
PN-1000886
(store at ambient temperature)

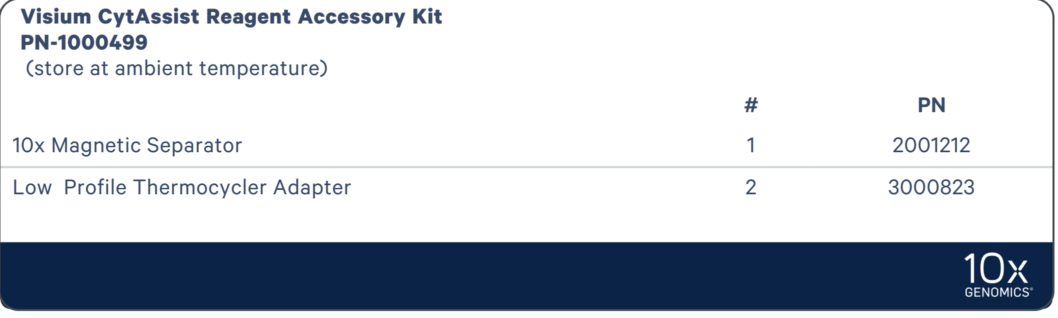
	#	PN
Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid, 6.5 mm	1	3002814

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid Kit, 11 mm PN-1000940

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid, 11 mm
PN-1000940
(store at ambient temperature)

	#	PN
Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid, 11 mm	1	3002856

Visium CytAssist Reagent Accessory Kit PN-1000499



Visium CytAssist Reagent Accessory Kit
PN-1000499
(store at ambient temperature)

	#	PN
10x Magnetic Separator	1	2001212
Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter	2	3000823

Third-Party Items

Successful execution of the Visium HD workflow requires third-party reagents, kits, and equipment in addition to those provided by 10x Genomics. All third-party reagents and consumables should be obtained prior to starting this workflow.

Consult the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for a list of the following third-party items:

- Additional reagents, kits, and equipment
- Tested pipette tips
- Tested thermal cyclers
- Tested blank slides

10x Genomics has tested all items listed in the Protocol Planner. Unless otherwise noted, 10x Genomics recommends using these items to ensure optimal assay performance. Substituting materials may adversely affect assay performance.

2.0 Specific Workflow Overview

This workflow is compatible only with the protocol 2.0 documents listed below.

1 Sample Preparation

Before starting this User Guide, consult these documents to prepare samples. Choose **one** handbook for guidance on tissue preparation and staining.

Visium HD FFPE Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0
Prepare formalin fixed & paraffin embedded tissue blocks, section tissue onto slides, stain, and image.
Demonstrated Protocol CG001676

Visium HD FF Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0
Prepare fresh frozen tissue blocks, section tissue onto slides, stain, and image.
Demonstrated Protocol CG001677

Visium HD FxF Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0
Prepare fixed frozen tissue blocks, section tissue onto slides, stain, and image.
Demonstrated Protocol CG001678

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner
Information on third-party items.
Planner CG000698

Visium HD Spatial Applications Imaging Guidelines
Optimize imaging settings.
Technical Note CG000688

Visium Cassette S3 Quick Reference Card
Practice cassette assembly and disassembly.
Quick Reference Card CG000730 (Rev C & higher)

Visium CytAssist Accessory Kit Quick Reference Card
Determine slide allowable areas.
Quick Reference Card CG000548 (Rev G & higher)

2 Library Construction

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Reagent Kits User Guide Protocol 2.0
Construct Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression - Probe-based Libraries.
User Guide CG001679

Consult the 10x Genomics support website for additional documents

Protocol Steps & Timing

Steps	Timing	Stop & Store
Day 1		
Step 1: Probe Hybridization (page 53)		
1.1 Probe Hybridization (page 55)	Overnight	
Day 2		
Step 2: Probe Ligation (page 59)		
2.1 Post-Hybridization Wash (page 61)	18 min	
2.2 Probe Ligation (page 63)	60 min	
2.3 Post-Ligation Wash (page 65)	12 min	STOP 4°C ≤24 h
Step 3: Visium HD Slide Preparation (page 67)		
3.1 Visium HD Slide Wash (page 69)	20 min	
4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture (page 76)		
4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture (page 76)	60 min	
4.2 Probe Extension (page 90)	60 min	STOP 4°C ≤24 h
4.3 Probe Elution (page 92)	15 min	
Step 5: Pre-Amplification and SPRIselect (page 95)		
5.1 Pre-Amplification (page 97)	40 min	
5.2 Pre-Amplification Cleanup - SPRIselect (page 99)	30 min	STOP 4°C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤4 weeks
Day 3		
Step 6: Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression – Probe-based Library Construction (page 100)		
6.1 Cycle Number Determination – qPCR (page 102)	45 min	
6.2 Sample Index PCR (page 104)	40 min	
6.3 Post-Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect (page 106)	30 min	STOP -20°C long-term
6.4 Post-Library Construction QC (page 107)	50 min	

Stepwise Objectives

The Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression assay (protocol 2.0) is designed to analyze mRNA in tissue sections derived from formalin fixed & paraffin embedded (FFPE), fresh frozen (FF), or fixed frozen (FxF) tissue samples on Visium HD Slides with either 6.5 mm or 11 mm Capture Areas. It uses probes targeting the whole transcriptome. Each Visium HD Slide contains Capture Areas with barcoded squares that include oligonucleotides required to capture gene expression probes. Before the assay, tissue sections are processed as described in their relevant Demonstrated Protocol. See Workflow Overview on page 15 for documentation references.

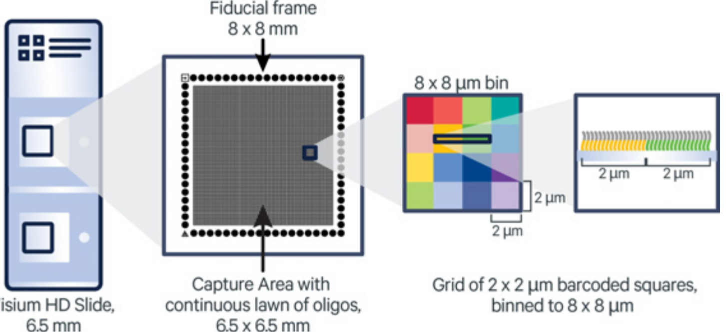
Human or mouse whole transcriptome probe panels, consisting of ~3 pairs of specific probes for each targeted gene are added to the tissue, enabling hybridization and ligation of each probe pair. Tissue slides and Visium HD Slides are loaded into the Visium CytAssist instrument, where they are brought into proximity with one another. Gene expression probes are released from the tissue upon CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture, enabling capture by the spatially-barcoded oligonucleotides present in a hydrogel on the Visium slide surface. The Visium HD Slide is removed from the Visium CytAssist for downstream library preparation. Gene expression libraries are generated from each tissue section and sequenced. Spatial Barcodes are used to associate the reads back to the tissue section images for spatial mapping of gene expression.

Visium HD Slides

Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm

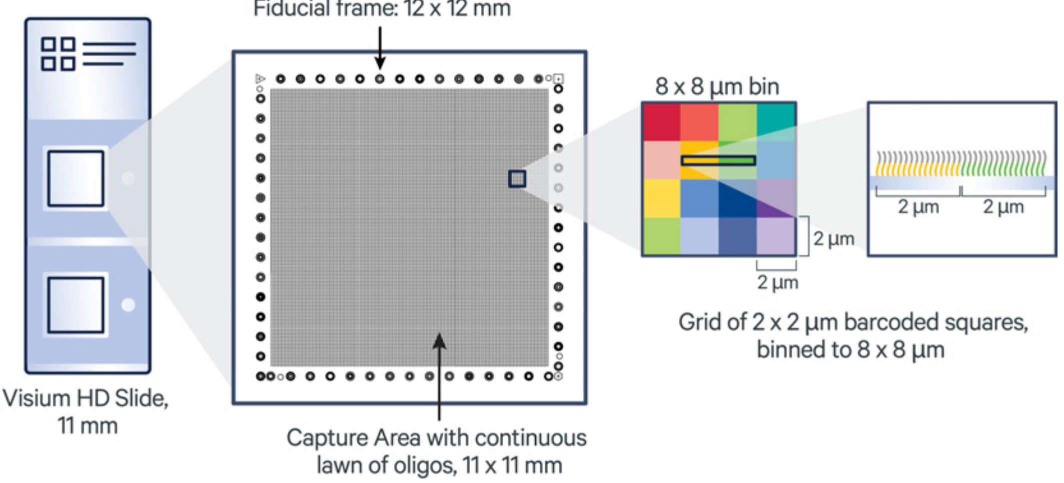
The Visium HD Slide, 6.5 mm has 2 Capture Areas. Each Capture Area is 6.5 x 6.5 mm and is surrounded by a fiducial frame that is used for image alignment. The fiducial frame + Capture Area is 8 x 8 mm. The Capture Area is a continuous lawn of oligos comprised of 2 µm barcoded squares. Each barcoded square has oligos with an Illumina TruSeq partial read 1 sequencing primer, unique molecular identifier (UMI), Spatial Barcode, and 30 nt poly(dT) sequence (captures ligation product). Each Capture Area is surrounded by a spacer. This spacer creates a reaction chamber that facilitates proper reagent addition.

The active surface of the slide has an etched label that includes the serial number. The label should be legible. If the label appears reversed, the active surface is facing down. The slide should be loaded onto the instrument with the active surface facing up.



Visium HD Slide, 11 mm

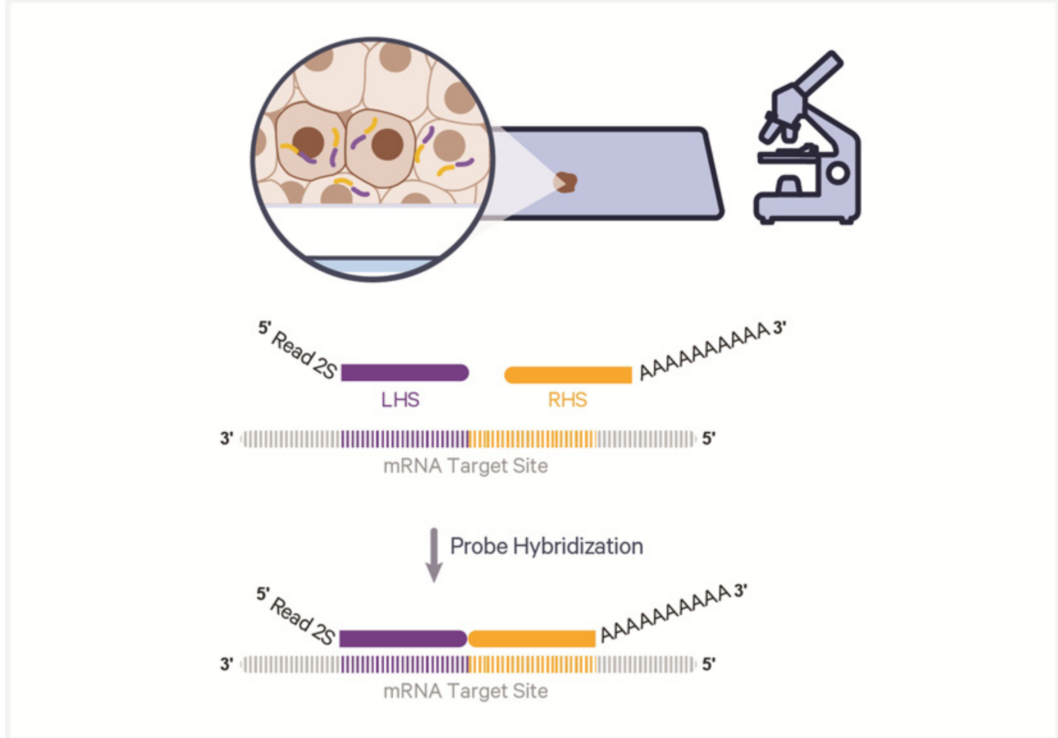
The Visium HD Slide, 11 mm has 2 Capture Areas. Each Capture Area is 11 x 11 mm and is surrounded by a fiducial frame that is used for image alignment. The fiducial frame + Capture Area is 12 x 12 mm. The Capture Area is a continuous lawn of oligos comprised of 2 µm barcoded squares. Each barcoded square has oligos with an Illumina TruSeq partial read 1 sequencing primer, unique molecular identifier (UMI), Spatial Barcode, and 30 nt poly(dT) sequence (captures ligation product). Each Capture Area is surrounded by a spacer. This spacer creates a reaction chamber that facilitates proper reagent addition.



Visium HD Slide appearance and slide label colors may vary, but all Visium HD Slides have the same functionality and performance.

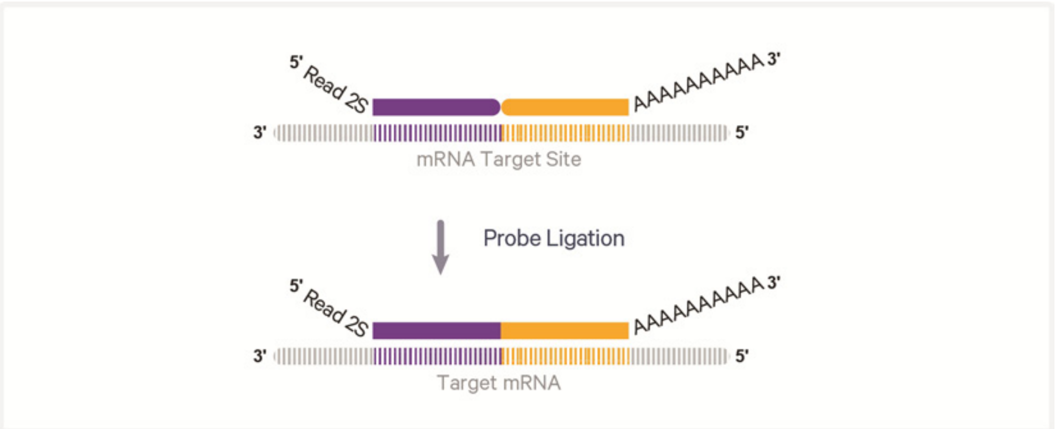
Step 1: Probe Hybridization

The human or mouse whole transcriptome probe panel, consisting of ~3 specific probes for each targeted gene, is added to the deparaffinized, destained, and decrosslinked tissues. Together, probe pairs hybridize to their complimentary target RNA.



Step 2: Probe Ligation

After hybridization, a ligase is added to bridge the junction between the probe pairs that have hybridized to RNA, forming a ligation product.



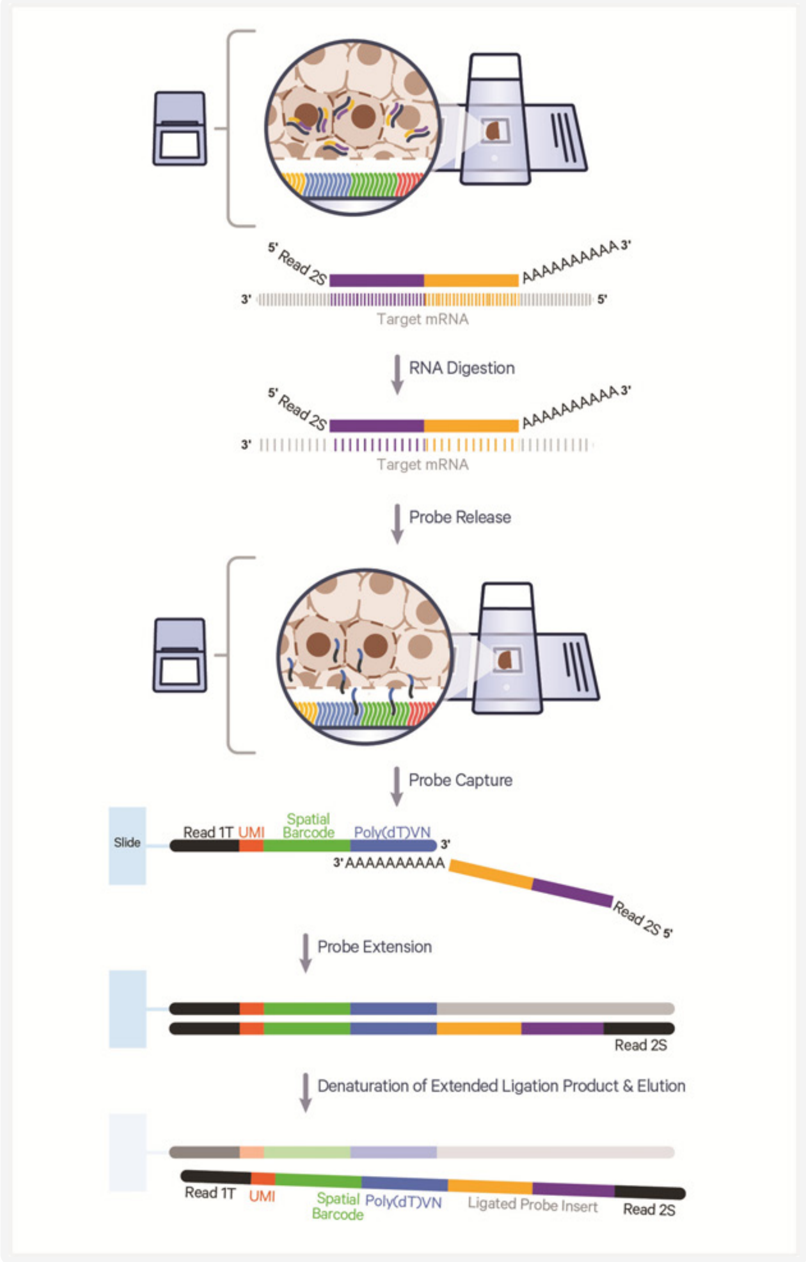
Step 3: Visium HD Slide Preparation

Visium HD Slides are thawed, washed, and equilibrated prior to placement on the Visium CytAssist instrument.

Step 4: Probe Release & Extension

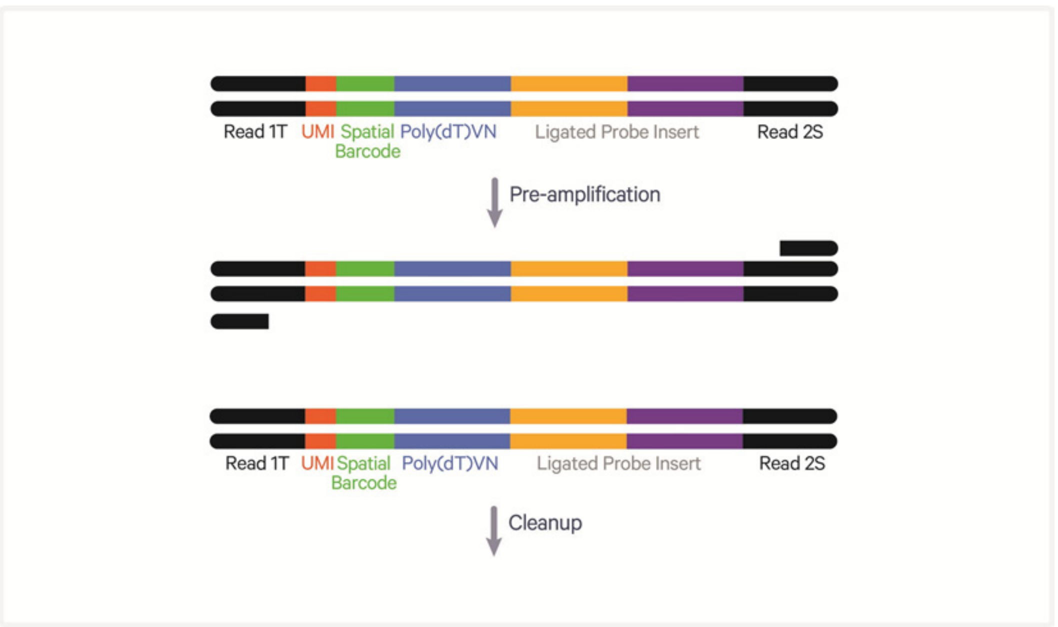
Probe release and capture occurs in the Visium CytAssist instrument. The single stranded ligation products are released from the tissue upon RNase treatment and captured on the Visium slide. Once ligation products are captured, the slides can be removed from the instrument.

Ligation products are extended by the addition of the Spatial Barcode, UMI, and partial Read 1 primer. This generates spatially-barcoded ligation products, which can then be carried forward for library preparation.



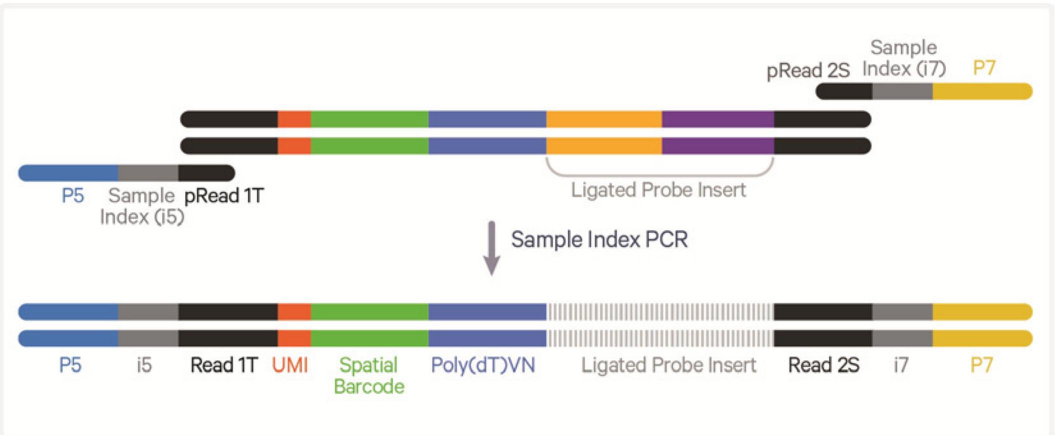
Step 5: Pre-amplification and SPRIselect

To generate ample material for library construction, barcoded ligation products are amplified. This amplification is followed by SPRIselect cleanup.



Step 6: Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression - Probe-based Library Construction

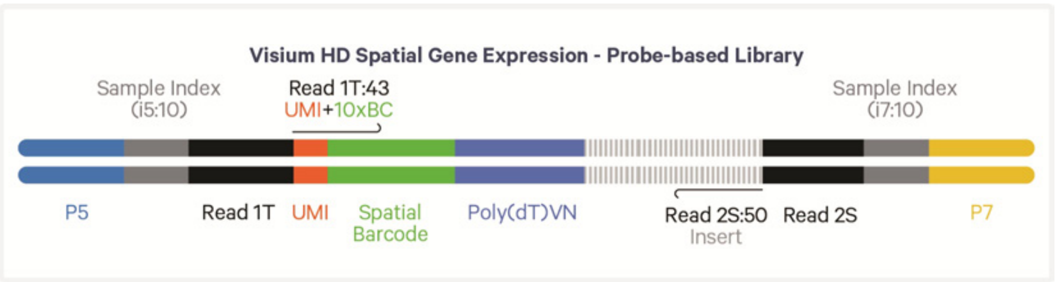
Pre-amplification material is collected for qPCR to determine sample index PCR cycle number for gene expression libraries. The amplified material then undergoes indexing via sample index PCR to generate final library molecules. The final libraries are cleaned up by SPRIselect, assessed on a Bioanalyzer or a similar instrument, quantified by qPCR, and then sequenced.



Sequencing

A Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression - Probe-based library comprises standard Illumina paired-end constructs, which begin and end with P5 and P7 adaptors. The 43 bp UMI and Spatial Barcode are encoded in TruSeq Read 1, while Small RNA Read 2 (Read 2S) is used to sequence the ligated probe product.

Illumina sequencer compatibility, sample indices, and library loading information are summarized in the Sequencing section.



See Oligonucleotide Sequences on page 143

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Icons

Tips & Best Practices section includes additional guidance	Signifies critical step requiring accurate execution	Troubleshooting section includes additional guidance	Protocol 2.0-specific instruction	Indicates a video is available for the specified technique

Videos

- Videos describing key steps in the protocol can be found here.
- When a relevant video is available for a protocol step, it will be marked with a video icon.

General Reagent Handling

- Fully thaw and thoroughly mix reagents before use.
- When pipette mixing, unless otherwise specified, set pipette to 75% of total volume.

Visium HD Slide Storage

- Keep Visium HD Slide at −80°C until ready to use.
- Do not open the mylar bag containing the Visium HD slides until slides are ready to be used.

Pipette Calibration

- Follow manufacturer's calibration and maintenance schedules.
- Pipette accuracy is particularly important when using SPRIselect reagents.

Lint-free Laboratory Wipes

- All laboratory wipes used in the protocol must be 100% polyester and lint-free.
- Lens paper or non-lint free laboratory wipes are not suitable alternatives. See Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for

tested part numbers.

Visium HD Slide Handling

- Wipe Visium HD Slide Mailer with a lint-free laboratory wipe to ease in handling.
- Prior to beginning an instrument run, Visium HD Slides are thawed, washed, equilibrated, and dried. Using an external light source (like a flashlight) can help confirm that the Visium HD Slide is fully dried.
- Occasionally, small chips can arise on the edge of the Visium HD Slide. These are mainly cosmetic in nature and do not typically impact assay performance.

Sharp edges on the slide's corners may cause injury or damage if mishandled. Handle with care. Wear proper PPE when handling and avoid contact with the chipped corner to prevent cuts or scratches.

Chipped Visium HD Slide

- Visium HD Slide preparation steps should be done gently to avoid damaging the slide.

- Visium HD Slides should only be washed if proceeding with a CytAssist instrument run.
- Always wear gloves when handling slides.
- Ensure that the active surface of a slide faces up and is never touched. The active surface is defined by a readable label. The image of the chipped Visium HD slide demonstrates the active surface facing up.
- Minimize exposure of the slides to sources of particles and fibers.
- When pipetting reagent onto a slide, avoid generating bubbles.
- If debris appears on the Visium HD Slide after performing slide washes, slide may be re-immersed in 0.1X SSC in the slide mailer to remove debris before proceeding. If performing an additional wash, ensure the slide is dried as described in the protocol.
- If necessary, unwashed, room temperature Visium HD Slides may be returned to −80°C. Protect from light. DO NOT exceed 3 h at room temperature. DO NOT exceed three freeze/thaw cycles.
- DO NOT allow the Visium HD Slide to dry, except where indicated in the protocol steps.
- If using a barcode scanner to read the serial number, ensure that the label is not wet.
- When disassembling the Visium HD Slide from the Visium Cassette, ensure that the cassette gaskets DO NOT touch any surfaces to avoid debris accumulation.

Tissue Slide Handling

- To ensure compatibility with the Visium CytAssist, tissue sections must be placed in specific areas on a blank slide. Tested slides, as well as appropriate tissue placement areas, are listed in the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698).
- Always wear gloves when handling slides.

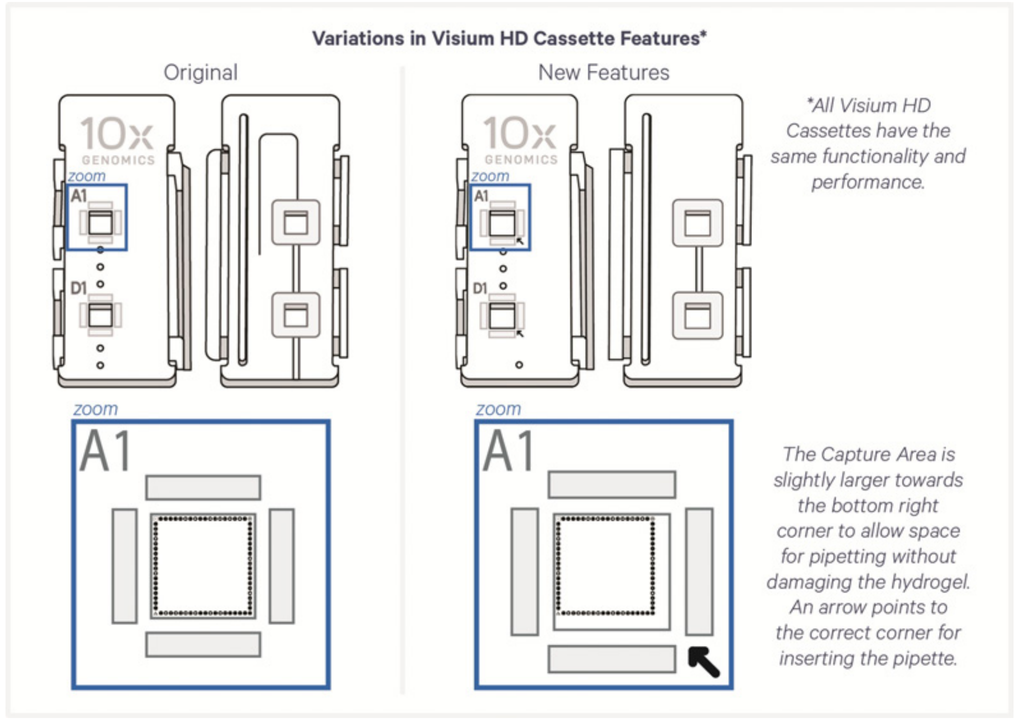
Reagent Addition to & Removal from Wells

Reagent Addition

- Assemble slide into the cassette flat on a clean work surface. See Cassette Assembly Quick Reference Card (CG000730).

Items from one cassette kit should not be used interchangeably with items from other cassette kits. To minimize the risk of mixing parts, always store all items in the original cassette kit box.

Illustrations show 6.5 mm cassettes; the information is applicable to 11 mm cassettes too.

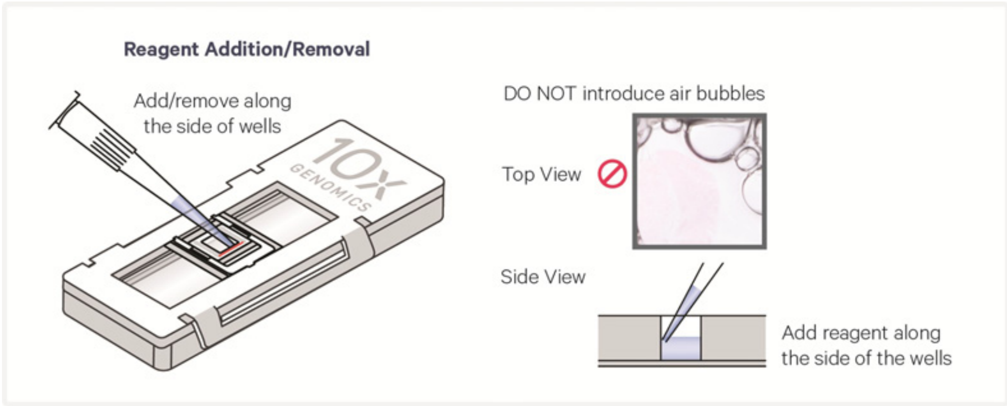


- Dispense and remove reagents along the side of the wells without touching the slide surface, tissue sections (when applicable), and without introducing bubbles.
- DO NOT forcefully insert pipette tip into well corners to avoid damaging the Visium HD Slide.
- If applicable, perform washes next to the thermal cycler to avoid significant changes in temperature during washes.
- When processing two or more Visium Tissue Slide Cassettes, remove and add reagent from the first cassette before proceeding to the next cassette.

Ensure tissue sections are always covered with reagent in between removal and addition steps to avoid drying out of tissue samples.

- Unless indicated otherwise, when adding and removing reagent from a cassette, do so one well at a time. For example, remove reagent from A1 and add the next reagent to A1, before moving into onto D1, to avoid drying the well.

- Always cover the Capture Area or tissue completely when adding reagents to the well. A gentle tap may help spread the reagent more evenly.



Reagent Removal from Wells

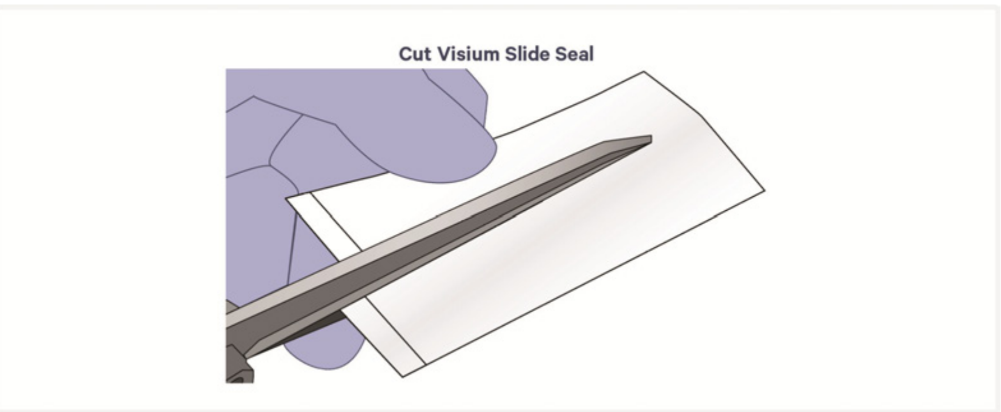
- Slightly tilt the cassette while removing the reagent. DO NOT completely tilt the cassette at a 90 degree angle to avoid liquid from entering other grooves within the gasket. See image below for proper technique.
- Place the pipette tip on the bottom edge of the wells.
- Remove reagents along the side of the wells without touching the tissue sections (when applicable) and without introducing bubbles.
- Remove all liquid from the wells in each step. To ensure complete removal, check the bottom of the well by tilting the cassette slightly. A meniscus at the bottom of the well will indicate the presence of liquid in the well.

Repeat removal steps until no reagent remains.

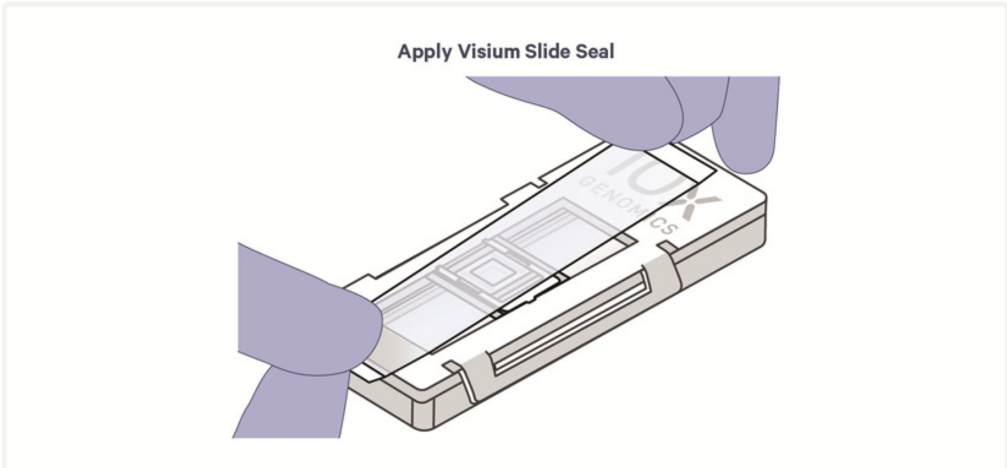
Visium Slide Seal Application & Removal

Application

- If applying a Visium Slide Seal to a Tissue Slide Cassette, the seal must be cut in half lengthwise. Cut the seal as shown in the image below. Six pre-cut seals per tissue slide are necessary for this assay.

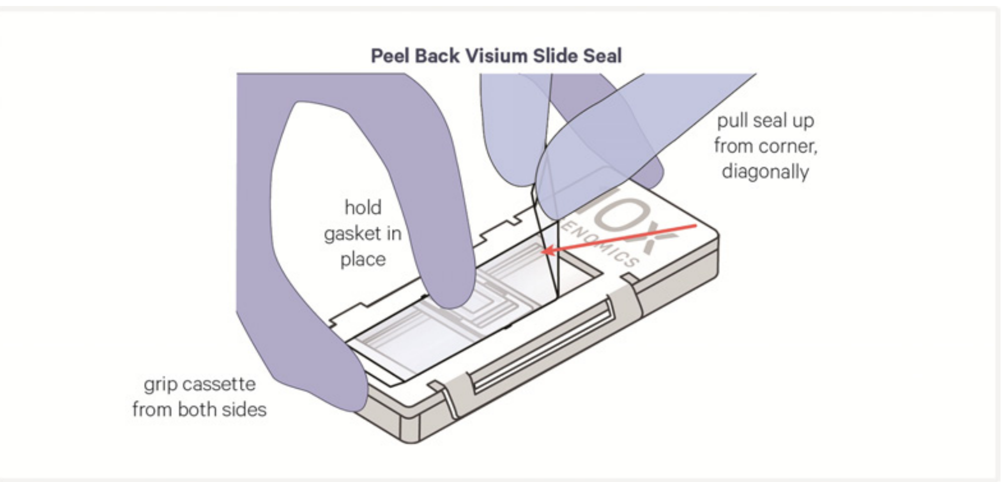


- Place the cassette flat on a clean work surface. Ensure surface of cassette is dry.
- Remove the back of the adhesive Visium Slide Seal.
- Align the Visium Slide Seal with the surface of the cassette and apply while firmly holding the cassette with one hand.
- Press on the Visium Slide Seal to ensure uniform adhesion.
- Use a fresh Visium Slide Seal when prompted during the protocol. Steps that do not require a new slide seal will specify that the slide seal should be pulled back and reapplied instead.



Removal

- Place the cassette flat on a clean work surface.
- Grasp a Visium Slide Seal corner. Carefully pull on the Visium Slide Seal up and across the cassette while firmly holding the cassette. Ensure that no liquid splashes out of the wells. Movement of the gasket during slide seal removal could damage the tissue section.



Slide Incubation Guidance

Incubation at a Specified Temperature

- Position a Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on a thermal cycler that is set at the incubation temperature.
- Ensure that the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter is in contact with the thermal cycler block surface uniformly. Pre-equilibrate adapters at the HOLD temperature described in the protocol steps for at least five minutes.
- Open and close the thermal cycler lid gently. If the lid is adjustable, tighten lid only as much as necessary. Avoid overtightening.

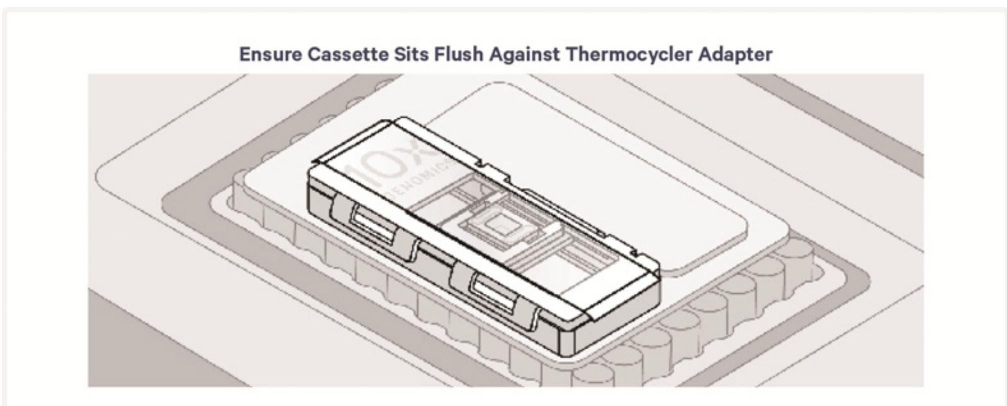
Incubation at Room Temperature

- Place the slide/cassette on a flat, clean, nonabsorbent work surface.

Cassette Incubation

Incubation using a Thermal Cycler:

- Position a Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on a thermal cycler that is set at the incubation temperature. Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter must come to temperature before cassette placement.
- Ensure that the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter is in contact with the thermal cycler surface uniformly. Consult the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for information on thermal cycler compatibility.
- Ensure that the cassette sits flush with the raised portion of the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter.
- Allow Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter to cool before removing from thermal cycler.



Tissue Detachment on Tissue Slides

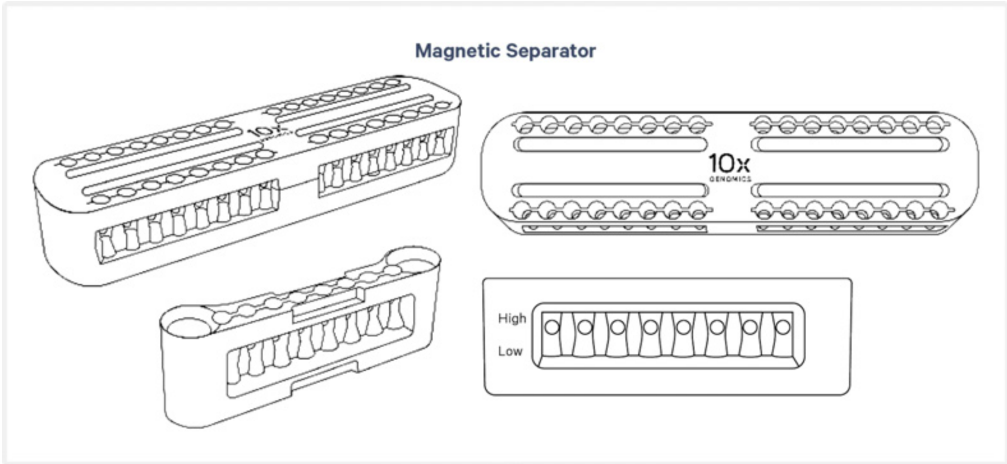
- Monitor section adhesion on tissue slides throughout the workflow.
- Ensure that tissue sections are on Superfrost Plus or positively charged slides. A list of tested slides can be found in the Visium HD Protocol Planner (CG000698).
- 10x Genomics recommends placing tissues with large amounts of connective tissue (like breast or colon) on Schott Nexterion Slide H - 3D Hydrogel Coated Slides (Schott North America, PN-1800434) to minimize risk of tissue detachment. Schott H slides may also be used if prior detachment has been observed with tissues of interest.

- Follow manufacturer instructions for Schott Nexterion Slide H slides, which have specific requirements for storage and equilibration.

- Tissue detachment before the completion of Probe Release during the workflow can negatively impact performance. Ensure that all guidance in tissue preparation handbook is followed.
- For more information, see Troubleshooting on page 121.

10x Magnetic Separator

- Images below are illustrative - actual appearance of magnetic separator may vary. Guidance applies to all 10x Magnetic Separators.



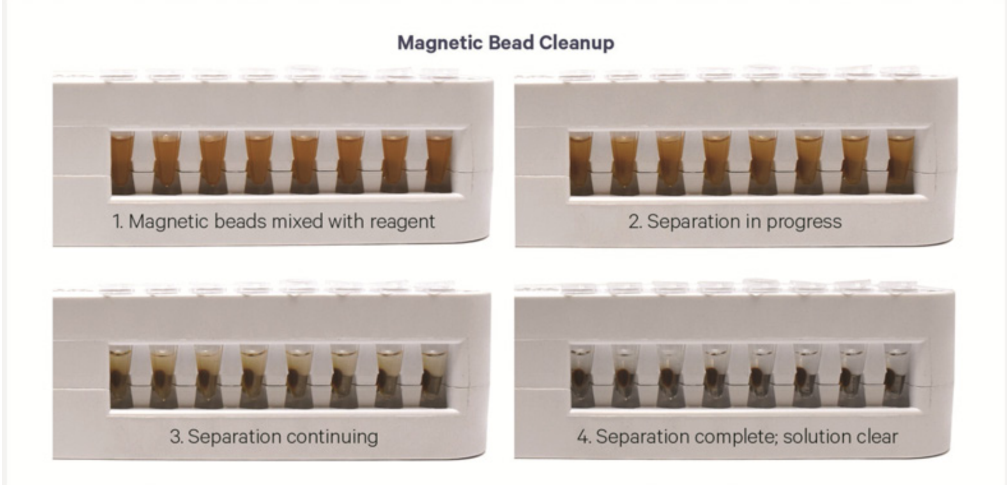
- Offers two positions of the magnets (high and low) relative to a tube, depending on its orientation.
- Flip the magnetic separator over to switch between high (magnet•**High**) or low (magnet•**Low**) positions.

- If using MicroAmp 8-Tube Strips, use the high position (magnet•**High**) only throughout the protocol.

Magnetic Bead Cleanup Steps

- During magnetic bead-based cleanup steps that specify waiting "until the solution clears", visually confirm clearing of solution before proceeding to the next step. See panel below for an example. If solution is not clear, leave on magnet until separation is complete.
- The time needed for the solution to clear may vary based on specific step, reagents, volume of reagents, etc.
- Images below are illustrative - actual appearance of magnetic separator may

vary. Guidance applies to all 10x Magnetic Separators.



SPRIselect Cleanup & Size Selection

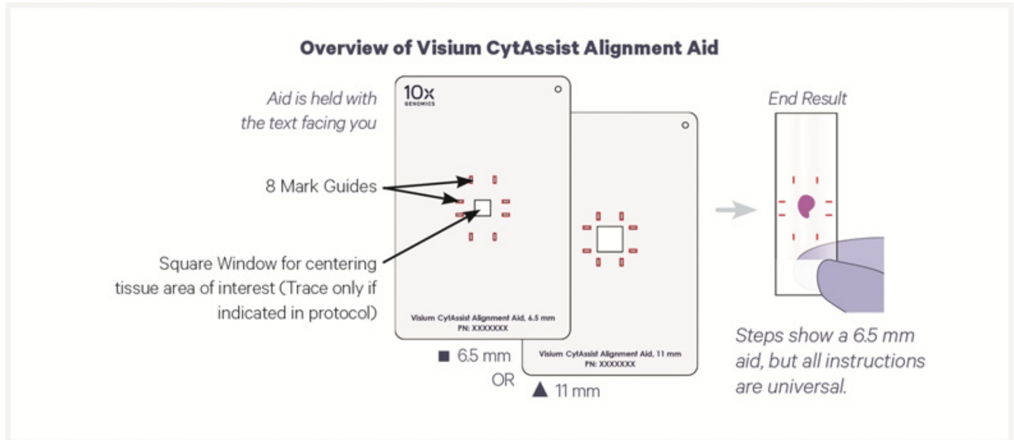
- Use fresh preparations of 80% Ethanol.
- Ensure SPRI beads are not expired and are thoroughly mixed before use.
- After aspirating the desired volume of SPRIselect reagent, examine the pipette tips before dispensing to ensure the correct volume is transferred.
- Pipette mix thoroughly as insufficient mixing of sample and SPRIselect reagent will lead to inconsistent results.
- Ensure solution is completely clear before removing supernatant.

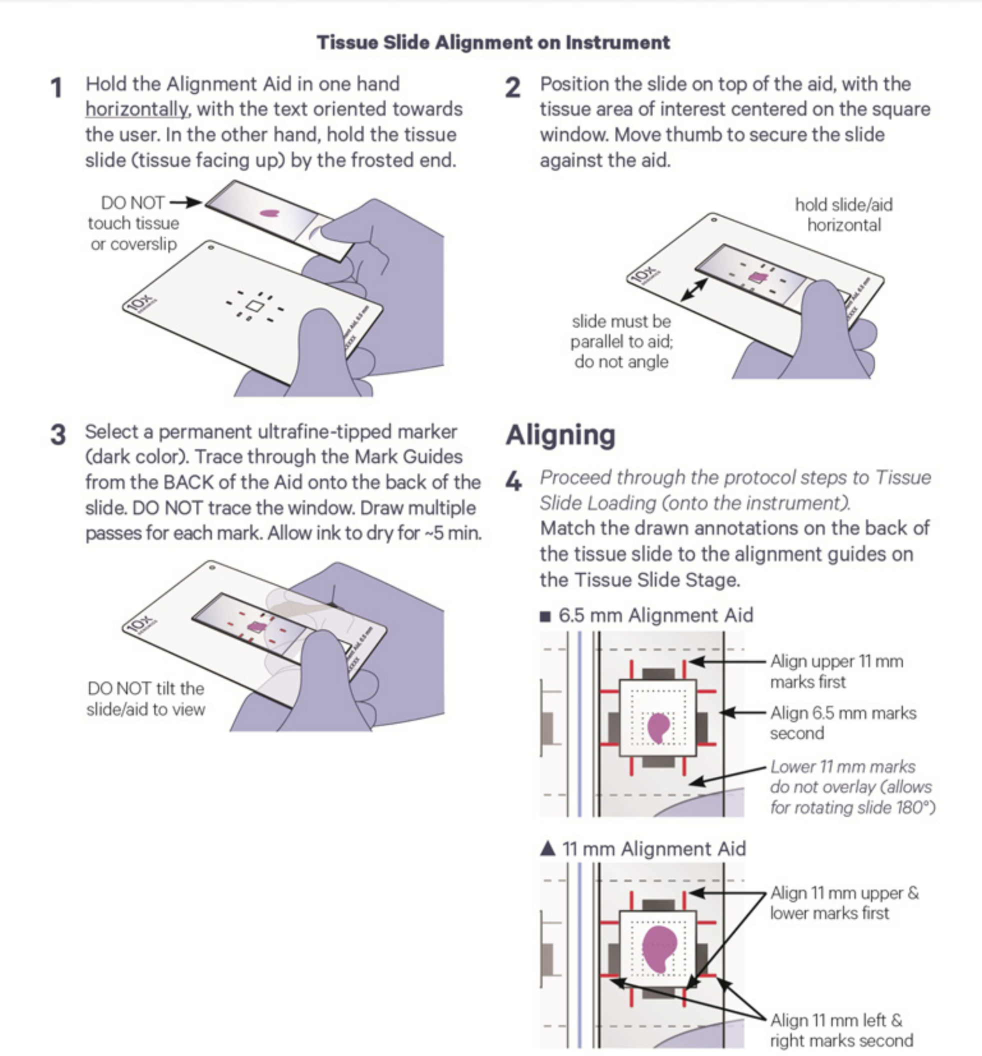
Sample Indices (i5/i7) in Sample Index PCR

- Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run.
- Each well in the Dual Index Plate TS Set A contains a unique i7 and a unique i5 oligonucleotide.
- To avoid the risk of cross-contamination, use each plate well only once.
- Record the index plate well location for each sample.

Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid

- The Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid (6.5 mm, PN-1000886 or 11 mm, PN-1000940); available for purchase separately) is an optional accessory used to draw annotations onto the back of the tissue slide to assist with alignment onto the Visium CytAssist instrument.





- Use aid when indicated in the protocol.
- The Alignment Aid has not been tested with Visium v2 protocols.
- Marks drawn by tracing the "mark guides" shown in the image above on the back of the slide using the aid will not affect downstream CytAssist imaging.
- Before use:
  - Ensure back of tissue slide is dry.
  - If a coverslip is present, remove excess mounting medium by gently touching the slide to a lint-free laboratory wipe.
  - Clean aid with 70% isopropanol or 70% ethanol.
  - Obtain a permanent, ultrafine-tipped, dark-colored marker.

- During use:
    - If a coverslip is present, do not move coverslip.
    - Draw multiple passes for each mark.
    - Allow ink to dry for ~5 min.
- Once marks are drawn, avoid wiping the back of the slide vigorously to prevent mark removal. Instead, tap the back of the slide onto a lint-free laboratory wipe to remove excess moisture.

Visium CytAssist

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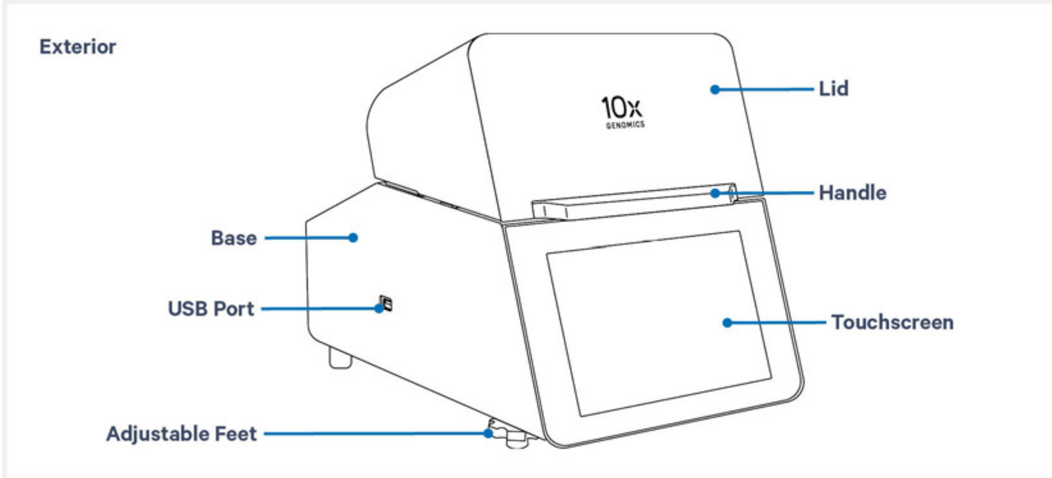
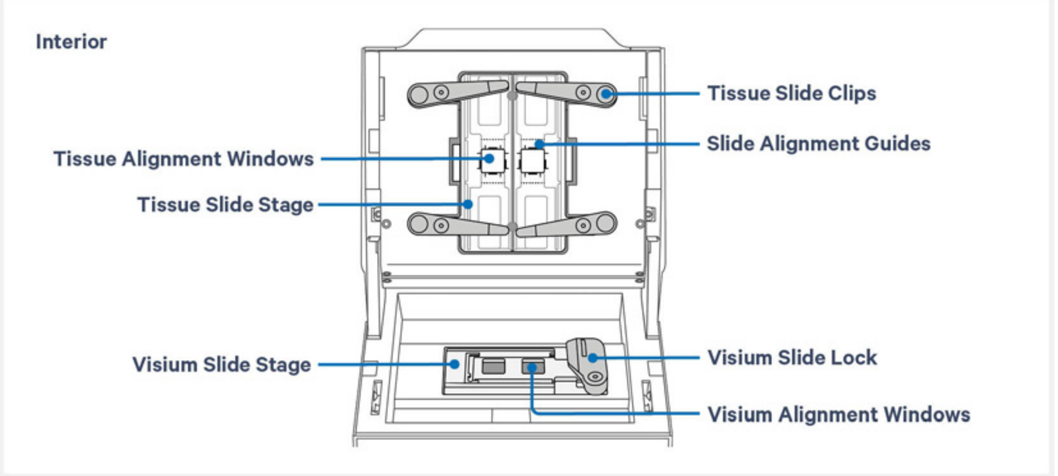
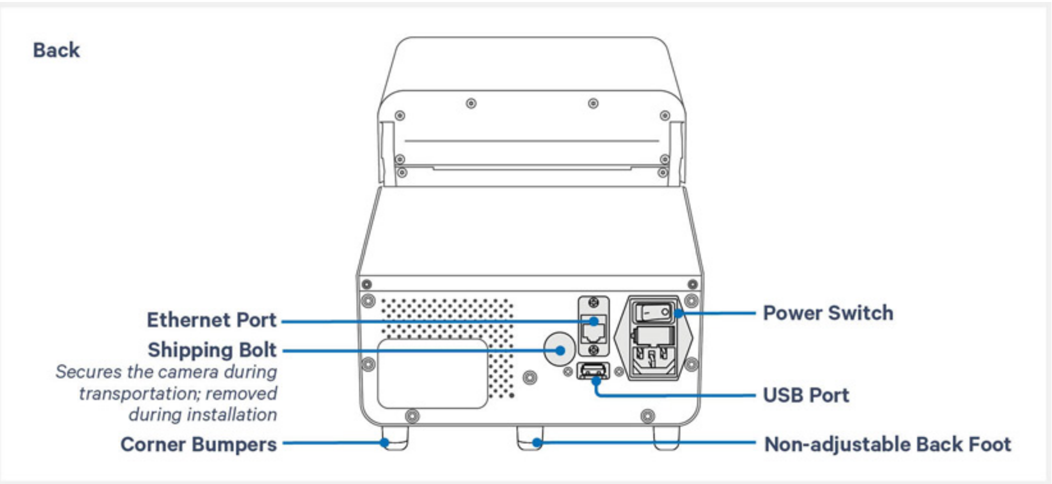
Instrument Loading Guidelines 42

Instrument Orientation

The Visium CytAssist instrument requires firmware version 2.0.0 or higher for processing 6.5 mm Visium HD slides and version 2.4.0 or higher for processing 11 mm Visium HD slides.







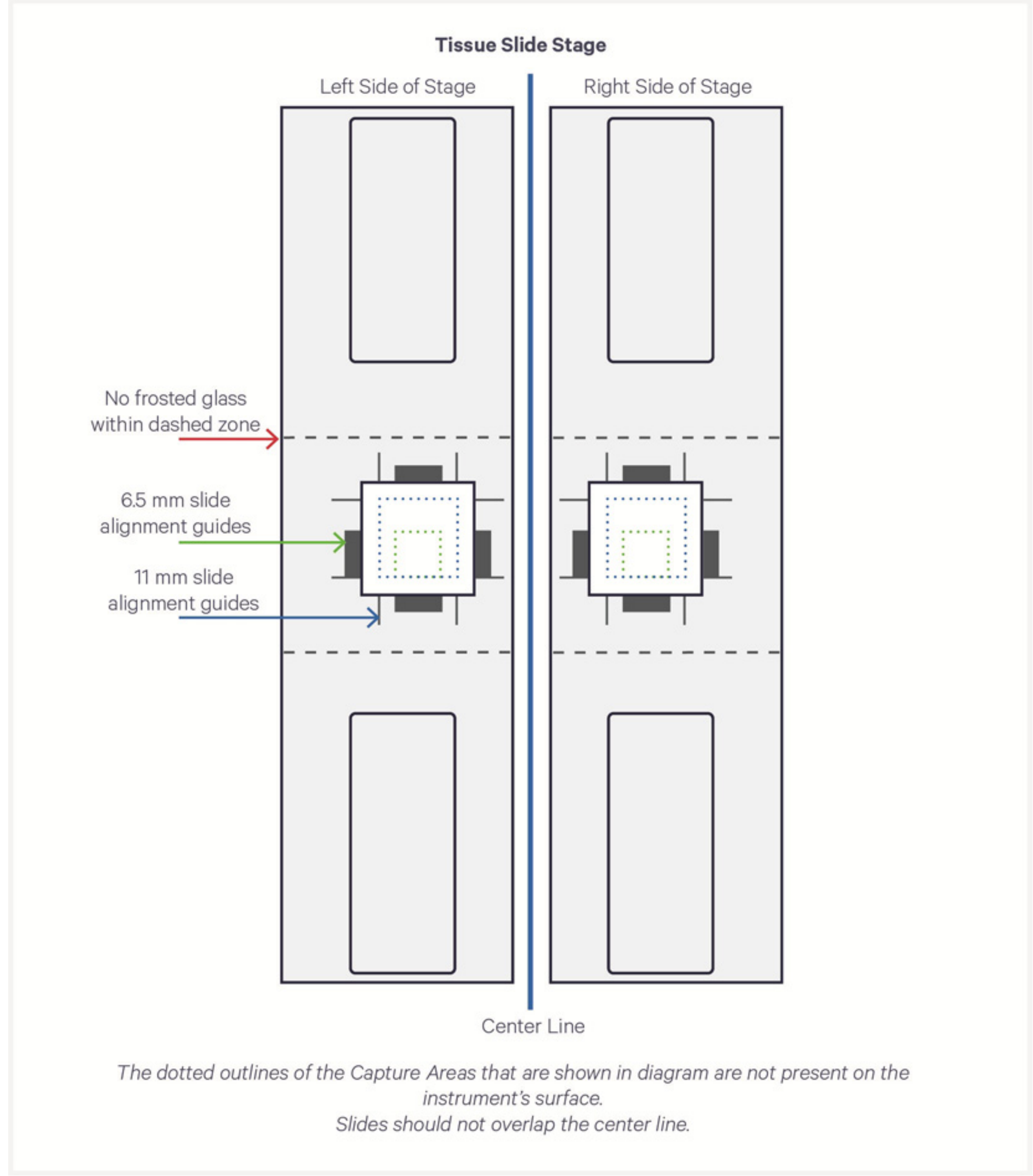
Instrument Loading Guidelines

- Ensure tissue section placement is compatible with Visium CytAssist by using the Visium CytAssist Accessory Kit Quick Reference Card (CG000548). A list of tested slide types can be found in the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698).
- Consult the Visium CytAssist Training Kit UG (CG000549) for information on practicing tissue slide loading.
- Each tissue slide may be used for one Capture Area on a Visium HD Slide.

Determine Slide Placement

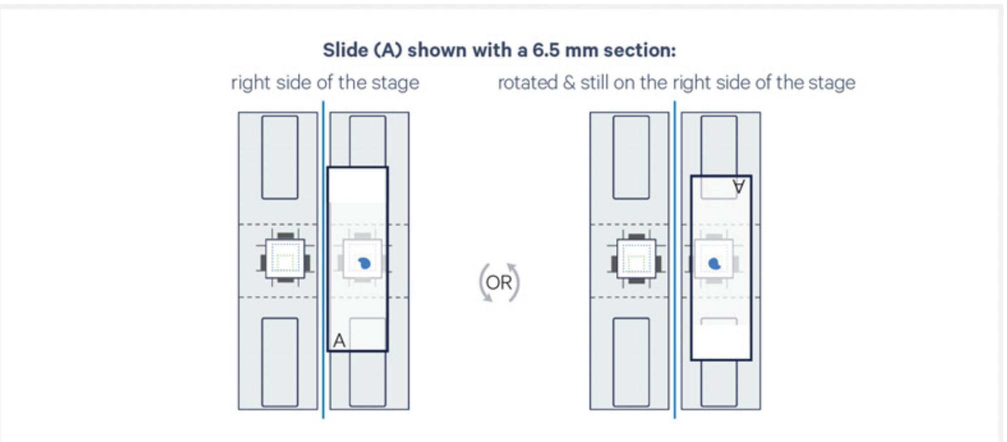
a. On the diagram below, align tissue to the center of the alignment guides for 6.5 mm (rectangles) or 11 mm (lines) Capture Areas on either the left or right side of the stage. Align the center of the tissue region of interest to the center of the Capture Area, instead of aligning the edge of the region to the edge of the Capture Area. If the Alignment Aid was used, use the annotations to assist with aligning. See Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid on page 37 for instructions.

If printing the image, select "actual size" or "100%" to print to scale. The blue Capture Area should measure 11 mm and the green capture area should measure 6.5 mm.



The dotted outlines of the Capture Areas that are shown in diagram are not present on the instrument's surface.
Slides should not overlap the center line.

b. If necessary, rotate the slide 180° as shown. Place off-center tissues closer to the center line (shown as a blue line in the image below). Slides should not overlap the center line. Frosted glass should not be within the dashed zone of the tissue slide stage.

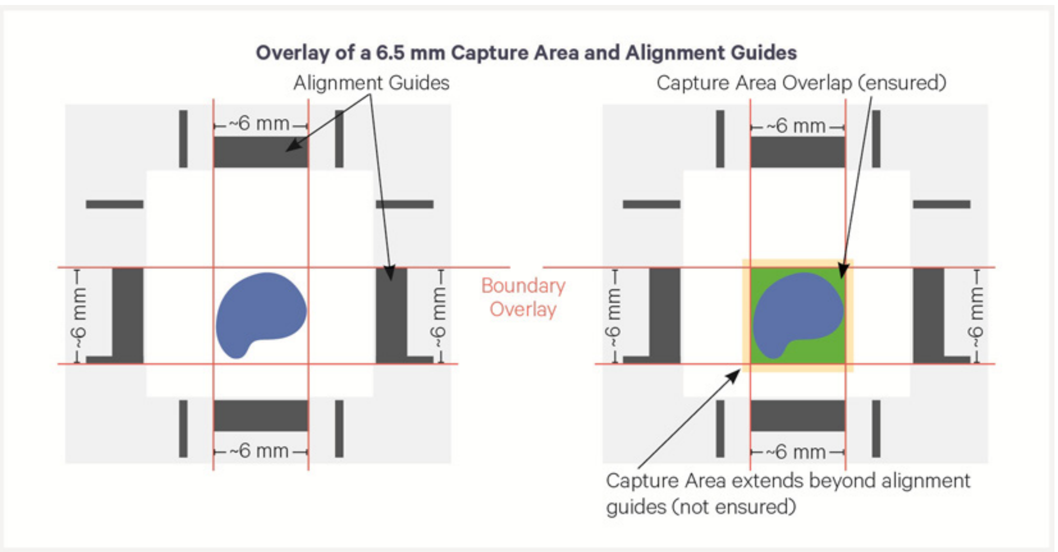


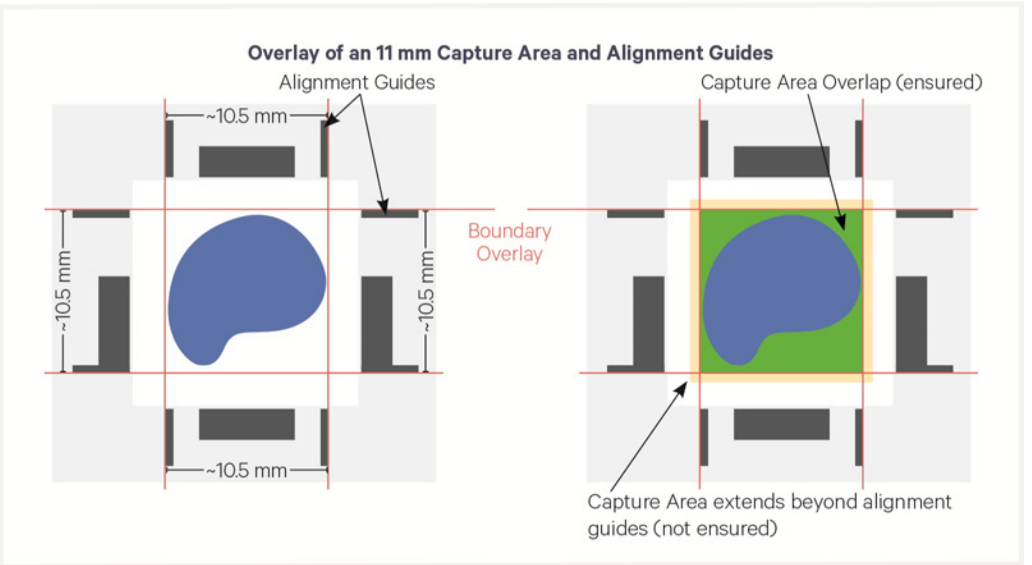
Fine Adjustments

The **outside** of the alignment guides, shown in red, mark the inner boundaries of the fiducial frame on a Capture Area. They mark a distance **approximately** 6 mm (6.5 mm slides) or 10.5 mm (11 mm slides) wide on each side and surround the target region ensured to align within the fiducial frame.

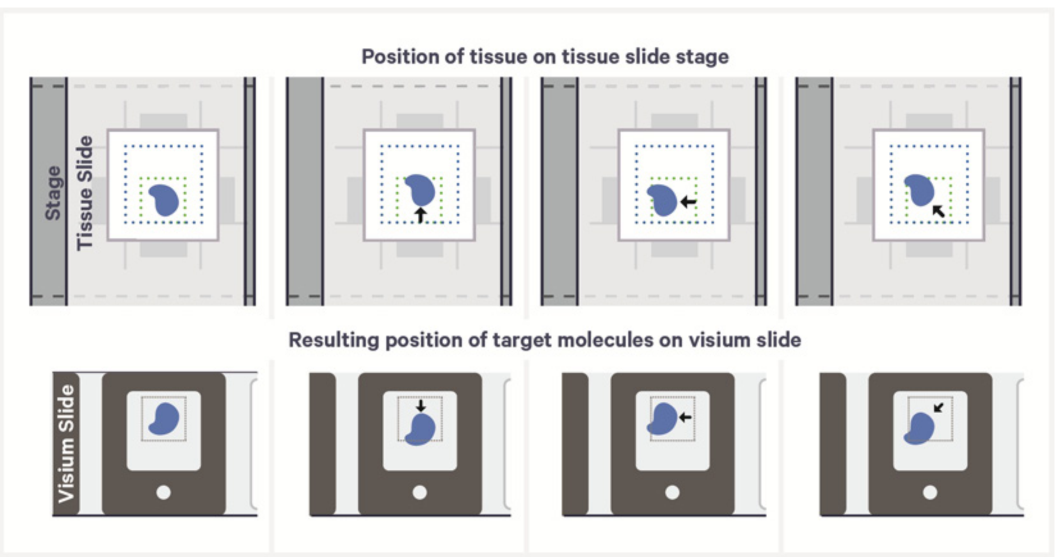
When placing a tissue slide on the Tissue Slide Stage, center the tissue or area of interest within the area inside the outer edges of the alignment guides (area in green in the images below).

Alignment guide dimensions and locations are designed with a high tolerance to minimize data loss. Tissue within the alignment guides is ensured to overlap with the Capture Area during a successful run. Tissue outside of these guides may be captured (area in yellow in the images below), but it is not ensured. 10x Genomics recommends placing high-priority tissue areas within the alignment guides.





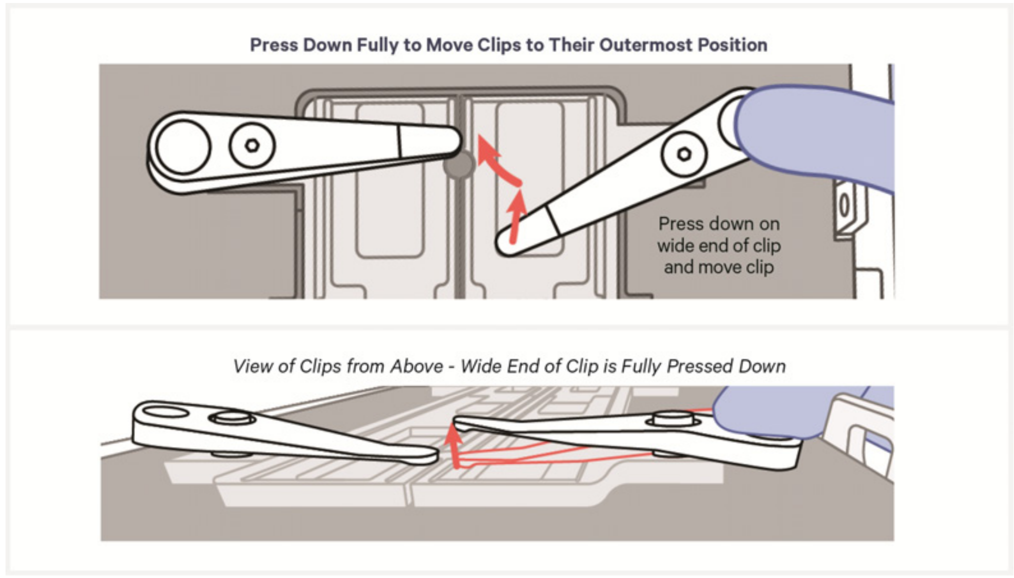
The image below demonstrates how movement of the Tissue Slides affects where target molecules will end up on the Visium HD Slide.



Tissue Slide Loading

a. Press down fully on the wide end of each clip to lift and rotate the narrow end to its outermost position.

Cradle the instrument lid for increased stability and fully press down on the clips with the thumb. See image below for extent of clip rotation.



b. Lay the tissue slide flat on the stage surface and against the center line. If necessary, rotate the slide 180° to better place off-center tissues closer to the center line. Slides should not cross/overlap the center line.

DO NOT touch the tissue section.

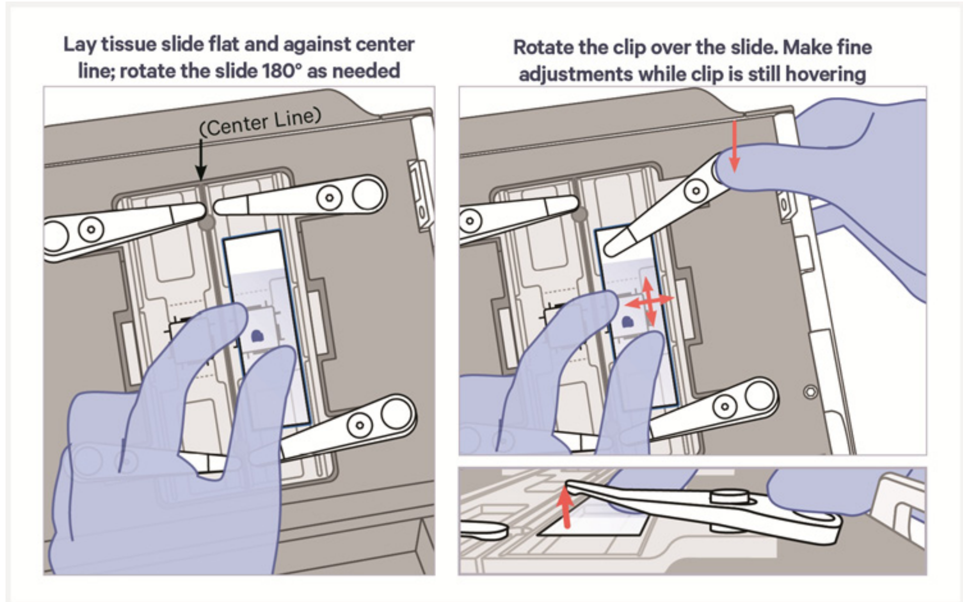
c. Use one hand to hold slide in place with two fingers, one on either side of the tissue. Use the other to both cradle the instrument lid and fully press down on the first clip. Rotate the clip over the slide.

d. While clip is hovering over the slide, make fine adjustments to align the tissue or area of interest to the center of the alignment guides. Gently release when adjustments are complete.

DO NOT adjust slide while tissue clip is touching the slide, which may result in slide damage. DO NOT touch the tissue section.

DO NOT place clips on the edge of the slide, which may result in slide damage.

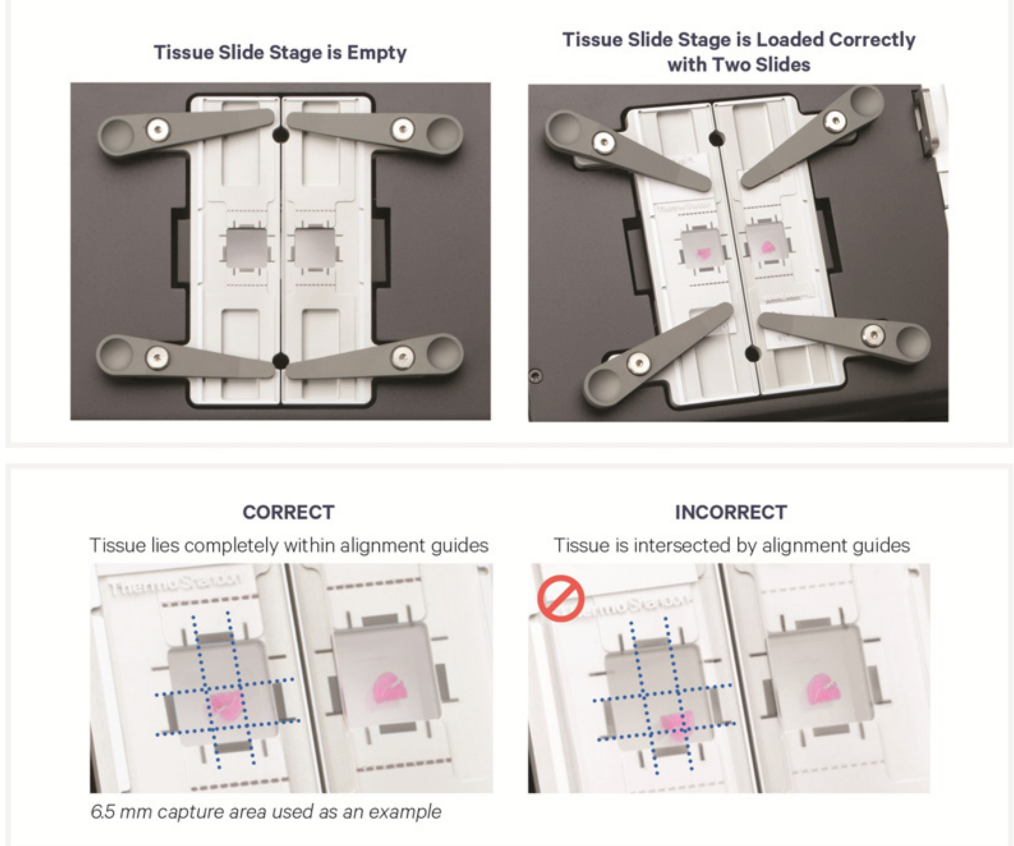
Reference images below for steps b-d.



e. Continue to hold the slide in place while pressing down fully on the wide end of the second clip. Rotate the second clip onto the slide and gently release.

Use both clips whenever possible. The second clip may be omitted if the tissue slide is beyond its reach.

f. If only one tissue on one slide will be analyzed, use a blank slide for the second position on the Tissue Slide Stage. If using only one tissue slide, the unused Capture Area on the Visium HD Slide cannot be used in another instrument run.



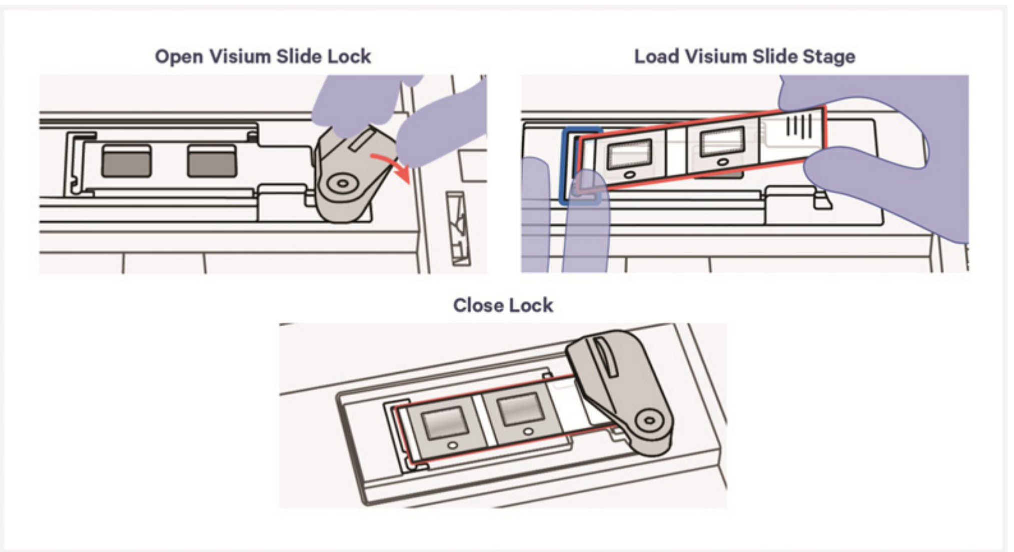
Visium HD Slide Loading

Before loading, record the slide serial number and note which tissue is placed in which Capture Area. Note which Capture Area will be placed on which side of the Visium Slide Stage (Left = D1 for 6.5 mm & B for 11 mm, Right = A1).

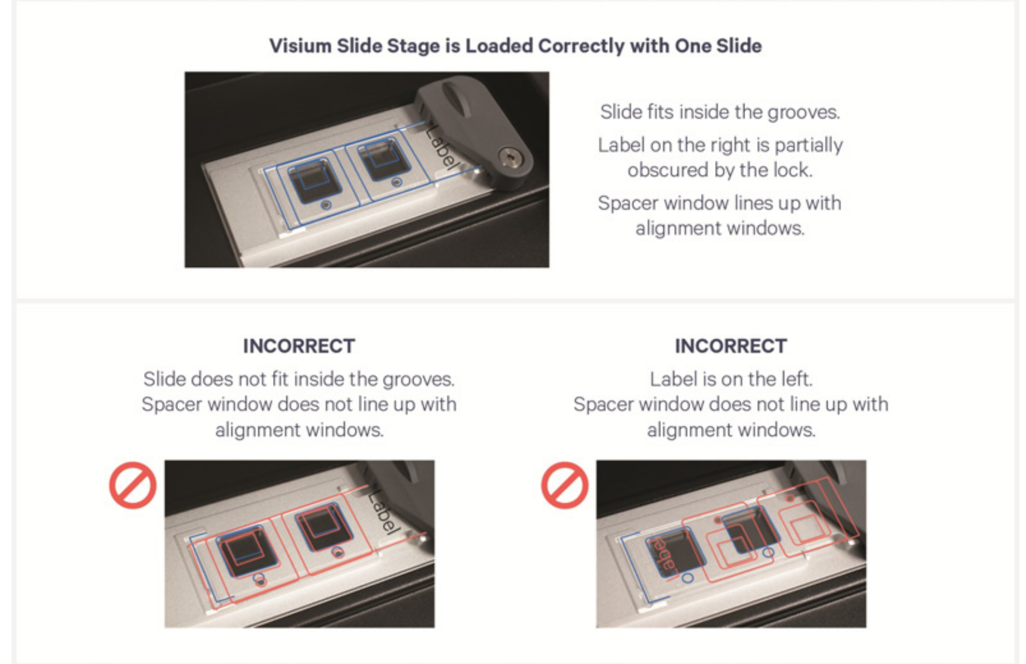
a. Open the Visium Slide Lock by using one finger to pivot.

b. Line up the slide with the label face up and oriented to the right.

c. Fit the slide within the raised grooves on the left, top, and bottom.



d. Hold slide in place with one hand while slowly closing the Visium Slide Lock. Lock will partially obscure the slide label when correctly secured. Close lock gently to avoid slide damage. In the images below, the slide (red outline) does not line up with the stage (blue outline).



Sample Preparation & Staining Guidelines

Sample Preparation

Proper tissue handling and preparation techniques preserve the morphological quality of the tissue sections and the integrity of RNA transcripts. Maintaining high-quality RNA is critical to assay performance.

Before performing the protocol steps in this User Guide, ensure that all samples have followed the appropriate documentation as described in the Workflow Overview on page 15. Listed below are key considerations described in the tissue preparation documentation.

Key Considerations	
FFPE Tissue Sectioning & Section Placement	
☐	Assess RNA quality of the FFPE tissue block or from archived sections.
☐	Practice sectioning and section placement with a nonexperimental block before placing sections on slides.
☐	Section the tissue block and place sections on compatible blank slides using a water bath.
☐	Place tissue sections on the allowable area on the slide. Allowable area may vary depending on slide choice.
Tissue Slide Handling	
☐	Ensure slides are completely dried after tissue placement, using a fan if necessary.
☐	Store the slides containing FFPE sections for up to six months in a desiccator at room temperature.
☐	After preparing tissue slides, stain sections according to the desired staining protocol in the Visium HD FFPE Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0 (CG001676).
Tissue Morphology (optional) & RNA Quantity per Cell Estimation	
☐	Assess Tissue Morphology (optional) and RNA Quantity per Cell before processing the slides
Tissue Slide Processing	
☐	After preparing tissue slides, process sections according to the desired staining protocols in the Visium HD FFPE Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0 (CG001676). The handbook contains information on tissue slide staining and imaging.

Key Considerations for FF Samples	
Freezing and Embedding	
☐	Perform either separate or simultaneous tissue freezing & embedding.
☐	Store frozen samples in a sealed container at -80°C for long-term storage.
Slide Handling	
☐	Equilibrate slides to cryostat temperature before cryosectioning.
Cryosectioning	
☐	Practice sectioning and section placement with a nonexperimental block before placing sections on slides.

Key Considerations for FF Samples	
☐	Equilibrate OCT tissue block to the cryostat chamber temperature for 30 min.
☐	Section the tissue block and place sections on compatible blank slides.
☐	Assess RNA quality of the tissue block.
☐	Optional - assess tissue morphology via DAPI and H&E staining.
Tissue Slide Handling	
☐	Maintain slides containing sections in a low moisture environment.
☐	Keep slides cold and transport slides on dry ice.
☐	Store tissue slides in a slide mailer at -80°C for up to two months.
Tissue Slide Processing	
☐	After preparing tissue slides, follow the remaining steps in the Visium HD FF Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0 (CG001677). The handbook contains information on tissue slide staining and imaging.

Key Considerations for FxF Samples	
Fixation, Embedding, and Freezing	
☐	Fix samples in 4% PFA or formaldehyde
☐	Cryopreserve samples in a sucrose gradient.
☐	Embed fixed samples in OCT and freeze.
Sample Block Storage	
☐	Store frozen samples in a sealed container at -80°C for long-term storage.
Slide Handling	
☐	Equilibrate slides to cryostat temperature before cryosectioning.
Cryosectioning	
☐	Practice sectioning and section placement with a nonexperimental block before placing sections on slides.
☐	Equilibrate OCT tissue block to the cryostat chamber temperature for 30 min.
☐	Section the tissue block and place sections on compatible blank slides.
☐	Assess RNA quality of the tissue block.
☐	Optional - assess tissue morphology via DAPI and H&E staining.
Tissue Slide Handling	
☐	Maintain slides containing sections in a low moisture environment.
☐	Keep slides cold and transport slides on dry ice.
☐	Store tissue slides in a slide mailer at -80°C for up to two months.
Tissue Slide Processing	
☐	After preparing tissue slides, process sections according to the desired staining protocols in the Visium HD FxF Tissue Preparation Handbook Protocol 2.0 (CG001678). The handbook contains information on tissue slide staining and imaging.

Step 1:

Probe Hybridization

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1.1 Probe Hybridization 55

1.0 Get Started

Each 10x Genomics reagent tube is enough for two 6.5 mm Visium HD Slides (four Tissue Slides) or one 11 mm Visium HD Slide (two Tissue Slides). Number of reactions in reagent preparation tables refers to the number of Tissue Slides.

Items			10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to room temperature					
☐	○	FFPE Hyb Buffer	Tube: 2000423 Kit: 1000466 or 1000667	Thaw at room temperature. If precipitate persists, heat at 37°C until dissolved. Avoid vortexing to prevent bubble formation. Pipette mix 10x. Keep the buffer at room temperature after thawing and while performing the workflow.	−20°C
Place on ice					
☐	●	Human WT Probes v2 - RHS	Tube: 2000657 Kit: 1000466	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice once thawed.	−20°C
☐	●	Human WT Probes v2 - LHS	Tube: 2000658 Kit: 1000466	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice once thawed.	−20°C
☐	●	Mouse WT Probes v2 - RHS	Tube: 2000913 Kit: 1000667	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice once thawed.	−20°C
☐	●	Mouse WT Probes v2 - LHS	Tube: 2000912 Kit: 1000667	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice once thawed.	−20°C
Obtain					
☐		Nuclease-free Water	-	-	Ambient
☐		10X PBS, pH 7.4	-	-	Ambient
☐		Visium Slide Seals	Component: 2000284 Kit: 1000669	See Tips & Best Practices. 3 pre-cut slide seals are necessary for the complete workflow.	Ambient
☐		10% Tween-20	-	-	Ambient

1.1 Probe Hybridization

During reagent removal steps, ensure that **ALL liquid is removed** from wells. Use a P200 pipette to remove any remaining liquid. See Tips & Best Practices for guidance on Reagent Removal.

■ denotes volumes for 6.5 mm gaskets and ▲ denotes volumes for 11 mm gaskets.

a. Prepare Pre-Hybridization Mix according to the table shortly before use. Add reagents in the order listed. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain at **room temperature**.

6.5 mm Gaskets				
Pre-Hybridization Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
Nuclease-free Water	-	134.2	295.3	590.6
10X PBS, pH 7.4	-	15.0	33.0	66.0
10% Tween-20	-	0.8	1.7	3.4
Total	**-**	**150.0**	**330.0**	**660.0**

11 mm Gaskets				
Pre-Hybridization Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
Nuclease-free Water	-	268.4	590.6	1181.2
10X PBS, pH 7.4	-	30.0	66.0	132.0
10% Tween-20	-	1.6	3.4	6.8
Total	**-**	**300.0**	**660.0**	**1320.0**

b. Retrieve Tissue Slide Cassettes containing H&E stained or IF stained sections.

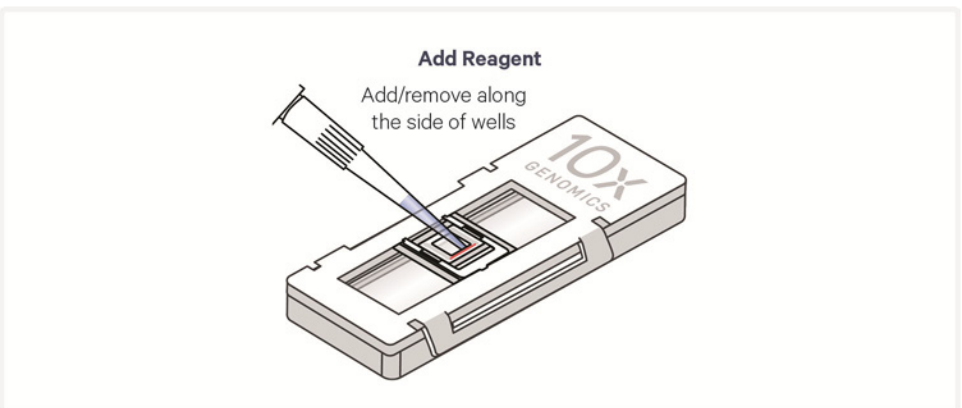
c. Peel back Visium Slide Seals.

d. Using a pipette, remove all buffer from each well at well corners. Use a P200 pipette to remove any remaining liquid. See image below for proper liquid removal technique.

e. Add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** Pre-Hybridization Mix along the side of each well to uniformly cover tissue sections, without introducing bubbles.

f. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette.

g. Incubate for **15 min** at **room temperature**.



h. Place a Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter in the thermal cycler. Prepare thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol and start the program. See Tips & Best Practices for more information on cassette incubation in a thermal cycler.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
50°C	100 µl	Overnight (16 - 24 h)
Step	**Temperature**	**Time** *hh:mm:ss*
Pre-equilibrate	50°C	Hold
Hybridization	50°C	Overnight (16 - 24 h)
Post Hybridization Wash	50°C	Hold

i. Prepare Probe Hybridization Mix according to the table shortly before use. Add reagents in the order listed. Keep at **room temperature**. Pipette mix 10x and centrifuge briefly.

	6.5 mm Gaskets				
	Probe Hybridization Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
○	FFPE Hyb Buffer	2000423	70.0	154.0	308.0
	Nuclease-free Water	-	10.0	22.0	44.0
●	Human WT Probes v2 - RHS or Mouse WT Probes v2 - RHS	2000657 or 2000913	10.0	22.0	44.0
●	Human WT Probes v2 - LHS or Mouse WT Probes v2 - LHS	2000658 or 2000912	10.0	22.0	44.0
	Total	**-**	**100.0**	**220.0**	**440.0**

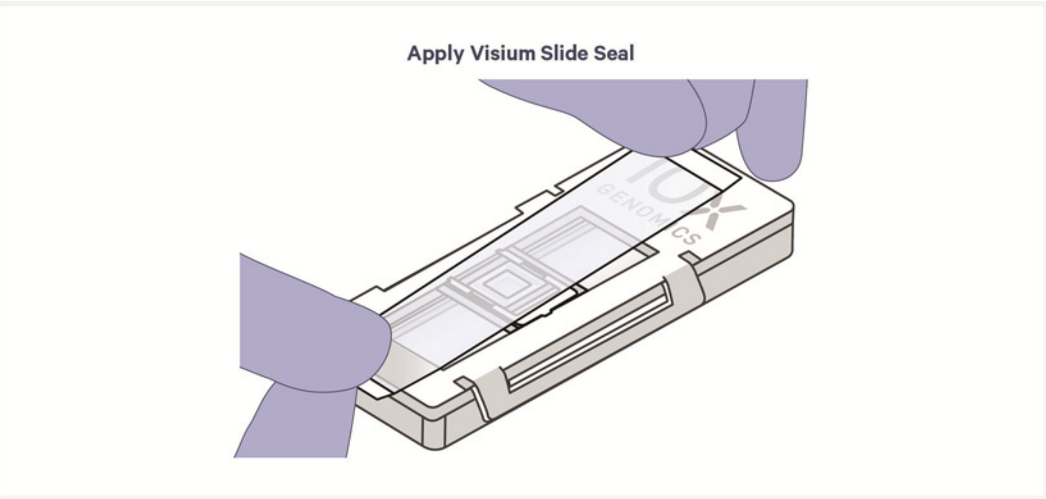
	11 mm Gaskets				
	Probe Hybridization Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
○	FFPE Hyb Buffer	2000423	140.0	308.0	616.0
	Nuclease-free Water	-	20.0	44.0	88.0
●	Human WT Probes v2 - RHS or Mouse WT Probes - RHS	2000657 or 2000913	20.0	44.0	88.0
●	Human WT Probes v2 - LHS or Mouse WT Probes - LHS	2000658 or 2000912	20.0	44.0	88.0
	Total	**-**	**200.0**	**440.0**	**880.0**

j. Remove Visium Slide Seals from Tissue Slide Cassettes.

k. Remove all Pre-Hybridization Mix from each well.

l. Add ■ **100 µl** or ▲ **200 µl** room temperature Probe Hybridization Mix to each well.

m. Apply a new pre-cut Visium Slide Seal to each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on the thermal cycler. Close the thermal cycler lid.



n. Skip Pre-equilibrate step to initiate Hybridization.

Step 2:

Probe Ligation

2.0 Get Started 60

2.1 Post-Hybridization Wash 61

2.2 Probe Ligation 63

2.3 Post-Ligation Wash 65

2.0 Get Started

Each 10x Genomics reagent tube is enough for two 6.5 mm Visium HD Slides (four Tissue Slides) or one 11 mm Visium HD Slide. Number of reactions in reagent preparation tables refers to the number of Tissue Slides.

Items			10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to room temperature					
☐	◯	FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer	Tube: 2000424 Kit: 1000466 or 1000667	Thaw at room temperature. If precipitate persists, heat at 50°C until dissolved. Vortex briefly. Flick tube until liquid settles at the bottom of the tube.	−20°C
☐	◯	2X Probe Ligation Buffer	Tube: 2000445 Kit: 1000466 or 1000667	Thaw at room temperature until no precipitate remains. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐	◯	Post-Ligation Wash Buffer	Tube: 2000419 Kit: 1000466 or 1000667	Thaw at room temperature. If precipitate persists, heat at 37°C until dissolved. Vortex.	−20°C
Place on ice					
☐	◯	Probe Ligation Enzyme	Tube: 2000425 Kit: 1000466 or 1000667	Centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice.	−20°C
Obtain					
☐		Nuclease-free Water	-	-	Ambient
☐		20X SSC Buffer	-	-	Ambient

2.1 Post-Hybridization Wash

■ *denotes volumes for 6.5 mm gaskets and* ▲ *denotes volumes for 11 mm gaskets.*

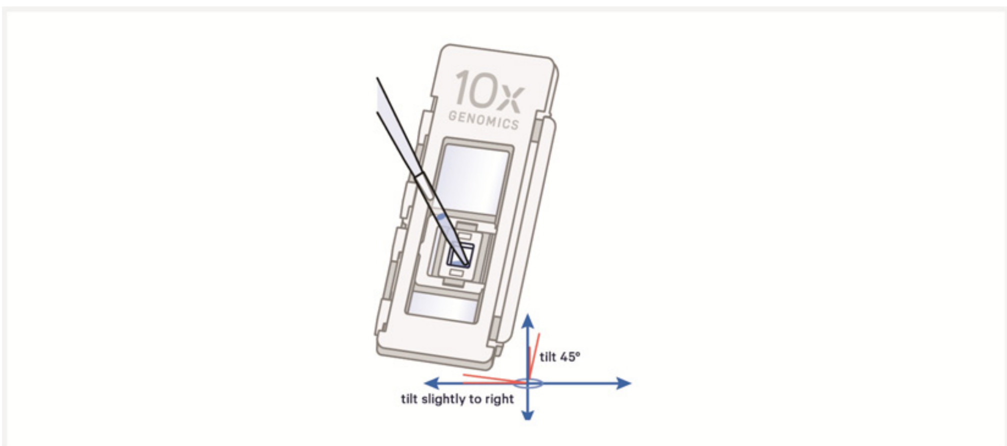
a. Aliquot FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer (**■495 µl/sample** or **▲990 µl/sample**) and pre-heat to **50°C** in a water bath or thermomixer. Maintain pre-heated wash buffer at **50°C** throughout washes.

b. Prepare 2X SSC Buffer according to the table. Add reagents in the order listed. Maintain at **room temperature**. DO NOT discard excess buffer, as it will be used for subsequent washes in the protocol.

6.5 mm or 11 mm Gaskets					
SSC Buffer	**Stock**	**Final**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
SSC	20X	2X	150	330	660
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	1,350	2,970	5,940
Total	**-**		**1,500**	**3,330**	**6,600**

c. Remove Visium Tissue Slide Cassettes from Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface.

d. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and using a pipette, remove all Probe Hybridization Mix from each well. See Tips and Best Practices for slide seal removal guidance.



e. **Wash 1: Immediately** add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** pre-heated FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer to each well. Avoid well drying or cooling to room temperature. Removal and addition of buffers should be done quickly.

f. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal

cycler lid. See Tips & Best Practices for more information on cassette incubation on a thermal cycler.

Ensure that Tissue Slide Cassette sits snugly on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter for all wash steps.

g. Skip the Hybridization step on thermal cycler and initiate Post-Hybridization Wash.

h. Incubate Visium Tissue Slide Cassettes in thermal cycler at **50°C** for **5 min**.

i. Remove Tissue Slide Cassettes from Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface. Exercise caution, as slide is hot.

j. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and using a pipette, remove all FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer from each well.

k. **Wash 2: Immediately** add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** pre-heated FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer to each well. Avoid well drying or cooling to room temperature. Removal and addition of buffers should be done quickly.

l. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal cycler lid.

m. Incubate in thermal cycler at **50°C** for **5 min**.

n. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and using a pipette, remove all FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer from each well.

o. **Wash 3: Immediately** add ■**150 µl**or ▲**300 µl**pre-heated FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer to each well. Avoid well drying or cooling to room temperature. Removal and addition of buffers should be done quickly.

p. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal cycler lid.

q. Incubate in thermal cycler at **50°C** for **5 min**.

r. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and remove FFPE Post-Hyb Wash Buffer from each well.

s. Add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** 2X SSC Buffer to each well and re-apply Visium Slide Seal.

t. Let the Tissue Slide Cassettes cool to **room temperature** (**~3 min**) before proceeding to the next step.

2.2 Probe Ligation

■ *denotes volumes for 6.5 mm gaskets and* ▲ *denotes volumes for 11 mm gaskets.*

a. Place a Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter onto a thermal cycler (if not already placed), prepare with the following incubation protocol, and start the program.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
37°C (lid may be turned off if the instrument does not enable 37°C)	100 µl	1 h
Step	**Temperature**	**Time** *hh:mm:ss*
Pre-equilibrate	37°C	Hold
Ligation	37°C	01:00:00
Hold	4°C	Hold

b. Prepare Probe Ligation Mix according to the appropriate table shortly before use. Add reagents in the order listed. Pipette mix 10x and centrifuge briefly. DO NOT vortex. Maintain on ice.

	6.5 mm Gaskets				
	Probe Ligation Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
	Nuclease-free Water	-	24.0	52.8	105.6
◯	2X Probe Ligation Buffer	2000445	30.0	66.0	132.0
◯	Probe Ligation Enzyme	2000425	6.0	13.2	26.4
	Total	**-**	**60.0**	**132.0**	**264.0**

	11 mm Gaskets				
	Probe Ligation Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
	Nuclease-free Water	-	52.0	114.4	228.8
◯	2X Probe Ligation Buffer	2000445	65.0	143.0	286.0
◯	Probe Ligation Enzyme	2000425	13.0	28.6	57.2
	Total	**-**	**130.0**	**286.0**	**572.0**

c. Remove Visium Slide Seals from each Tissue Slide Cassette and remove all 2X SSC Buffer from each well.

d. Add ■ **60 µl** or ▲ **130 µl** Probe Ligation Mix to each well, without introducing bubbles. Tap Tissue Slide Cassettes gently to ensure uniform coverage.

e. Apply a new pre-cut Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on the pre-heated thermal cycler. Close the thermal cycler lid.

f. Skip Pre-equilibrate step to initiate Ligation.

2.3 Post-Ligation Wash

■ *denotes volumes for 6.5 mm gaskets and* ▲ *denotes volumes for 11 mm gaskets.*

Use room temperature Post-Ligation Wash Buffer at first wash step (step 2.3f). Use pre-heated Post-Ligation Wash Buffer at second wash step (step 2.3k).

a. If the stopping point after the Post-Ligation Wash will not be used, remove Visium HD slide mailer from −80°C. Remove slide mailer from mylar bag. Keep slide mailer upright, capped, and thaw at **room temperature** for **30 min - 3 h**. Two Visium HD slides may be prepared at the same time.

b. Pre-heat Post-Ligation Wash Buffer (■ **110 µl/sample** or ▲ **220 µl/sample**) to **57°C**. Only **100 µl** per 6.5 mm sample or **200 µl** per 11 mm sample is needed.

c. Remove the Tissue Slide Cassettes from the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface.

d. Immediately prepare thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol and start the program.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
57°C	100 µl	-
Step	**Temperature**	**Time**
Incubate	57°C	Hold

e. Remove Visium Slide Seals from each Tissue Slide Cassette and using a pipette, remove all Probe Ligation Mix from each well.

f. **Wash 1: Immediately** add ■ **100 µl** or ▲ **200 µl room temperature** Post-Ligation Wash Buffer to each well. Removal and addition of buffers should be done quickly.

g. Apply a new pre-cut Visium Slide Seal on each Tissue Slide Cassette and place on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal cycler lid. See Tips & Best Practices for more information on cassette incubation in a thermal cycler.

Ensure that Tissue Slide Cassette sits snugly on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter for all wash steps.

h. Incubate at **57°C** for **5 min**.

i. Remove Tissue Slide Cassettes from the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface.

j. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and using a pipette, remove all Post-Ligation Wash Buffer from each well.

k. **Wash 2:** Add ■ **100 µl** or ▲ **200 µl pre-heated** Post-Ligation Wash Buffer to each well.

l. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal on Tissue Slide Cassette and place on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal cycler lid.

m. Incubate at **57°C** for **5 min**.

n. Remove Tissue Slide Cassettes from Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface.

o. Peel back Visium Slide Seals and using a pipette, remove all Post Ligation Wash Buffer from each well.

p. **Wash 3:** Add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** 2X SSC Buffer prepared in Post-Hybridization Wash on page 61 to each well.

q. Remove all 2X SSC Buffer from each well.

r. **Wash 4:** Add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** 2X SSC Buffer to each well.

s. Re-apply Visium Slide Seals on each Tissue Slide Cassette.

t. Allow Tissue Slide Cassettes to come to room temperature for **5 min**.

u. Store at **4°C** for up to **24 h** or proceed to next step.

Step 3:

Visium HD Slide Preparation

3.0 Get Started 68

3.1 Visium HD Slide Wash 69

3.0 Get Started

Each 10x Genomics reagent tube is enough for two 6.5 mm Visium HD Slides or one 11 mm Visium HD Slide. Number of reactions in reagent preparation tables refers to the number of Visium HD slides.

The Visium CytAssist instrument requires firmware version 2.0.0 or higher for processing 6.5 mm Visium HD slides and version 2.4.0 or higher for processing 11 mm Visium HD slides.

Ensure that the Visium CytAssist is powered on, clean, and ready to perform an experimental run.

Items		10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Obtain				
☐	Nuclease-free Water	-	-	Ambient
☐	20X SSC	-	-	Ambient
☐	Visium Cassette	Component: 3001830/ 3001831 or 2001252/3001830 Kit: 1000669 or 1000849	See Cassette Assembly Quick Reference Card (CG000730)	Ambient

3.1 Visium HD Slide Wash

a. If Visium HD Slide has not been thawed, remove Visium HD Slide mailer from −80°C. Remove slide mailer from mylar bag. DO NOT uncap slide mailer. Keep slide mailer upright and thaw at **room temperature** for **30 min - 3 h**. Two Visium HD Slides may be prepared at the same time, though only two tissue slides should be processed at a time.

DO NOT touch Visium HD Slide spacer during slide washes.

b. Prepare 0.1X SSC Buffer according to the table below in **two** 50-ml centrifuge tubes (e.g. two tubes for one Visium HD slide). Vortex. Maintain at room temperature. 0.1X SSC prepared at this step is sufficient for remaining steps in the protocol.

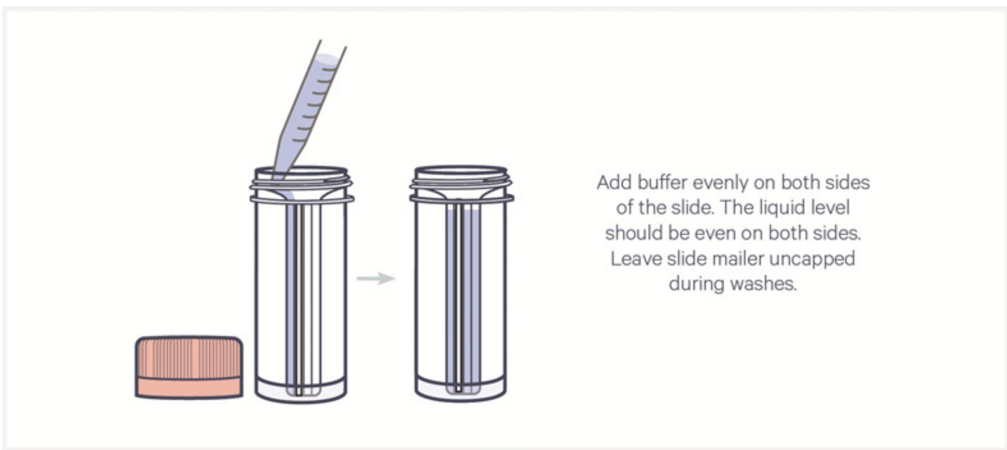
0.1X SSC Buffer	Stock	Final	1 Visium HD Slide (ml)*	2 Visium HD Slides (ml)*
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	59.7	119.4
SSC	20X	0.1X	0.3	0.6
Total	**-**		**60.0**	**120.0**

**Volumes are in ml instead of µl*

c. Open slide mailer.

d. Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on one side of the slide.

e. Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on the other side of the slide, so that both sides of the slide are immersed in 0.1X SSC Buffer.



f. Incubate at **room temperature** for **1 min**. DO NOT close the mailer.

g. Remove 0.1X SSC Buffer by securing slide in place with one finger and pouring SSC Buffer from mailer.

Three 0.1X SSC 5 min washes:

h. **5 Min Wash 1:**

- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on one side of the slide.
- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on the other side of the slide, so that both sides of the slide are immersed in 0.1X SSC Buffer.
- Incubate at **room temperature** for **5 min**.
- Remove 0.1X SSC Buffer by securing slide in place with one finger and pouring SSC Buffer from mailer.

i. **5 Min Wash 2:**

- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on one side of the slide.
- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on the other side of the slide, so that both sides of the slide are immersed in 0.1X SSC Buffer.
- Incubate at **room temperature** for **5 min**.
- Remove 0.1X SSC Buffer by securing slide in place with one finger and pouring SSC Buffer from mailer.

j. **5 Min Wash 3:**

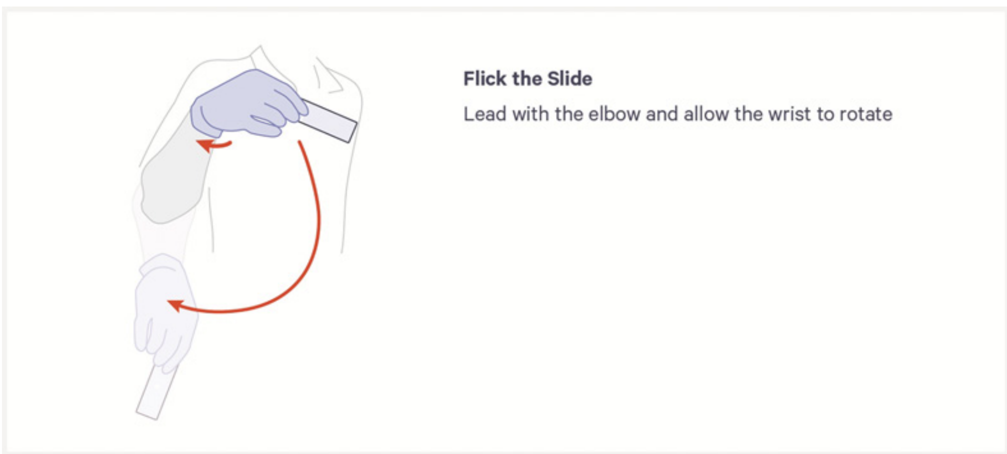
- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on one side of the slide.

- Add **7 ml** 0.1X SSC Buffer slowly along the side of the mailer on the other side of the slide, so that both sides of the slide are immersed in 0.1X SSC Buffer.
- Incubate at **room temperature** for **5 min**.
- Remove Visium HD Slide from mailer.

During the last wash, save SSC Buffer in the mailer in case Visium HD Slide needs additional immersion.

k. Inspect the Visium HD Slide for debris. If debris is visible, immerse the slide back in the mailer containing SSC and quickly remove.

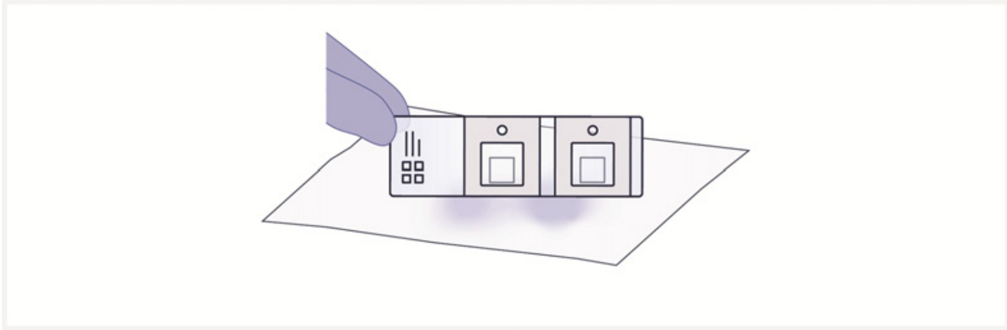
l. Flick the Visium HD Slide.



m. Ensure back of Visium HD Slide (side without spacers) is dry. If necessary, remove excess moisture from the back of the slide with a lint-free laboratory wipe.

n. Place a fresh, lint-free laboratory wipe on the work surface.

o. Gently touch long edge of Visium HD Slide on a lint-free laboratory wipe 5x to remove excess SSC buffer.



p. Inspect the Visium HD Slide and ensure it is free of particulate matter. If debris is visible, immerse the slide back in the mailer containing SSC and

quickly remove. Repeat flicking and wiping as previously described.

q. Record Visium HD Slide serial number.

r. Place Visium HD Slide in a new 6.5 mm or 11 mm Visium Cassette. See Visium Cassette S3 Quick Reference Card (CG000730) for assembly instructions.

s. Add ■**100 µl**or ▲**200 µl** 0.1X SSC to each well in the cassette.

t. Apply a new Visium Slide Seal on the Visium Cassette.

u. Leave 0.1X SSC Buffer in the Visium Cassette at **room temperature** until Visium HD Slide equilibration. DO NOT exceed **2 h** before proceeding with a CytAssist run. Keep Visium Cassette and Visium HD slide free from debris.

Step 4:

Probe Release & Extension

4.0 Get Started 74

4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture 76

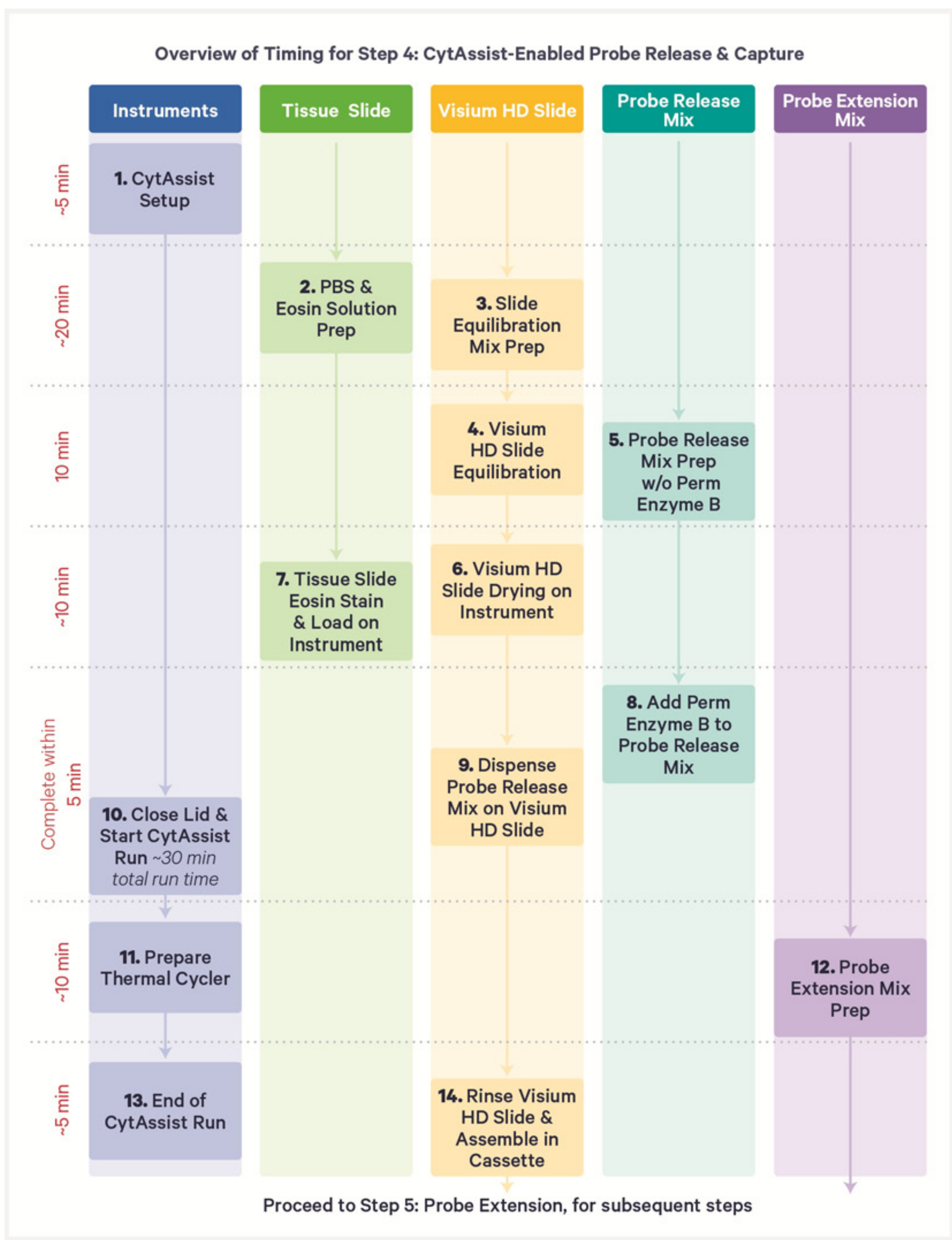
4.2 Probe Extension 90

4.3 Probe Elution 92

4.0 Get Started

Each 10x Genomics reagent tube is enough for two 6.5 mm Visium HD Slides (four tissue slides) or one 11 mm Visium HD Slide. Number of reactions in reagent preparation tables refers to the number of Tissue Slides. After instrument run, number of reactions refers to the number of wells in a Visium Cassette.

Items			10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to room temperature					
☐	● (red)	2X RNase Buffer	Tube: 2000411 Kit: 1000668	Thaw at room temperature, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐	● (green)	Extension Buffer	Tube: 2000409 Kit: 1000668	Thaw at room temperature, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
Place on ice					
☐	● (red)	RNase Enzyme	Tube: 3000605 Kit: 1000668	Pipette mix, centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice until ready to use.	−20°C
☐	● (green)	Extension Enzyme	Tube: 2000389 Kit: 1000668	Pipette mix, centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice until ready to use.	−20°C
☐	● (blue)	Perm Enzyme B	Tube: 3000553 Kit: 1000668	Pipette mix, centrifuge briefly. Perm Enzyme B is added to the Probe Release Mix immediately before running the CytAssist instrument.	−20°C
Obtain					
☐		Visium HD Slide	-	Obtain washed Visium HD Slide.	Ambient
☐		Nuclease-free Water	-	-	Ambient
☐		Tris 1 M, pH 8.0 (Tris-HCl)	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
☐		Alcoholic Eosin	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
☐		10X PBS	-	Use 10X PBS stock to prepare 1X PBS.	Ambient
☐		8 M KOH Solution	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
☐		Qiagen Buffer EB	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
☐		Visium Slide Seals	Component: 2000283 Kit: 1000669 or 1000849	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient


Overview of Timing for Step 4: CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture
Instruments
Tissue Slide
Visium HD Slide
Probe Release Mix
Probe Extension Mix
~5 min
~20 min
10 min
~10 min
Complete within 5 min
~10 min
~5 min
1. CytAssist Setup
2. PBS & Eosin Solution Prep
3. Slide Equilibration Mix Prep
4. Visium HD Slide Equilibration
5. Probe Release Mix Prep w/o Perm Enzyme B
6. Visium HD Slide Drying on Instrument
7. Tissue Slide Eosin Stain & Load on Instrument
8. Add Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix
9. Dispense Probe Release Mix on Visium HD Slide
10. Close Lid & Start CytAssist Run ~30 min total run time
11. Prepare Thermal Cycler
12. Probe Extension Mix Prep
13. End of CytAssist Run
14. Rinse Visium HD Slide & Assemble in Cassette
Proceed to Step 5: Probe Extension, for subsequent steps

4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture

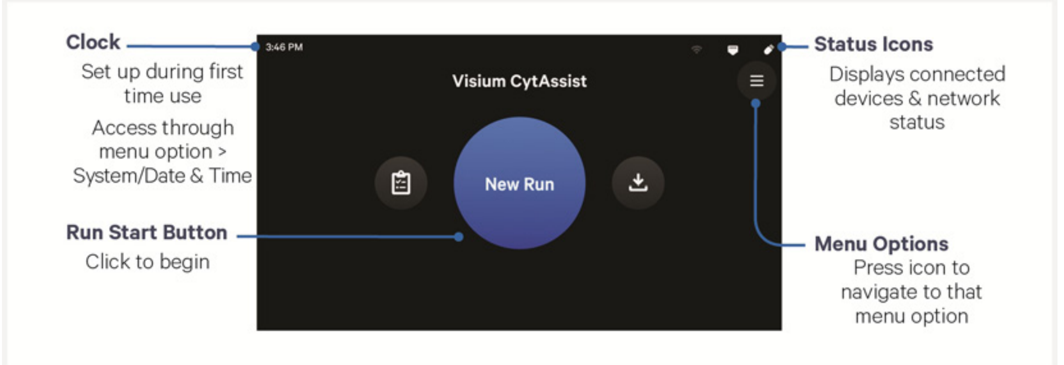
Videos demonstrating key techniques in this section are available on the 10x Genomics website.

■ *denotes volumes for 6.5 mm gaskets and* ▲ *denotes volumes for 11 mm gaskets.*

If processing more than two tissue slides, keep remaining tissue slides at **4°C** with 2X SSC buffer. For more guidance, see Appendix on page 134.

a. Ensure that Visium CytAssist is powered on, clean, and ready for an experimental run. Visium CytAssist firmware version 2.0.0 or higher is required for 6.5 mm Visium HD slides and firmware version 2.4.0 or higher is required for 11 mm Visium HD slides.

The home screen is the most common state of the instrument. There are several key functions accessible directly from the home screen.



b. Press blue New Run button on the touchscreen to initiate run.

c. Enter the following assay configuration information:

- Visium Slide serial number. **Ensure serial number is accurate.** If serial number is entered in the wrong format, the check mark button to proceed will be grayed out. Record serial number for future use.

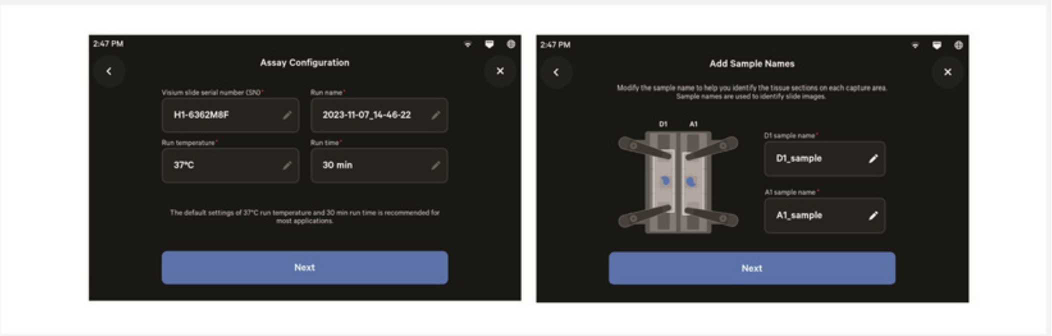
  A slide scanner may be used to scan the Visium HD slide for automatic serial number input prior to cassette assembly. See Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for compatible part numbers. The barcode scanner cannot scan the Visium HD Slide after cassette assembly, as the QR code will not be visible.

- Custom run name, temperature, and time (**37°C** for **30 min** is recommended for most applications)

d. Enter the following sample information:

- Sample names and the locations of each sample on the instrument (A1 for right side, D1 for left side)

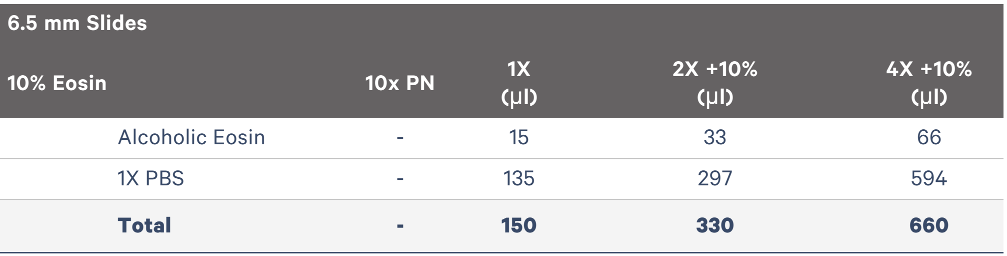
Note that Left = D1 for 6.5mm, Left = B for 11 mm



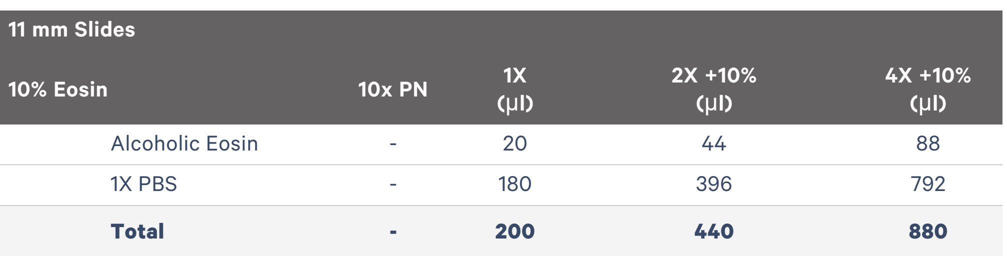
e. Prepare 1X PBS. Maintain at room temperature.

1X PBS	10x PN	2 Tissue Slides (µl) (includes overage)	4 Tissue Slides (µl) (includes overage)
Nuclease-free Water	-	6300	12600
10X PBS	-	700	1400
Total	**-**	**7,000**	**14,000**

f. Prepare 10% Eosin according to the appropriate table. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Eosin should be prepared fresh for each CytAssist instrument run.



6.5 mm Slides				
10% Eosin	10x PN	1X (µl)	2X +10% (µl)	4X +10% (µl)
Alcoholic Eosin	-	15	33	66
1X PBS	-	135	297	594
Total	**-**	**150**	**330**	**660**



11 mm Slides				
10% Eosin	10x PN	1X (µl)	2X +10% (µl)	4X +10% (µl)
Alcoholic Eosin	-	20	44	88
1X PBS	-	180	396	792
Total	**-**	**200**	**440**	**880**

g. Prepare Visium HD Slide Equilibration Mix according to the appropriate table below. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice.

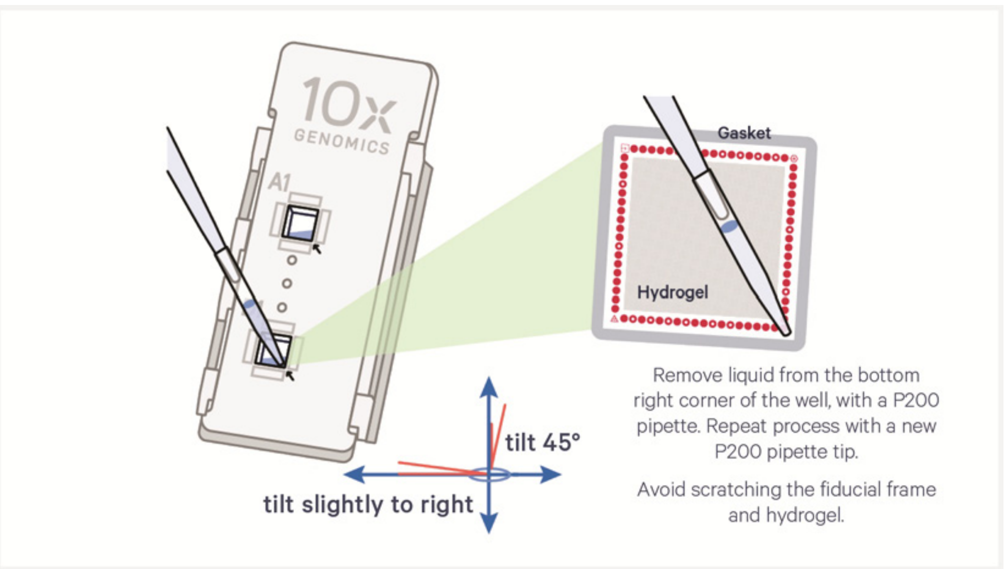
6.5 mm Slides					
Visium HD Slide Equilibration Mix		10x PN	1X (µl)	2X +10% (µl)	4X +10% (µl)
	Nuclease-free Water		44.0	96.8	193.6
●	2X RNase Buffer	2000411	50.0	110.0	220.0
●	RNase Enzyme	3000605	6.0	13.2	26.4
	Total	-	**100.0**	**220.0**	**440.0**

11 mm Slides					
Visium HD Slide Equilibration Mix		10x PN	1X (µl)	2X +10% (µl)	4X +10% (µl)
	Nuclease-free Water		88.0	193.6	387.2
●	2X RNase Buffer	2000411	100.0	220.0	440.0
●	RNase Enzyme	3000605	12.0	26.4	52.8
	Total	-	**200.0**	**440.0**	**880.0**

h. Retrieve Visium Cassette with Visium HD Slide.

i. Remove Visium Slide Seal and perform the following:

- Hold the cassette at a 45º angle slightly tilted to the right so that the buffer pools to the lower right hand corner of the well.
- Set a P200 pipette to 200 µl.
- Place the pipette tip at the bottom right corner of the well without scratching the fiducial frame or hydrogel.
- Remove 0.1X SSC from the well.
- Repeat this process using a new P200 tip.
- Once all the liquid has been removed, repeat for the remaining well.
- See image below for proper liquid removal technique.



j. Add ■ **100 µl** or ▲ **200 µl** Visium HD Slide Equilibration Mix to each well in the cassette. Gently tap to ensure uniform coverage of the Capture Area.

k. Apply a new uncut Visium Slide Seal on the Visium Cassette and incubate at **room temperature** for **10 min**.

l. Prepare Probe Release Mix during Visium HD Slide equilibration. DO NOT prepare Probe Release Mix for more than two tissue slides at a time. Pipette mix thoroughly until solution is homogenous. Avoid generating bubbles. Maintain on ice.

Probe Release Mix will also require Perm Enzyme B, which will be added at step af. The same amount of Probe Release Mix is added to the Visium HD Slide, regardless of Capture Area size.

Probe Release Mix		10x PN	2 Tissue Slides (µl) (includes overage)
●	2X RNase Buffer	2000411	20.0
●	RNase Enzyme	3000605	17.5
	Total	**-**	**37.5**

m. Remove Visium Slide Seal and using a P200 pipette, remove Visium HD Slide Equilibration Mix from the right corner of each well in the cassette without scratching the fiducial frame or hydrogel. Use a P200 pipette with a fresh tip to remove any remaining liquid. See step i for proper liquid removal technique.

Failure to remove Slide Equilibration Mix completely may result in reduced assay performance.

n. Remove top half of Visium Cassette, leaving Visium HD Slide resting in

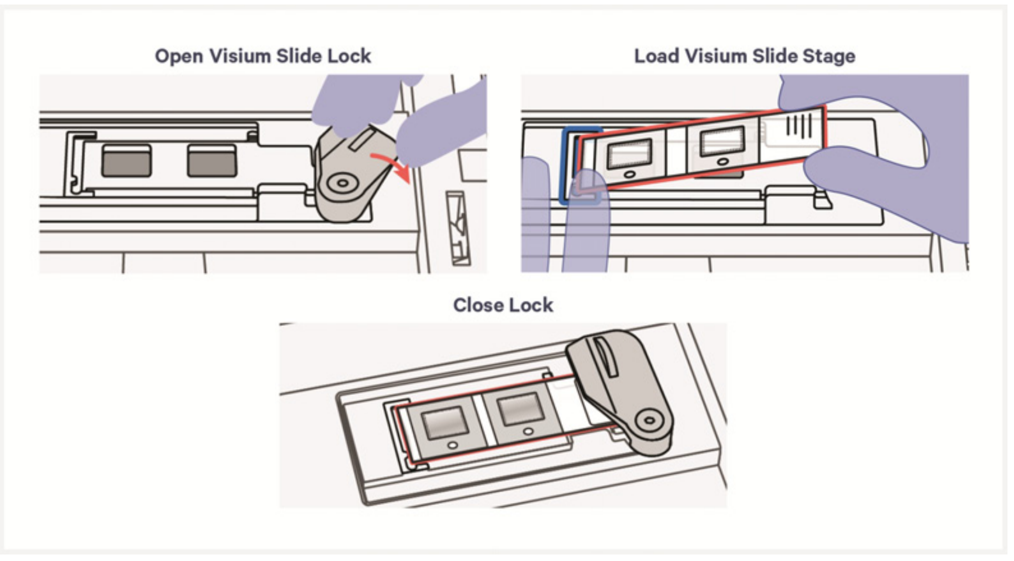
bottom half of Visium Cassette. Rest top half of Visium Cassette such that the gaskets face up, as shown in the image below. This minimizes the risk of introducing debris on the top half of the cassette after disassembly. Avoid introducing debris to the cassette after disassembly. See Visium Cassette S3 Quick Reference Card (CG000730) for more information on cassette disassembly.

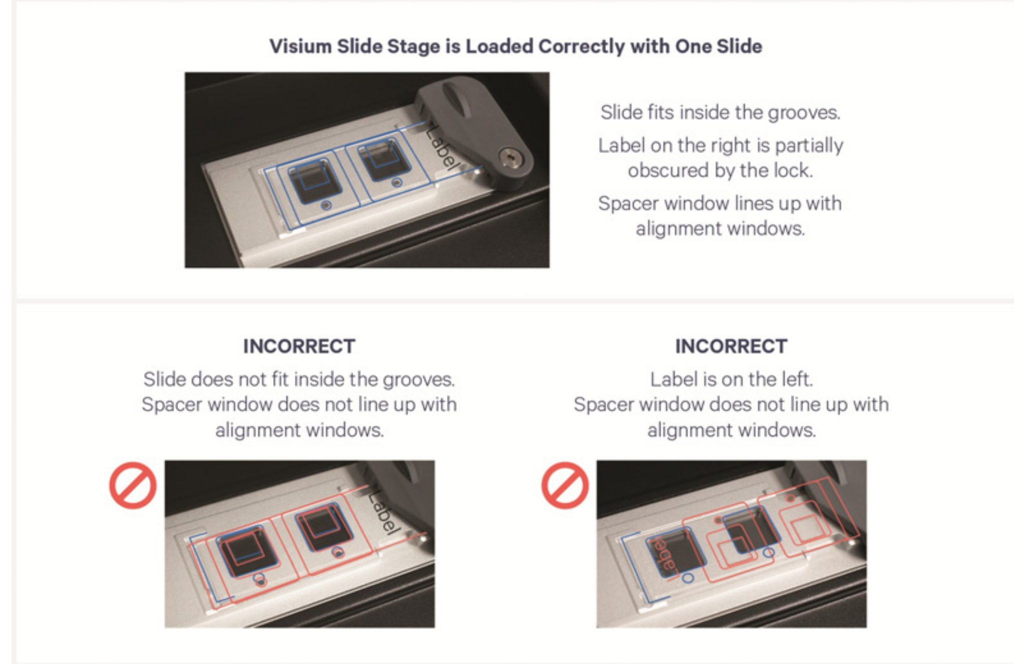
o. Remove Visium HD Slide from Visium Cassette and inspect the slide. (avoid touching active surface). If necessary, remove excess moisture from the **back** of the slide with a lint-free laboratory wipe. DO NOT flick the Visium HD slide.

*The time between completing **step o** and starting **step q** should not exceed **5 min**.*

Place a cover over the Visium Cassette and save for use after the instrument run, keeping all parts free from debris. Wiping the front of the Visium HD Slide may damage the slide.

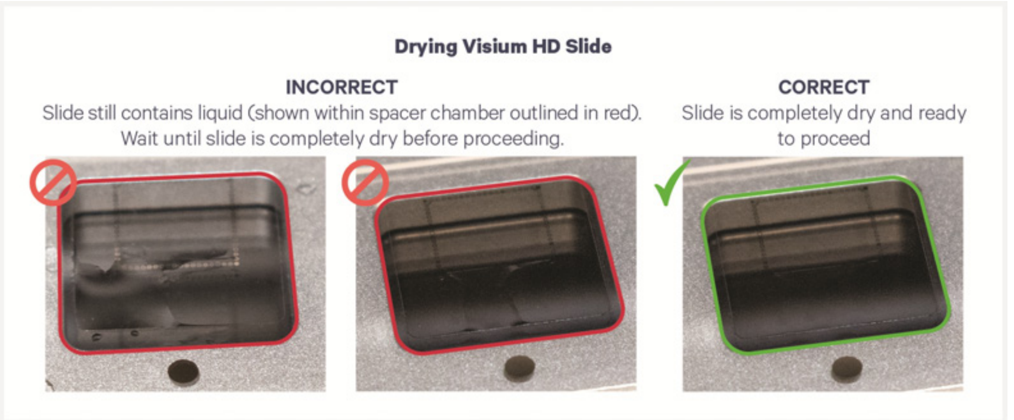
p. Load Visium HD Slide against the grooves of Visium Slide Stage, using one hand to load the slide and the other to close the Visium Slide Lock.





q. Allow Visium HD Slide to dry on the Visium Slide Stage for **10 min.** Inspect entire spacer chamber. Look at the slide at different angles to confirm the presence of liquid. If liquid remains on the slide or anywhere in the spacer chamber, continue drying and proceed immediately when no liquid remains within the spacer chamber.

Ensure area around the Visium CytAssist instrument is free from debris. While the Visium HD Slide is drying, prepare Tissue Slides as described in steps r-ae.



r. Retrieve Tissue Slide Cassettes.

s. Using a pipette, remove all 2X SSC Buffer from each well of the Tissue Slide Cassettes.

t. Remove tissue slides from Tissue Slide Cassettes.

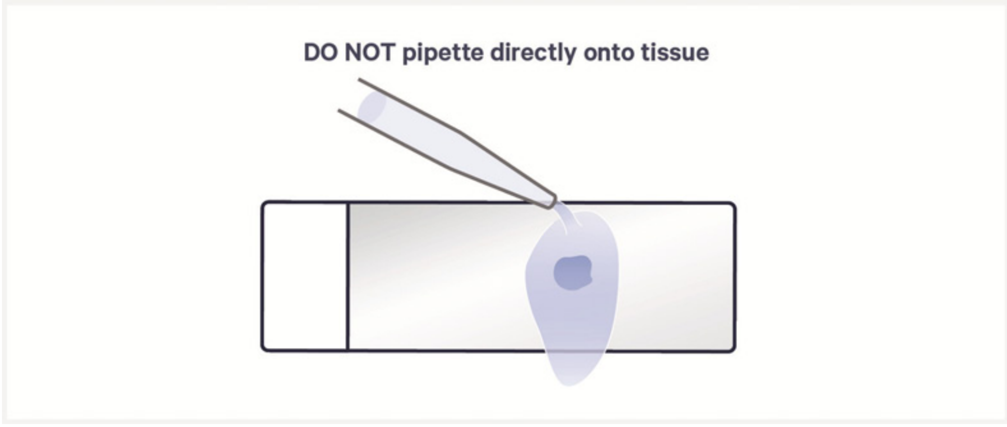
u. Add **■100 µl** or **▲200 µl** 10% Eosin to uniformly cover each tissue section per slide.

v. Incubate **1 min** at **room temperature**.

w. Remove 10% Eosin by holding slide at an angle over a liquid waste container.

Three PBS washes:

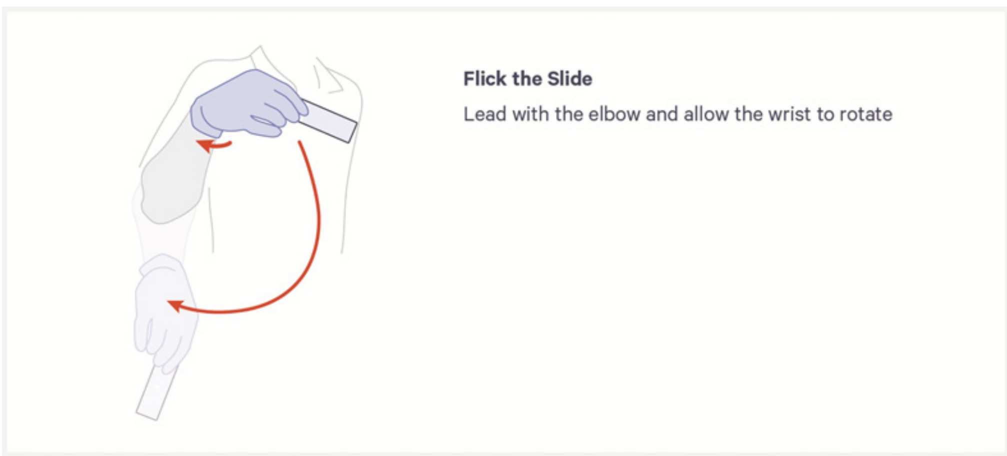
x. **Wash 1**: While holding the slide over the liquid waste container, rinse with **1 ml** 1X PBS. DO NOT pipette directly onto tissue.



y. **Wash 2**: While holding the slide over the liquid waste container, rinse with **1 ml** 1X PBS. DO NOT pipette directly onto tissue.

z. **Wash 3**: While holding the slide over the liquid waste container, rinse with **1 ml** 1X PBS. DO NOT pipette directly onto tissue.

aa. Flick the tissue slide to remove excess PBS.



ab. Inspect the slide for the presence of any large droplets. If present, repeat flicking until large droplets are removed.

ac. Once the slide has no liquid droplets on the tissue surface, remove any excess PBS with a lint-free laboratory wipe in areas outside of the tissue, without touching the tissue sections.

Lint-free laboratory wipes are strongly recommended to ensure no debris is introduced. See the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for a list of tested part numbers.

ad. Gently remove any remaining liquid on the back of the slides with a lint-free laboratory wipe.

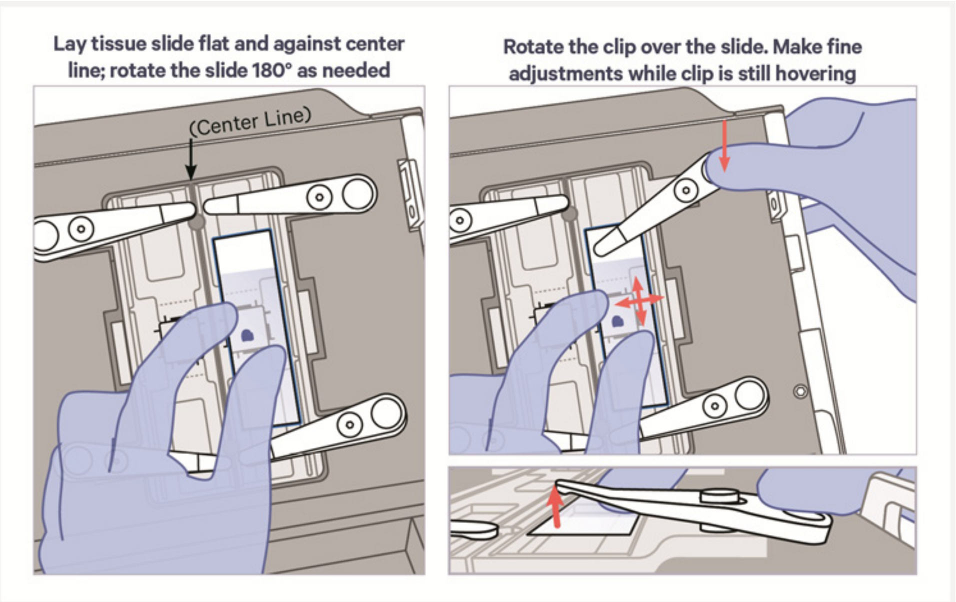
ae. If not using the Visium CytAssist Alignment aid, proceed directly to step af.

af. If using the Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid, use the aid to draw alignment marks by tracing the mark guides onto the tissue slide. See Visium CytAssist Alignment Aid on page 37 for more information.

DO NOT trace the square window.

ag. Load tissue slides into Visium CytAssist. Ensure tissue section is completely dry prior to instrument run. Examine the aligned tissue slide from multiple angles to ensure that tissue is completely dry. See Instrument Loading Guidelines on page 42 for more information.

Complete alignment aid use and tissue slide alignment before Visium HD slide is done drying.



Before proceeding to next step, ensure that Visium HD slide is completely dry. See step q.

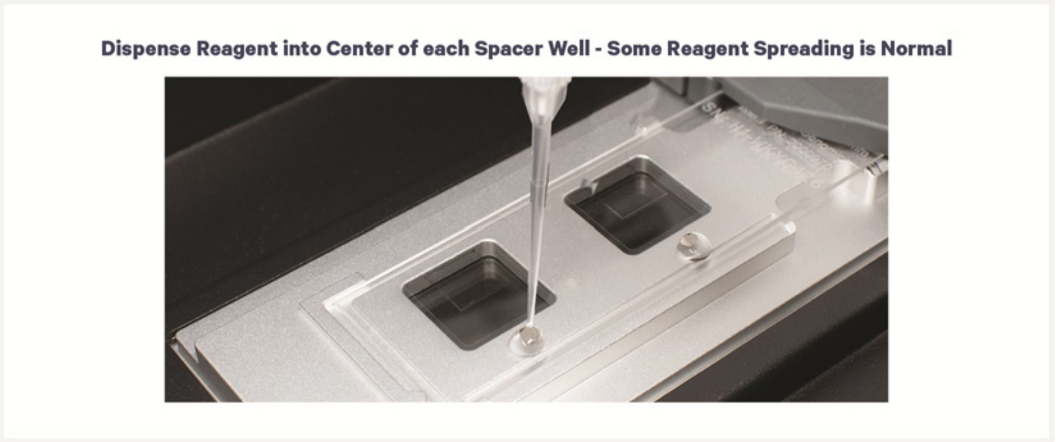
ah. Pipette mix Perm Enzyme B (PN-3000553) and centrifuge briefly. Remove Probe Release Mix from ice. Add **2.5 µl** of Perm Enzyme B to **37.5 µl** of Probe Release Mix (prepared at step 4.1l) to complete Probe Release Mix. Pipette mix 15x with pipette set to 30 µl. Avoid generating bubbles. Centrifuge for **5 sec**.

The time between adding Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix and starting the Visium CytAssist instrument run should be less than **5 min**.

	Probe Release Mix	10x PN	2 Tissue Slides (µl) (includes overage)
🔴	2X RNase Buffer	2000411	**Already added in step l.**
🔴	RNase Enzyme	3000605	**Already added in step l.**
🔵	Perm Enzyme B	3000553	2.5
	Total	-	**40**

ai. Using a P20 pipette, slowly aspirate **17 µl** of Probe Release Mix and inspect the pipette tip. Ensure that no bubbles were drawn up into the pipette tip.

aj. Slowly dispense **17 µl** of Probe Release Mix into the center of each spacer well on the Visium HD Slide, using a fresh pipette tip for each dispense. Do not push plunger beyond first stop to avoid generating bubbles.

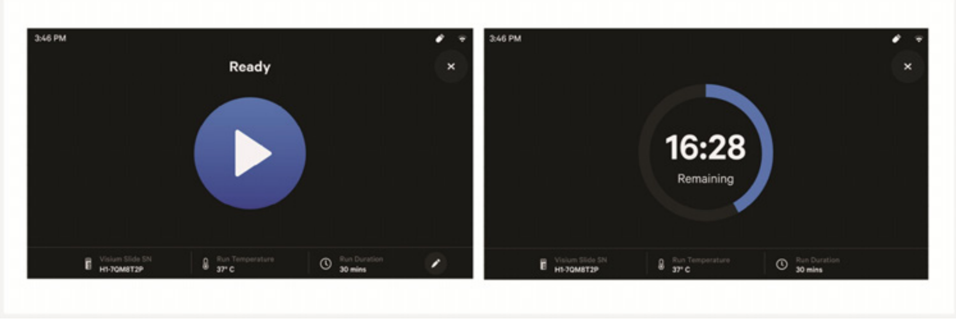


ak. Close lid and press Next.

The home screen will now display a play symbol and run information along the bottom of the screen.

al. Press play button to start the run. **37°C** for **30 min** is recommended for most applications.

- Midrun progress bar will show the time remaining in the run.



- Yellow before a run begins indicates a user-recoverable error. If an error occurs, follow on-screen prompts.

am. Place Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter in the thermal cycler. Prepare thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol and start the program.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
53°C (lid may be turned off if the instrument does not enable 53°C)	100 µl	60 min
Step	**Temperature**	**Time**
Pre-equilibrate	53°C	Hold
Probe Extension 1	53°C	00:30:00
Cool Down	4°C	00:03:00
Hold	4°C	Hold
Probe Extension 2	53°C	00:30:00
Cool Down	4°C	00:03:00
Hold	4°C	Hold

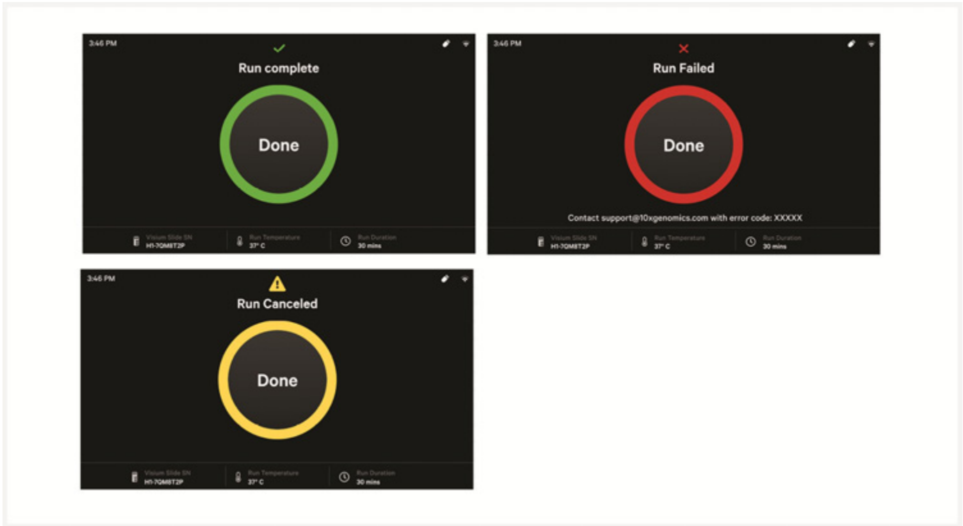
an. Prepare Probe Extension Mix. Pipette mix. Centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice.

6.5 mm Slides					
	Probe Extension Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
●	Extension Buffer	2000409	147.0	323.4	646.8
●	Extension Enzyme	2000389	3.0	6.6	13.2
	Total	-	**150.0**	**330.0**	**660.0**

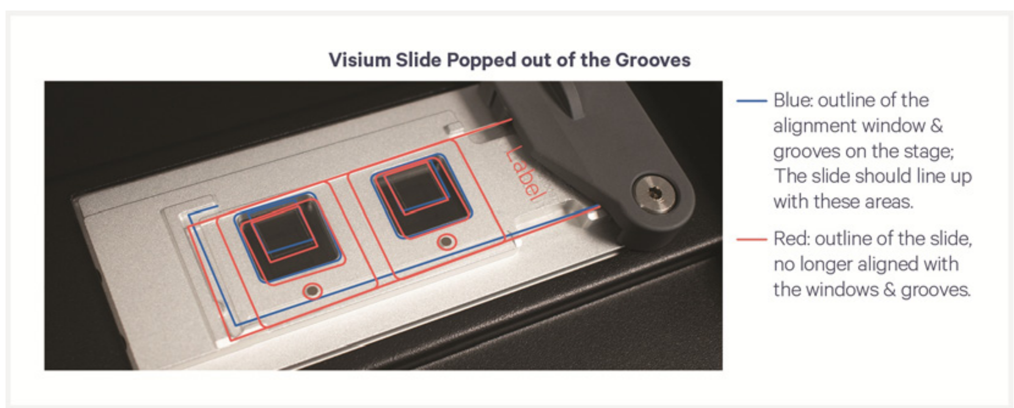
11 mm Slides					
	Probe Extension Mix	**10x PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
●	Extension Buffer	2000409	392.0	862.4	1,724.8
●	Extension Enzyme	2000389	8.0	17.6	35.2
	Total	-	**400.0**	**880.0**	**1,760.0**

ao. At the end of a run, the button will display "Done" and a "Run Info" tab at the bottom of the screen. DO NOT allow sample to sit in the Visium CytAssist after run completion. **Immediately** move to next step.

- Green indicates a successfully completed run.
- Red indicates a failed run/error
- Yellow at the end of a run indicates an incomplete run.
- For more information on errors, consult the Visium CytAssist Instrument User Guide (CG000542).



ap. Click "Done" button and open lid. DO NOT power off the instrument at this time, as it needs to process support data. It is normal for the Visium slide to move after opening instrument.



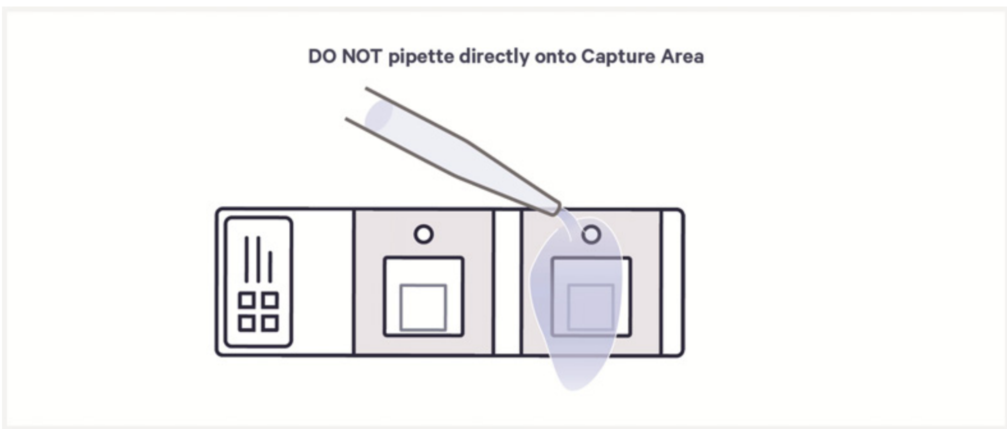
aq. **Immediately** remove Visium HD Slide. It is normal if tissue remains on tissue slides after run completion.

Leave the CytAssist lid open to facilitate cleaning of the instrument at a safe stopping point.

Three Buffer EB washes

ar. **Wash 1:** While holding Visium HD Slide over liquid waste container, rinse each Capture Area with **1 ml** Buffer EB. DO NOT pipette directly onto Capture Areas, which are surrounded by the fiducial frames.

Rinse slide near Visium CytAssist instrument to ensure prompt washing of Capture Areas.



as. **Wash 2:** While holding Visium HD Slide over liquid waste container, rinse each Capture Area with **1 ml** Buffer EB. DO NOT pipette directly onto Capture Areas, which are surrounded by the fiducial frames.

at. **Wash 3:** While holding Visium HD Slide over liquid waste container, rinse each Capture Area with **1 ml** Buffer EB. DO NOT pipette directly onto Capture Areas, which are surrounded by the fiducial frames.

After three Buffer EB washes, no tissue imprint should be visible on the slide. If imprint is visible, perform one additional Buffer EB wash.

au. Place Visium HD Slide in the same Visium Cassette from earlier in this step.

Some moisture remaining on the Visium HD Slide is normal.

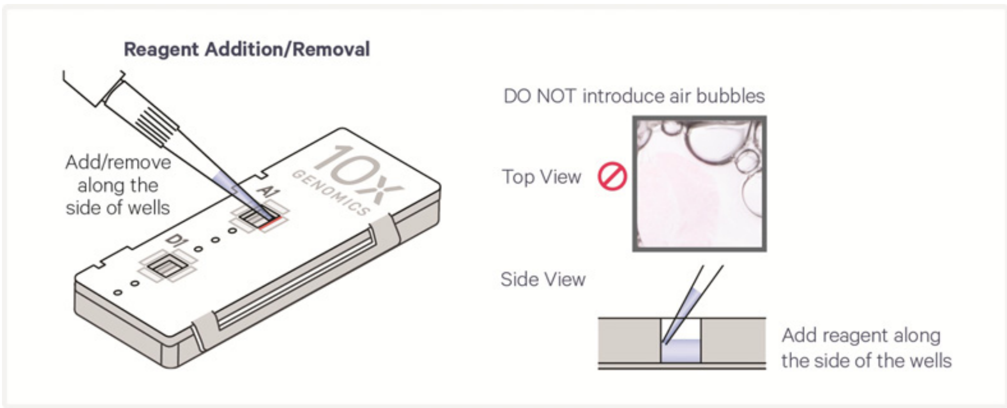
av. Proceed **immediately** to Probe Extension. CytAssist instrument should only be cleaned and data transferred at a safe stopping point.

4.2 Probe Extension

■ denotes volumes for 6.5 mm slides and ▲ denotes volumes for 11 mm slides.

Probe Extension occurs over two rounds, Probe Extension 1 and Probe Extension 2.

a. Add **■ 75 µl** or **▲ 200 µl** Probe Extension Mix to each well. Gently tap Visium Cassette to ensure uniform coverage of Capture Area. Keep remaining Probe Extension Mix on ice.



b. Apply new uncut Visium Slide Seal on Visium Cassette and place on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter on pre-heated thermal cycler. Close thermal cycler lid.

c. Skip Pre-equilibrate step to initiate Probe Extension 1.

d. After the first Cool Down, open thermal cycler lid and remove cassette from Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter,

e. Peel back Visium Slide Seal.

f. Remove Probe Extension Mix from each well.

g. Add **■ 75 µl** or **▲ 200 µl** Probe Extension Mix to each well.

Gently tap Visium Cassette to ensure uniform coverage of Capture Area.

h. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal and place cassette on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter. Close thermal cycler lid.

i. Skip Hold step to initiate Probe Extension 2.

j. Sample may remain at **4°C** in the thermal cycler for up to **24 h**.

k. Clean CytAssist instrument. Consult Visium CytAssist Instrument User Guide (CG000542) for more information.

l. Export run data and review CytAssist images. Consult Visium CytAssist

Instrument User Guide (CG000542) for more information on exporting run data. If images look abnormal, contact support@10xgenomics.com.

4.3 Probe Elution

■ *denotes volumes for 6.5 mm slides and* ▲ *denotes volumes for 11 mm slides.*

a. After Probe Extension is complete, prepare thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol and start the program.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
53°C (lid may be turned off if the instrument does not enable 53°C)	100 µl	60 min
Step	**Temperature**	**Time**
Pre-equilibrate	53°C	Hold
Probe Elution	53°C	00:10:00

b. Prepare fresh 0.08 M KOH Mix according to the appropriate table shortly before use, adding reagents in the order listed. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain at **room temperature**. Discard unused KOH Mix after use.

6.5 mm Slides				
KOH Mix	**Stock**	**Final**	**1X (µl)**	**4X +10% (µl)**
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	49.5	217.8
KOH	8 M	0.08 M	0.5	2.2
Total	**-**	**-**	**50.0**	**220.0**

11 mm Slides				
KOH Mix	**Stock**	**Final**	**1X (µl)**	**2X +10% (µl)**
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	198.0	435.6
KOH	8 M	0.08 M	2.0	4.4
Total	**-**	**-**	**200.0**	**440.0**

c. Remove Visium Cassette from Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter and place on a flat, clean work surface after Probe Extension is complete.

d. Peel back Visium Slide Seal.

e. Using a pipette, remove all Probe Extension Mix from wells.

f. Add ■ **150 µl** or ▲ **300 µl** Buffer EB to each well.

g. Remove all Buffer EB from wells.

h. Add ■ **50 µl** or ▲ **200 µl** 0.08 M KOH Mix to each well. Gently tap Visium Cassette to ensure uniform coverage of Capture Area.

i. Re-apply Visium Slide Seal and place cassette on Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter. Close thermal cycler lid.

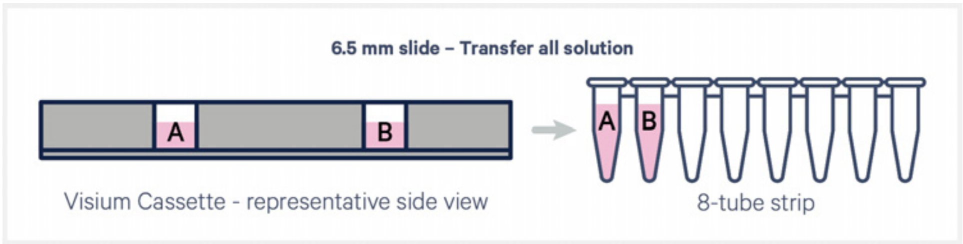
j. Skip Hold step to initiate Probe Elution.

k. Immediately remove Visium Cassette from Low Profile Thermocyler Adapter after Probe Elution.

l. Solution transfer step.
Follow the guidance below for either 6.5 mm or 11 mm slides

6.5 mm For 6.5 mm slides:

- Label one tube per sample in an 8 tube strip and add ■3 µl 1 M Tris-HCl pH 8.0 to the labeled tubes.
- Transfer solution from each sample in the Visium Cassette to each tube in the 8 tube strip containing the 1M Tris-HCl pH 8.0.



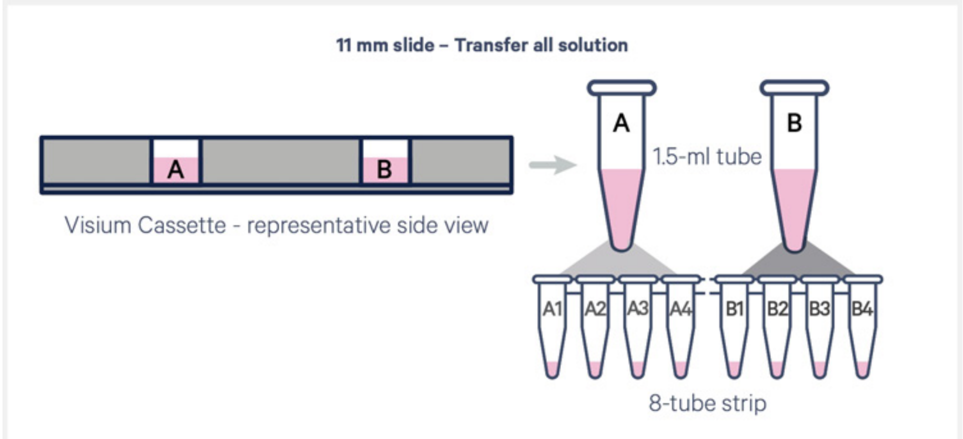
During solution transfer, DO NOT leave behind any solution in the wells. *See Tips & Best Practices for reagent removal instructions.*

A change in hydrogel appearance may happen during solution transfer. Proceed to the next assay step even when a change in hydrogel appearance is observed.

- Vortex the 8-tube strip, centrifuge briefly, and place on ice.

For 11 mm slides:

- Label two 1.5-ml microcentrifuge tubes and add ▲12 µl 1 M Tris-HCl pH 8.0 to the labeled tubes.
- Transfer solution from the Visium Cassette to each 1.5-ml tube containing the 1M Tris-HCl pH 8.0. Confirm that there is **212 µl** volume in both tubes A & B. If necessary, add nuclease-free water to ensure both tubes have 212 µl.



During solution transfer, DO NOT leave behind any solution in the wells. *See Tips & Best Practices for reagent removal instructions.*

A change in hydrogel appearance may happen during solution transfer. Proceed to the next assay step even when a change in hydrogel appearance is observed.

- Vortex the 1.5-ml tubes and centrifuge briefly.
- Label an 8-tube strip (first 4 tubes as A1-A4 and the remaining 4 tubes as B1-B4).
  After probe elution, each sample is split into four separate tubes and combined at a later step.
- From each 1.5-ml tube containing **212 µl** neutralized sample, transfer **53 µl** sample to each of the corresponding four tubes in the 8-tube strip as illustrated above.
- Vortex 8-tube strip, centrifuge briefly, and place on ice.

Step 5:

Pre-Amplification and SPRIselect

5.0 Get Started 96

5.1 Pre-Amplification 97

5.2 Pre-Amplification Cleanup - SPRIselect 99

5.0 Get Started

Number of reactions in reagent preparation tables refers to the number of samples from Probe Elution.

Item			10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to room temperature					
☐	●	TS Primer Mix B	Tube: 2000537 Kit: 1000688	Thaw at room temperature, vortex, and centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐		Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Place on ice					
☐	○	Amp Mix B	Tube: 2000567 Kit: 1000668	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
Obtain					
☐		Qiagen Buffer EB	-		Ambient
☐		10x Magnetic Separator	Component: 2001212 Kit: 1000499	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
☐		80% Ethanol	-	Prepare fresh. Prepare 2 ml per 6.5 mm reaction and 5 ml per 11 mm reaction. Store at room temperature.	

80% Ethanol Store at room temperature	Stock	Final	1000 µl 1X	5000 µl 1X
100% Ethanol	100%	80%	800 µl	4000 µl
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	200 µl	1000 µl

5.1 Pre-Amplification

If working with samples from 11 mm slides, during Probe Elution, each 11 mm sample was split into four replicate tubes in an 8-tube strip. Thus, all reactions during pre-amplification will have four times the number tubes as Capture Areas.

a. Prepare Pre-Amplification Mix on ice. Add reagents in the order listed. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice.

	6.5 mm Slides				
	Pre-Amplification Mix	**PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X + 10% (µl)**	**4X + 10% (µl)**
	Nuclease-free Water		19.5	42.9	85.8
○	Amp Mix B	2000567	25.0	55.0	110.0
●	TS Primer Mix B	2000537	2.5	5.5	11.0
	Total	-	**47.0**	**103.4**	**206.8**

	11 mm Slides				
	Pre-Amplification Mix	**PN**	**1X (µl)**	**2X + 10% (µl)**	**4X + 10% (µl)**
	Nuclease-free Water		78.0	171.6	343.2
○	Amp Mix B	2000567	100.0	220.0	440.0
●	TS Primer Mix B	2000537	10.0	22.0	44.0
	Total	-	**188.0**	**413.6**	**827.2**

b. Add **47 µl** Pre-Amplification Mix to each tube from Probe Elution on page 92 (regardless of slide type). Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

c. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 µl	~25 min
Step	**Temperature**	**Time** *hh:mm:ss*
1	98°C	00:03:00
2	98°C	00:00:15
3	63°C	00:00:20
4	72°C	00:00:30
5	Go to Step 2, repeat 9X for a total of 10 cycles	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	00:03:00
8	4°C	Hold

5.2 Pre-Amplification Cleanup - SPRIselect

■ denotes volumes for samples from 6.5 mm slides and ▲ denotes volumes for samples from 11 mm slides.

If using MicroAmp 8-Tube Strips, use the high position (magnet•**High**) only throughout the protocol.

a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add **120 µl** SPRIselect reagent (1.2X) to each pre-amplification reaction in an 8-tube strip (100 µl) and pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 130 µl).

b. Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.

c. Place on the magnet•**High** until solution clears .

d. Remove supernatant.

e. Add **300 µl** 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait **30 sec**. Pipette carefully as **300 µl** is at tube limit.

f. Remove ethanol.

g. Add **200 µl** 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait **30 sec**.

h. Remove ethanol.

i. Centrifuge briefly and place on magnet•**Low**.

j. Remove any remaining ethanol without disturbing the beads. Air dry for **2 min**. DO NOT exceed **2 min** as this will decrease elution efficiency.

k. Remove from magnet. Add **■105 µl** or **▲27.5 µl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 100 µl for samples from 6.5 mm slides or 25 µl for samples from 11 mm slides)

l. Incubate **2 min** at **room temperature**.

m. Place tube strip on magnet •**High** for samples from 6.5 mm slides or •**Low** for samples from 11 mm slides until solution clears

n.
- For samples from 6.5 mm slides, transfer **100 µl** sample to a new tube strip.
- For samples from 11 mm slides, pool replicate samples together in one tube (four **25 µl** samples for a total of **100 µl** per Capture Area), vortex and centrifuge briefly.

o. Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h**, **-20°C** for up to **4 weeks**, or proceed to next step.

After this point in the protocol, all instructions are the same regardless of slide type used.

Step 6:

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression – Probe-based Library Construction

6.0 Get Started 101

6.1 Cycle Number Determination – qPCR 102

6.2 Sample Index PCR 104

6.3 Post-Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect 106

6.4 Post-Library Construction QC 107

6.0 Get Started

Item		10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to room temperature				
☐ ●	TS Primer Mix B	Tube: 2000537 Kit: 1000688	Thaw at room temperature, vortex, and centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐	Dual Index Plate TS Set A	Tube: 3000511 Kit: 1000251	Thaw at room temperature, vortex, and centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐	Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
☐	Library QC Reagents		Use Agilent Bioanalyzer, Perkin Elmer LabChip, or Agilent TapeStation for QC. Obtain appropriate reagents based on method chosen.	
Place on ice				
☐ ○	Amp Mix B	Tube: 2000567 Kit: 1000668	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	−20°C
☐	KAPA SYBR Fast qPCR Master Mix	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Obtain				
☐	Nuclease-free Water	-	-	Ambient
☐	Qiagen Buffer EB	-		Ambient
☐	10x Magnetic Separator	Component: 2001212 Kit: 1000499	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
☐	80% Ethanol	-	Prepare fresh. Prepare 400 µl per reaction.	Ambient

6.1 Cycle Number Determination – qPCR

a. Dilute TS Primer Mix B 1:10 in nuclease-free water. The amount of diluted primer mix required to generate the qPCR mixes is described in the table below.

b. Prepare qPCR Mix on ice according to the table below. Add reagents in the order listed. Vortex and centrifuge briefly. Maintain on ice.

A passive reference dye, such as ROX, may be required. Consult the Roche KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Kit website or the appropriate qPCR system manufacturer for guidance.

Gene Expression qPCR Mix	Stock	Final	1X (µl)	3X* + 10% (µl)	5X* + 10% (µl)
KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix Minimize light exposure	2X	1X	5.0	16.5	27.5
Diluted TS Primer Mix B	-	-	1.0	3.3	5.5
Nuclease-free Water	-	-	3.0	9.9	16.5
Total			**9.0**	**29.7**	**49.5**

*Includes one negative control

c. Add **9 µl** qPCR Mix to one well per sample in a qPCR plate (a well for negative control may be included).

d. Dilute **2 µl** sample from Pre-Amplification Cleanup - SPRIselect in **8 µl** nuclease-free water. Pipette mix, centrifuge briefly.

e. Transfer **1 µl** diluted sample from Pre-Amplification Cleanup - SPRIselect to each qPCR plate well containing qPCR Mix. For the negative control, add **1 µl** nuclease-free water to the corresponding well. Pipette mix.

f. Apply seal and centrifuge briefly. Record which sample is in which well of the qPCR plate.

g. Prepare a qPCR system with the following protocol, place the plate in the thermal cycler, and start the program.

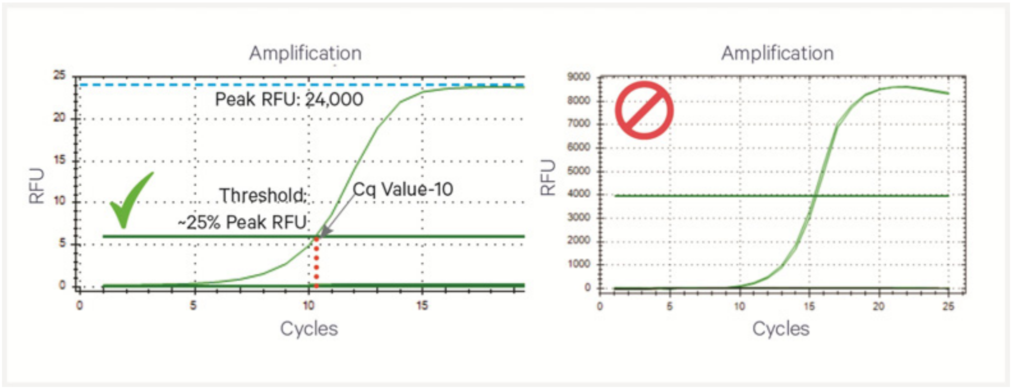
Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	10 µl	35 min
Step	**Temperature**	**Time** *hh:mm:ss*
1	98°C	00:03:00
2	98°C	00:00:05
3	63°C Read signal	00:00:30
4	Go to step 2, 24x (total of 25 cycles)	-

h. Record the Cq value for each sample.

Set the y-axis to a linear scale. Plot RFU on the y-axis if not using a reference dye, or ΔRn if using a reference dye. The threshold for determining the Cq value should be set along the exponential phase of the amplification plot, at ~25% of the peak fluorescence value.

If the Cq value is > 15 cycles, refer to 3. High Cq Value on page 126 or contact support@10xgenomics.com before proceeding.

Representative qPCR Amplification Plots



6.2 Sample Index PCR

a. Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run. Record the 10x Sample Index name (PN-3000511 Plate TS Set A well ID) used.

b. Prepare Amplification Master Mix and pipette mix 10x shortly before use.

	Amplification Master Mix	10x PN	1X (µl)	2X +10% (µl)	4X +10% (µl)
	Nuclease-free Water	-	45	99	198
◯	Amp Mix B	2000567	25	55	110
	Total	**-**	**70**	**154**	**308**

c. Add **70 µl** Amplification Master Mix to a tube in an 8-tube strip for each sample.

d. Add **25 µl** of each sample from pre-amplification to a separate tube previously aliquoted with Amplification Master Mix.

e. Add **5 µl** of an individual Dual Index Plate TS Set A to each tube and record the well ID used. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

f. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 µl	Variable
Step	**Temperature**	**Time** *hh:mm:ss*
1	98°C	00:03:00
2	98°C	00:00:15
3	63°C	00:00:20
4	72°C	00:00:30
5	Go to step 2, use the Cq Value +1 as the total # of cycles. See table below for total # of cycle examples.	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

Round Cq values up to the nearest whole number and add one cycle (examples below). Samples within ±1 cycle numbers can be combined in a single SI-PCR run at the higher cycle number.

Do not combine samples if the cycle number difference is greater than 1 to avoid library overamplification.

Example Cycle Numbers

Cq Value from qPCR	+1	Total Cycles
7.2	+1	9
8.5	+1	10
13.7	+1	15

Example Batched Cycles

<table>
<tr><th>Cq Value from qPCR</th><th>+1</th><th>Total Cycles</th><th>Batched Cycles</th></tr>
<tr><td>7.2</td><td>+1</td><td>9</td><td rowspan="2">10</td></tr>
<tr><td>9.5</td><td>+1</td><td>11</td></tr>
<tr><td>13.7</td><td>+1</td><td>15</td><td rowspan="2">16</td></tr>
<tr><td>14.6</td><td>+1</td><td>16</td></tr>
</table>

Any remaining pre-amplification material can be stored at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or at **-20°C** for up to **4 weeks** for generating additional libraries.

6.3 Post-Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect

If using MicroAmp 8-Tube Strips, use the high position (magnet•**High**) only throughout the protocol

a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add **85 µl** SPRIselect Reagent (**0.85X**) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 175 µl).

b. Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.

c. Place on magnet•**High** for **3 min**. Verify solution is clear.

d. Remove supernatant.

e. Add **200 µl** 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait **30 sec**.

f. Remove ethanol.

g. Add **200 µl** 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait **30 sec**.

h. Remove ethanol.

i. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•**Low**.

j. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for **2 min**. DO NOT exceed **2 min** as this will decrease elution efficiency.

k. Remove from magnet. Add **27 µl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.

l. Incubate **2 min** at **room temperature**.

m. Place on the magnet•**Low** for **3 min**. Verify solution is clear.

n. Transfer **25 µl** sample to a new tube strip on ice.

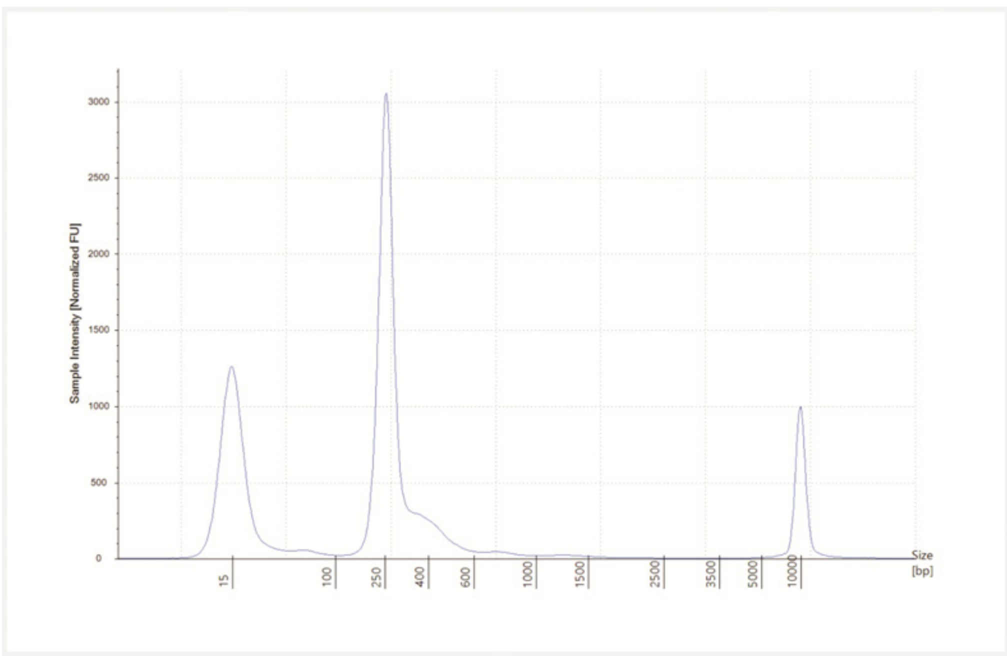
o. Store at **-20°C** for **long-term** storage.

6.4 Post-Library Construction QC

a. Dilute sample (1:20 dilution, i.e **1 µl** sample in **19 µl** EB buffer) until it is at an appropriate concentration for the TapeStation.

b. Run **2 µl** of diluted sample on an Agilent TapeStation High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape device. If peak is too small or flat, retry with a lower dilution. See 5. Flat Line in Bioanalyzer Library Trace on page 127 for more information.

Representative Trace



Determine the average fragment size from the Bioanalyzer trace. The expected average fragment size is 250 bp. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

Alternate QC Methods:

- Agilent Bioanalyzer
- Perkin Elmer LabChip

See Appendix on page 134 for representative trace

SeePost Library Construction Quantification on page 140

Sequencing

Sequencing Libraries	109
Sequencing Depth	109
Sequencing Type & Run Parameters	117
Illumina Sequencer Compatibility	117
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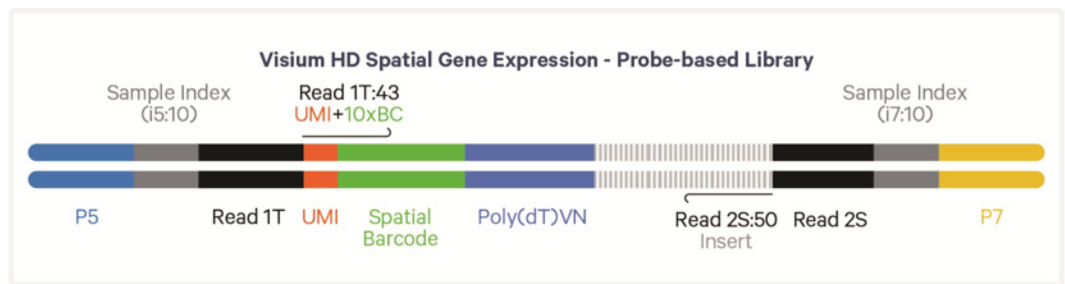
Sequencing Metrics	119

Sequencing Libraries

Libraries contain standard Illumina paired-end constructs, which begin with P5 and end with P7. Spatial Barcodes are encoded at the start of TruSeq Read 1 (Read 1T), while i7 and i5 sample index sequences are incorporated as the index read. Read 1T, and Small RNA Read 2 (Read 2S) are standard Illumina sequencing primer sites used in paired-end sequencing. Read 1T are used to sequence the 43 bp Spatial Barcode and UMI. Read 2S is used to sequence the Ligated Probe Insert. Sequencing these libraries produces a standard Illumina BCL data output folder.

Consult the Sequencing Handbook (CG000809) on the 10x Genomics Support website for additional details.



Sequencing Depth

The minimum sequencing depth for Visium HD 6.5 mm is 275 million read pairs per fully-covered Capture Area. The recommended minimum sequencing depth was chosen because it achieved >50% sequencing saturation for >50% formalin fixed, paraffin embedded (FFPE) tissues tested at 10x Genomics. To achieve >50% saturation for >50% of fresh frozen (FF) tissues tested by 10x Genomics, 700 million read pairs per fully-covered Capture Area were required. To achieve >50% saturation for >50% of the Fixed Frozen (FxF) tissues tested by 10x Genomics, 500 million read pairs per fully-covered Capture Area were required.

The minimum sequencing depth for Visium HD, 11 mm is 825 million read pairs per fully-covered Capture Area for FFPE, 2.1 B+ read pairs per fully-covered 11 mm Capture Area for Fresh Frozen, and 1.5 B+ reads pairs per fully-covered 11 mm Capture Area for Fixed Frozen tissue types.

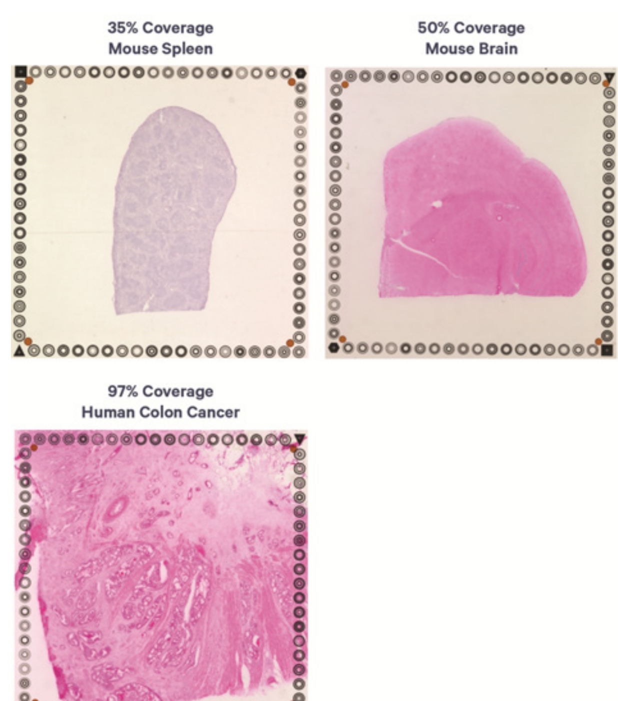
10x Genomics recommends calculating the minimum sequencing depth for libraries by multiplying the percentage of the Capture Area covered by tissue by 275 million read pairs for 6.5 mm slides and 825 million for 11 mm Visium HD slides. For example, a 6.5 mm Capture Area that is 50% covered tissue would require at least 137 million read pairs (0.50 X 275,000,000).

Calculating sequencing depth requires estimating the approximate Capture Area (%) covered by tissue. This may be performed visually or by using the Visium Manual Alignment Wizard in Loupe Browser for a more accurate

measurement. See examples below for estimating coverage area visually. If using Loupe Browser, the number of bins associated with tissue can be calculated during the "Identify Tissue" step. For more information, consult the 10x Genomics Support website.

Example: Sequencing Depth for a Sample

- **Estimate the approximate Capture Area (%)** covered by the tissue section.
- **Calculate total sequencing depth=** (Coverage Area x 275,000,000 read pairs
- **Example calculation for 50% coverage:** 0.50 x 275,000,000 read pairs = 137,500,000 total read pairs for that sample



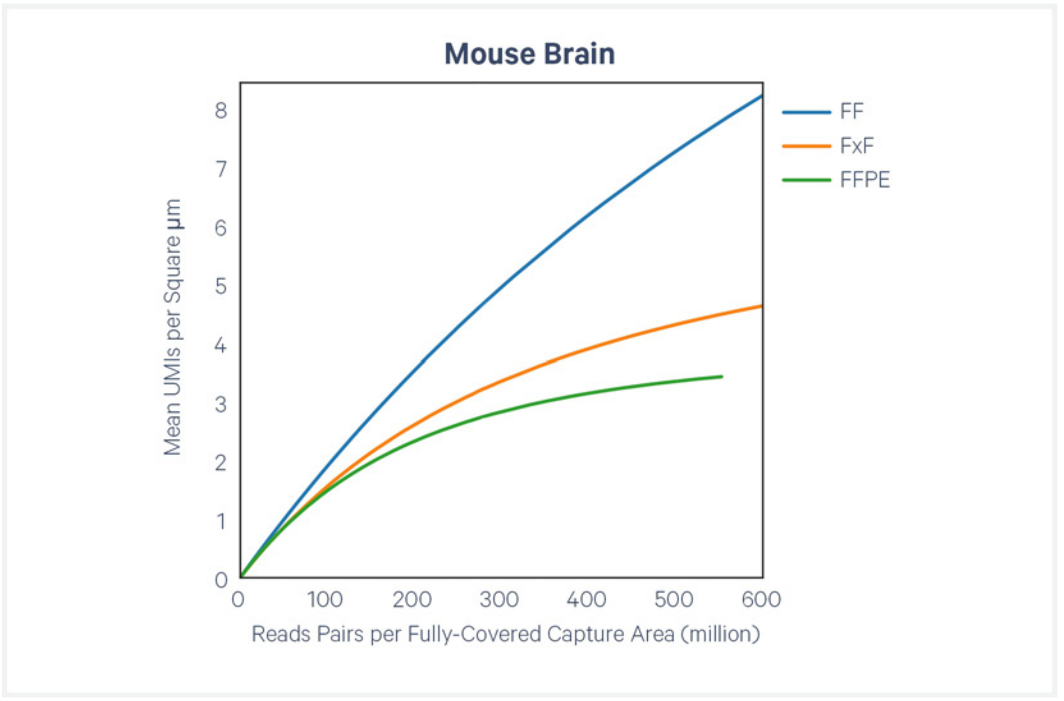
Sequencing saturation, at a particular sequencing depth, is driven by the complexity of the library and the percent usable read pairs. To achieve saturation with high complexity libraries (unique UMIs), more sequencing is required to read all unique UMIs present in the library. Saturation is achieved more efficiently (with fewer read pairs) for libraries with a high percentage of usable read pairs. The main driver of saturation for Visium HD libraries is library complexity.

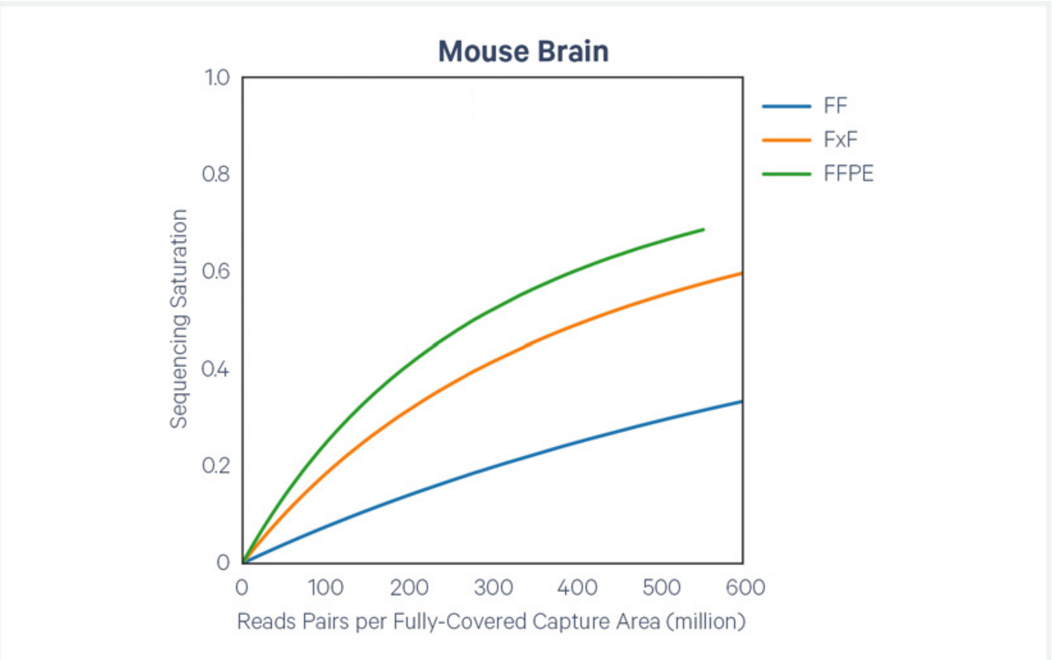
Visium HD library complexity, or the UMIs recovered from a tissue sample, is dependent on fixation method, tissue composition, tissue type, and RNA quality. Visium HD FF libraries will typically be more complex compared to equivalent FFPE tissue libraries. At a particular sequencing depth, a FF tissue run with Visium HD will typically result in a higher number of UMIs per square µm and a lower sequencing saturation compared to an equivalent FFPE sample of the same tissue type.

The figures below show the relationship between sequencing depth, sequencing saturation, and mean UMIs per square µm across different tissue preservation methods. The first graph shows the relationship between mean UMIs per square µm and sequencing depth. At the same sequencing depth, FF with good

RNA quality will typically have higher UMIs per square µm compared to FFPE. Around the recommended sequencing depth, the slope of the line representing the FFPE samples becomes smaller, indicating faster saturation and smaller increases in UMIs per square µm with additional sequencing.

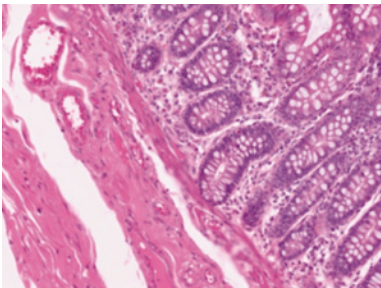
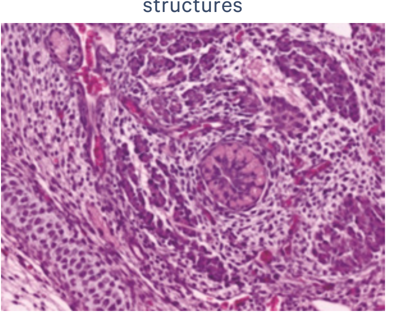
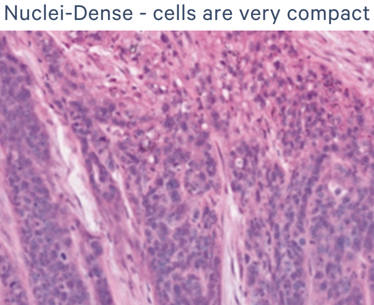
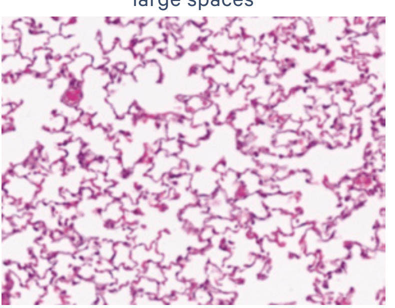
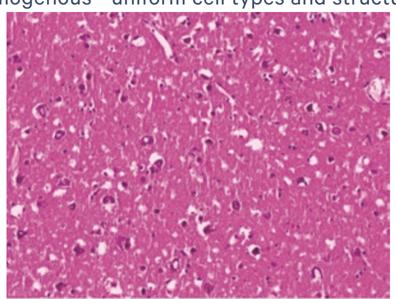
The second graph shows the relationship between sequencing depth and sequencing saturation for the same samples shown in the first graph. At the same sequencing depth, FF with good RNA quality will typically have lower saturation compared to FFPE due to higher complexity. In these cases, additional sequencing is often desirable.

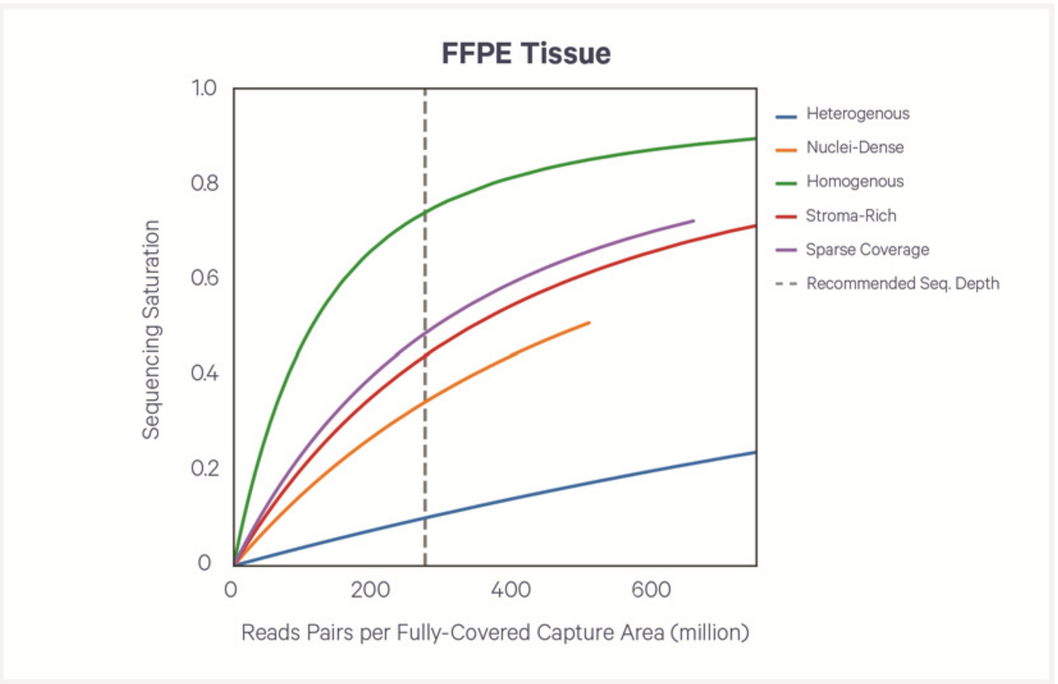



Mouse Brain
Sequencing Saturation
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0
0
100
200
300
400
500
600
Reads Pairs per Fully-Covered Capture Area (million)
FF
FxF
FFPE

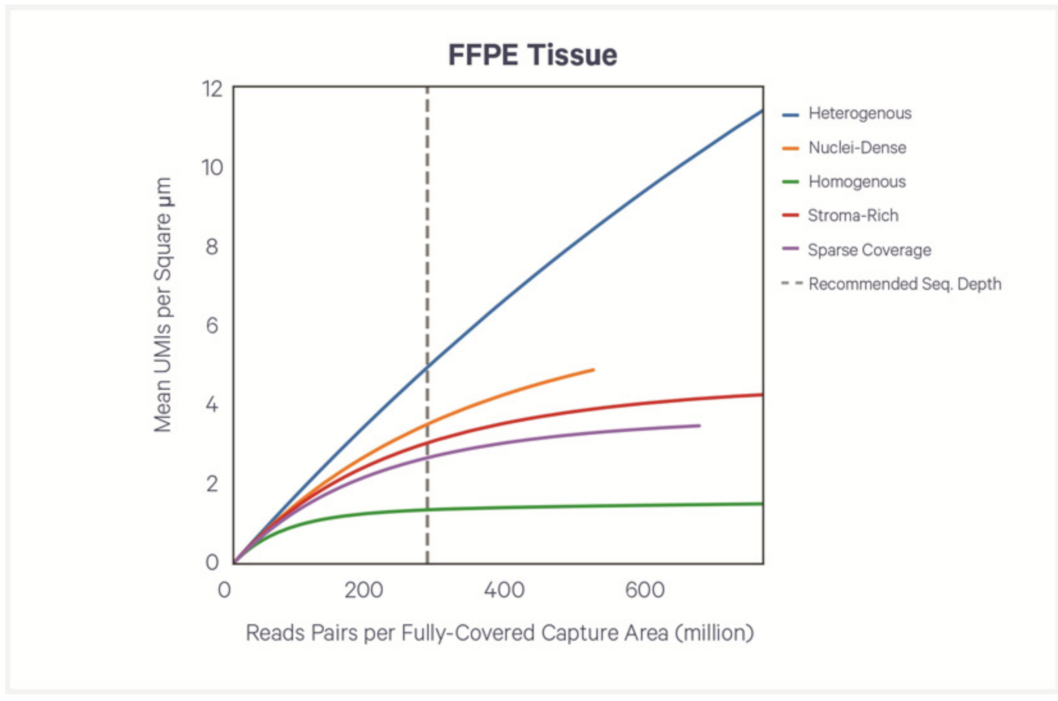
-

Tissue composition can also influence the ideal sequencing depth for a sample. The figures below demonstrate the relationship between sequencing depth and mean UMIs per square µm for a variety of sample types to help guide selection of sequencing depth. All H&E images below were taken at 20X magnification.

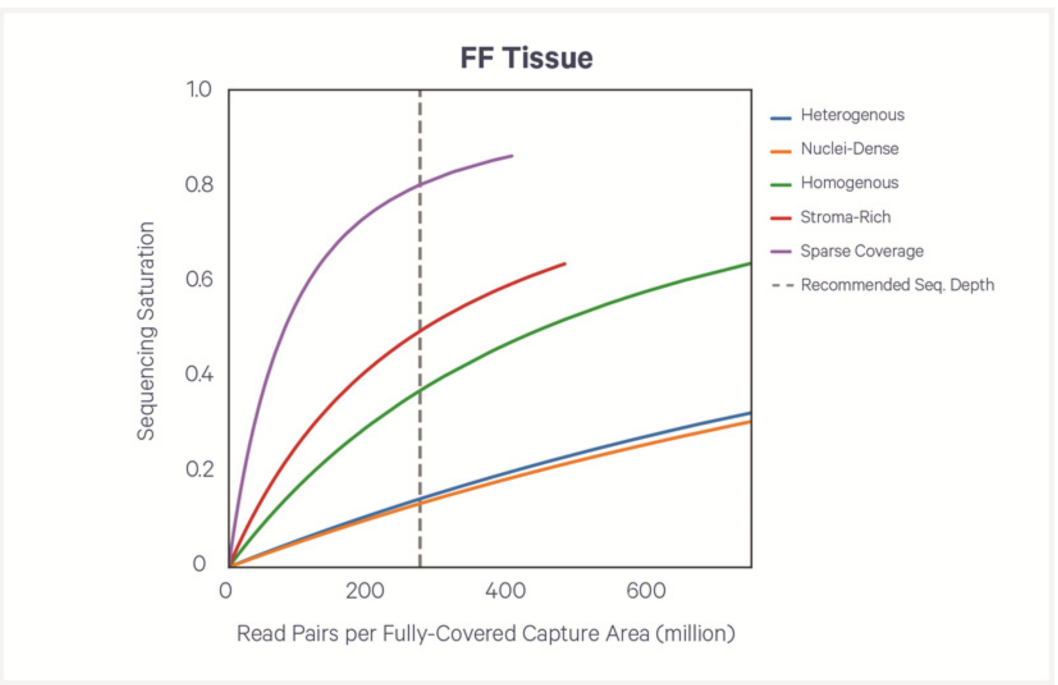
Tissue Compositions Tested	
Stroma-Rich - extracellular matrix, connective tissue, or adipose tissue 	Heterogenous - variety of cell types and structures 
Nuclei-Dense - cells are very compact 	Sparse Coverage - cells are separated by large spaces 
Homogenous - uniform cell types and structures 	



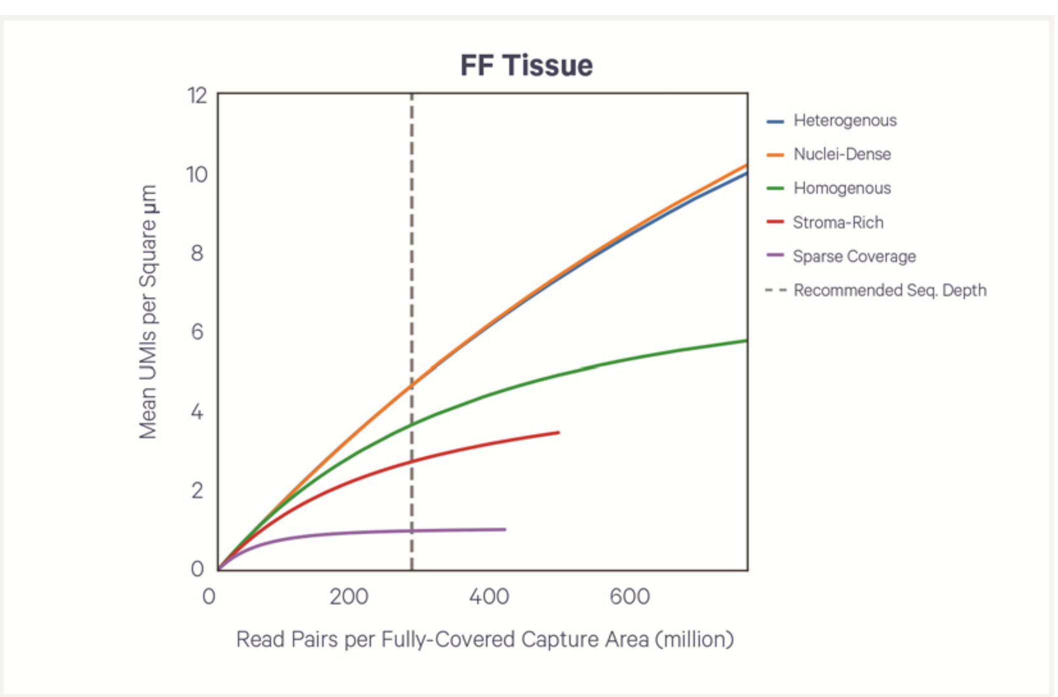
The above graph shows the relationship between sequencing saturation per sample and sequencing depth per sample.



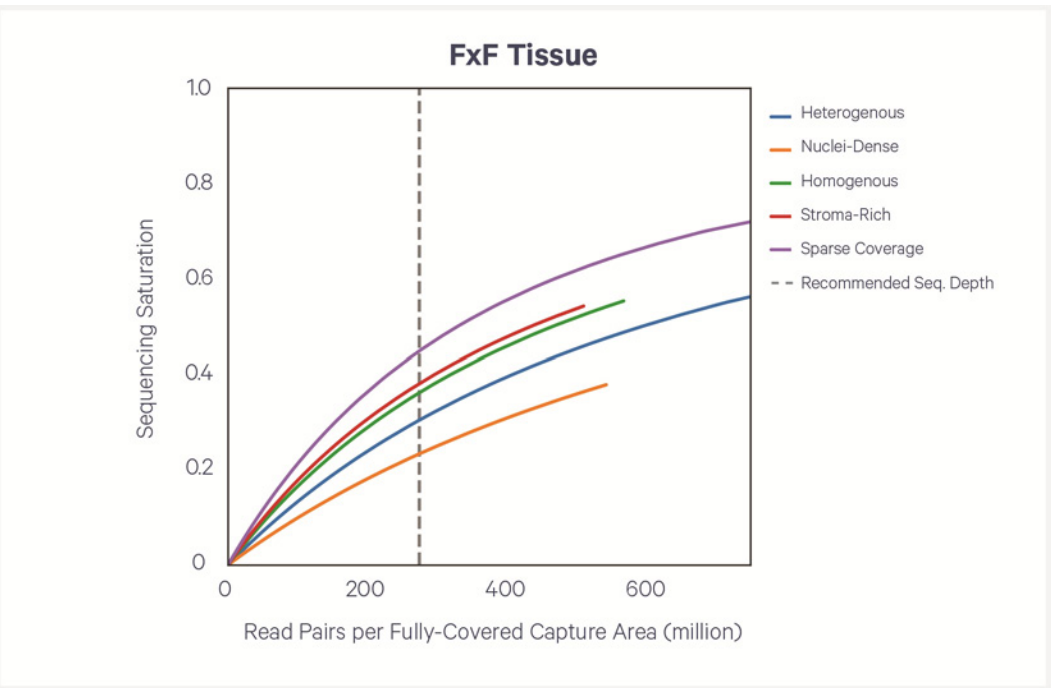
The above graph shows the relationship between mean UMIs per square µm of the Capture Area covered by tissue and sequencing depth per sample.



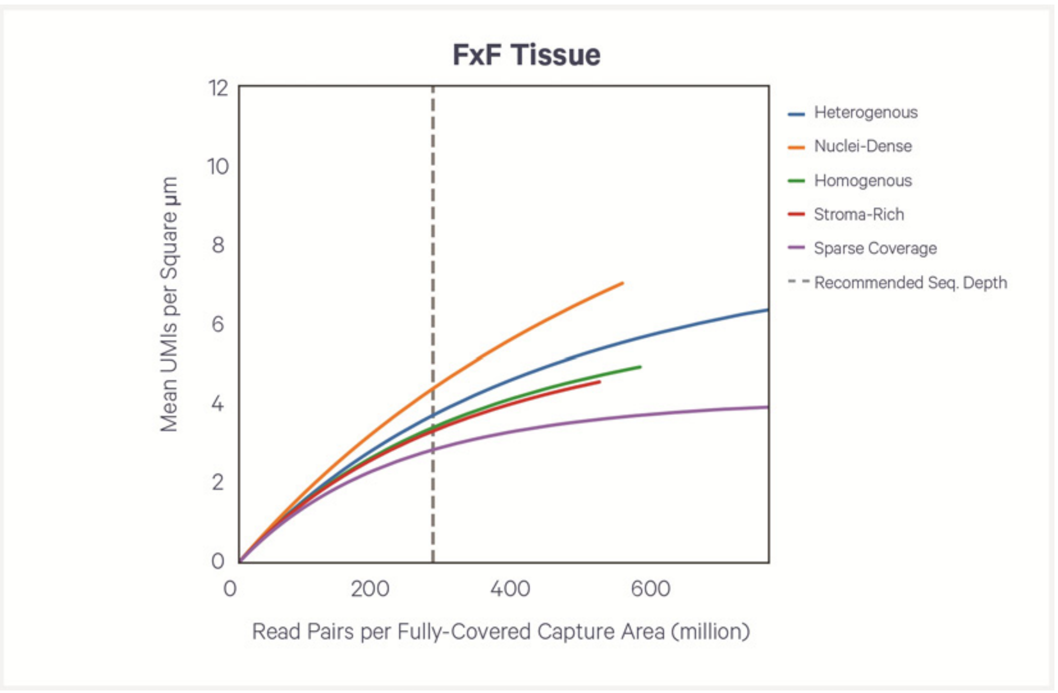
The above graph shows the relationship between sequencing saturation per sample and sequencing depth per sample.



The above graph shows the relationship between mean UMIs per square µm of the Capture Area covered by tissue and sequencing depth per sample.



The above graph shows the relationship between sequencing saturation per sample and sequencing depth per sample.



The above graph shows the relationship between mean UMIs per square µm of the Capture Area covered by tissue and sequencing depth per sample.

Sequencing Type & Run Parameters

Use the sequencing run type and parameters indicated.

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression - Probe-based Library
Paired-end, dual indexed sequencing
Read 1T: 43 cycles i7 Index: 10 cycles i5 Index: 10 cycles Read 2S: 50 cycles

Illumina Sequencer Compatibility

The compatibility of the listed sequencers has been verified by 10x Genomics. Some variation in assay performance is expected based on sequencer choice.

- NextSeq 2000
- NovaSeq 6000
- NovaSeq X Plus

Sample Indices

Each well of the Dual Index Kit TS Set A (PN-1000251) contains a mix of one unique i7 and one unique i5 sample index. If multiple samples are pooled in a sequence lane, the sample index name (i.e. the Dual Index Plate TS Set A plate well ID, SI-TS-) is needed in the sample sheet used for generating FASTQs with “spaceranger mkfastq”. Samples utilizing the same sample index should not be pooled together or run on the same flow cell lane, as this would not enable correct sample demultiplexing.

Color balance in the index read is important for optimal quality and demultiplexing results. For example, when pooling samples on the NovaSeq X Series instruments, Illumina recommends avoiding index combinations which only have signals from A bases, G bases, or G+A bases in any given cycle. Refer to Illumina’s guidance on index color balancing.

Library Pooling

Visium HD libraries derived from samples prepared using different methods (such as FFPE, FF, FxF) may be pooled for sequencing, taking into account differences in tissue-covered spot on a Capture Area and per-spot read depth requirements.

Pooling Visium HD libraries with other 10x Genomics libraries is not recommended due to their unique sequencing configuration: R1: 43, i7:10,

i5:10, R2: 50. Additionally, on NovaSeq X Plus, Visium libraries cluster optimally at a higher loading concentration (300-400 pM) than most Single Cell Gene Expression libraries (150-200 pM). Limited testing of Visium HD and Flex libraries pooled at a 1:1 molar ratio at range of concentrations on NovaSeq X Plus did not yield any equal sequencing representation of Visium HD and Flex libraries, likely due to the differences in optimal loading concentrations for each library type.

Library Loading

Library quantification should be done with the KAPA DNA Quantification Kit using the average insert size determined by Agilent Bioanalyzer, Perkin Elmer LabChip, or Agilent TapeStation QC. Alternate methods to KAPA qPCR for final library concentration may result in underquantification and consequently overloading.

Once quantified and normalized, libraries should be denatured and diluted as recommended for Illumina sequencing platforms. Consult Illumina documentation for denaturing and diluting libraries.

Instrument	Loading Concentration (pM)	PhiX (%)
NextSeq 2000	650	1
NovaSeq 6000 Standard	100-150	1
NovaSeq 6000 XP Workflow	150-200	1
NovaSeq X Plus	300-400	1

Sequencing Metrics

FFPE samples were processed according to documentation listed in the Workflow Overview on page 15. Libraries were pooled and sequenced at the indicated run parameters to generate the % Base and % ≥Q30 plots shown in the following figures. These same libraries were used to illustrate sequence compatibility. All libraries were quantified with the KAPA DNA Quantification Kit and sequenced with 1% PhiX. Though only FFPE libraries are shown in this section, libraries from fresh frozen (FF) and fixed frozen (FxF) tissue sections are expected to perform similarly. All libraries followed the following sequencing configuration and run parameters:

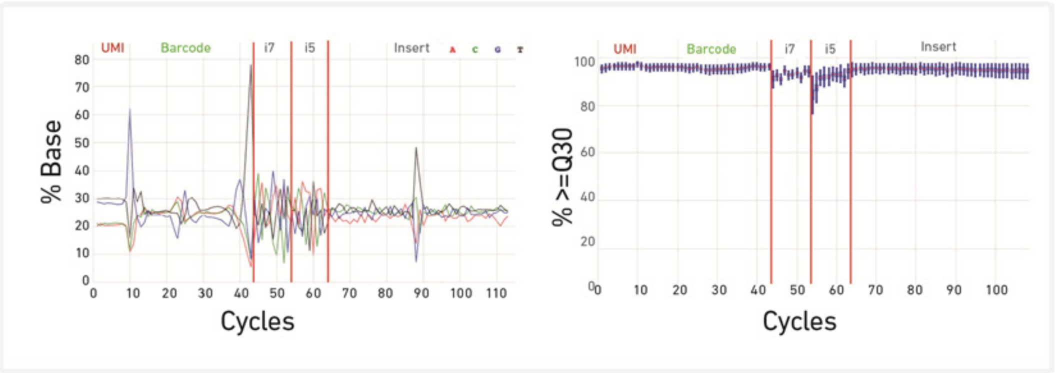
- Targeted sequencing depth: Minimum of 275 million read pairs multiplied by fraction Visium HD slide tissue coverage.
- Paired-end, dual indexing: Read 1: 43 cycles; i7 Index: 10 cycles; i5 Index: 10 cycles; Read 2: 50 cycles

% Base by cycle and % ≥Q30 Quality Score distribution showed highly consistent profiles for all sequencing platforms tested. The data serve as guidelines for assessing the quality of library sequencing. Additional factors that may contribute to overall success of a sequencing run and impact downstream application performance metrics include:

- Starting with a high-quality tissue block.
- Generating sequencing data from sections that remain adhered to the slide.
- Final libraries with fragment lengths within the expected size range for each library type.
- Reliable and accurate library quantification using the KAPA qPCR DNA Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms (Roche, KK4824) and the average insert size determined by Agilent Bioanalyzer, Perkin Elmer LabChip, or Agilent TapeStation QC. Alternative methods to KAPA qPCR, such as Qubit, for final library quantification may result in underquantification and result in overloading flow cells.
- Sequencing platform loading concentrations follow recommendations described in Library Pooling on page 117, which are based on KAPA qPCR quantification. Overloading/over-clustering may result in poor run performance, decrease sequencing quality, and lower total data output as compared to optimally loaded runs. The loading recommendations for an individual sequencer are listed as general guidance and additional optimization may be required.

Probe-based Libraries

Representative % Base and % ≥Q30 plots are from a pool of sixteen Probe-based libraries sequenced on a NovaSeq 6000 SP flow cell.



Libraries were sequenced on the NextSeq 2000, NovaSeq 6000 and NovaSeq X Plus. "Data by Cycle" plots from the Illumina SAV software displaying the percentage of base calls and Q30 quality scores are shown. Mapped Reads (%) refers to Reads Mapped Confidently to Probe Set for Probe-based (GEX).

Instr.	Load Conc. (pM)	% Occupancy	%PF	R1	R2	R1	i7	i5	R2	GEX
				Yield per Lane (Gb)		% ≥Q30				Mapped Reads (%)
NextSeq 2000	650	81.2	73.1	51.4	59.9	95.6	96.6	95.1	94.4	97.2
NovaSeq 6000 SP	300	93.2	82.8	135	160	95	92	89	93	92.1
NovaSeq X Plus	400	84.7	71.79	41.4	48.3	95.9	94.6	94.7	95.3	97.7

Troubleshooting

Before CytAssist Instrument Run

1. Number of Washes

Post hybridization and post ligation washes are critical for assay performance. Failure to perform the correct number of washes can reduce the fraction of targeted reads usable (see table below). A similar effect is observed when washing for less than the recommended 5 min, or when reagent is carried over during the washes. Remove all liquid from the well when washing, and refer to User Guide for correct number of washes and incubation times.

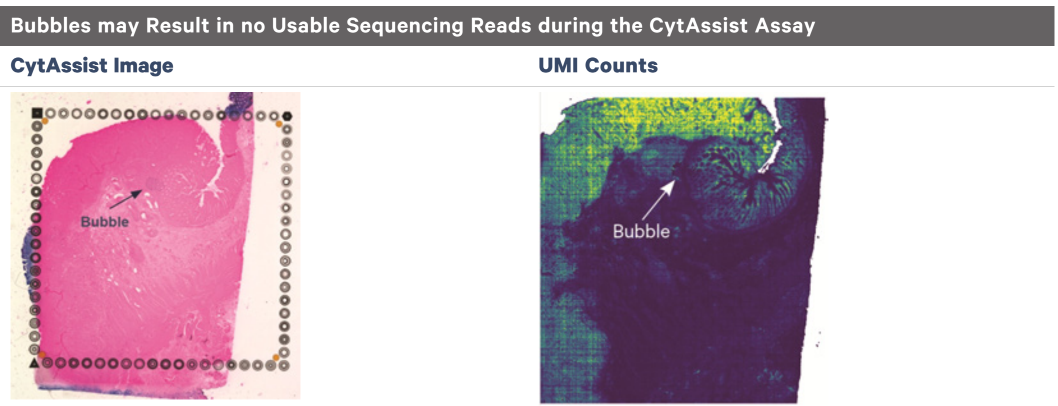
Wash	Number of Washes	Fraction Reads Usable (Mean)
Post Hybridization Wash	1	0.29
	2	0.41
	3	0.79
Post Ligation Washes	1	0.69
	2	0.75

2. Inadequate Visium HD Slide Preparation

- Leaving Visium HD Slide in 0.1X SSC inside slide mailer longer than 4 h after Visium HD Slide washing may result in spacer detachment.
- Failure to remove excess liquid from the back of the Visium HD Slide before loading the slide onto the Visium CytAssist may result in distorted fiducial imaging, which can impact fiducial registration.
- Insufficient drying of Visium HD Slide prior to instrument run may result in bubble entrapment and uneven flow of reagents.

During CytAssist Instrument Run

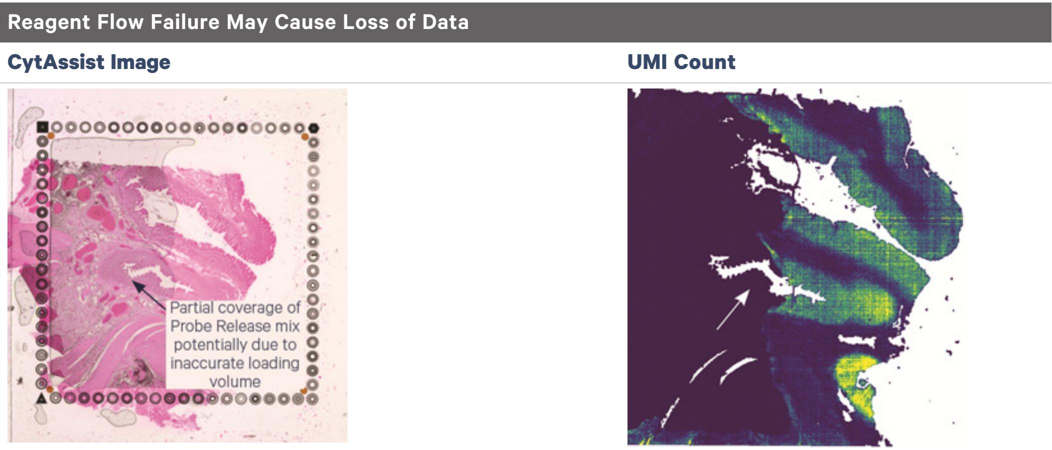
1. Bubbles Trapped During Visium CytAssist Run



Bubbles during a sample run are rare, but may result in a lack of useable reads in the tissue area where the bubbled occurred. The most common cause of bubbles is incomplete drying of the tissue slide and/or the Visium HD slide. Bubbles can also result from inaccurate dispensing volume of reagents onto the slide. Ensure that the entire spacer chamber is inspected for bubbles, not just the Capture Area. Ensure that the entire spacer chamber is also dry during the drying step, not just the Capture Area.

Avoid generating bubbles during reagent dispensing by pipetting slowly and avoiding expelling air from the pipette tip. Additionally, ensure that the frosted area of the tissue slides are outside of the alignment guide lines on the Tissue Slide Stage and that tissue slides are compatible with the CytAssist instrument. Consult the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Protocol Planner (CG000698) for information on tested slides.

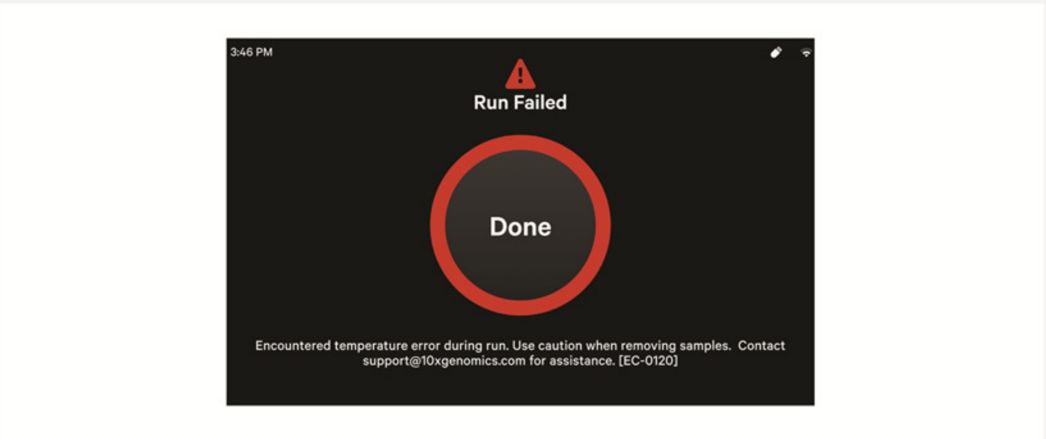
2. Reagent Flow Failure



Inappropriate flow of reagents during a Visium CytAssist experiment run may result in transcript mislocation. This may be caused by improper loading of Probe Release Mix onto the Visium HD Slide or debris on the Visium HD Slide. If the UMI map appears abnormal (complete loss of UMIs from a significant portion of the tissue), contact support@10xgenomics.com.

Ensure that frosted areas of the tissue slide are not within the dashed zone on the Visium Tissue Slide Stage. Keep Visium slides and tissue slides free from physical damage, dust, and debris. After Eosin wash, remove as much PBS as possible by flicking the tissue slide and wiping any remaining droplets around tissue with a lint-free laboratory wipe. Both tissues slides and Visium HD slides should be completely dry. SeeLint-free Laboratory Wipes on page 26 for more information.

3. Visium CytAssist Overheating

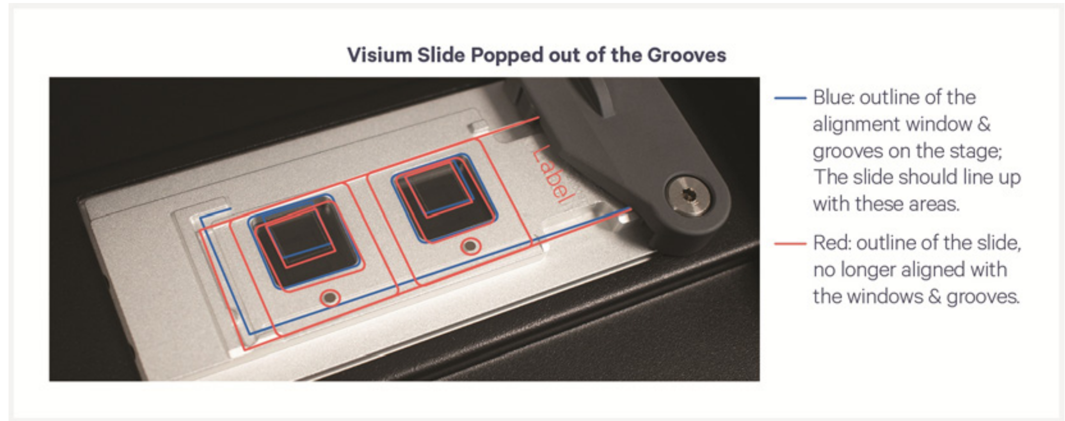


If the Visium CytAssist instrument overheats during an experiment run, the run will fail. A warning message will appear instructing users to carefully remove slides and contact support@10xgenomics.com.

After CytAssist Instrument Run

1. Slide Popped Off of Visium Slide Stage

Upon opening the lid after a successful run, the Visium slide may pop out of the grooves on the Visium Slide Stage. This does not impact assay performance or slide quality.



2. Visium HD Slide Removal Delayed

A delay in removing and processing the Visium HD Slide after run completion may impact data quality. Immediately proceed with slide washes while adjacent to the instrument.

3. High Cq Value

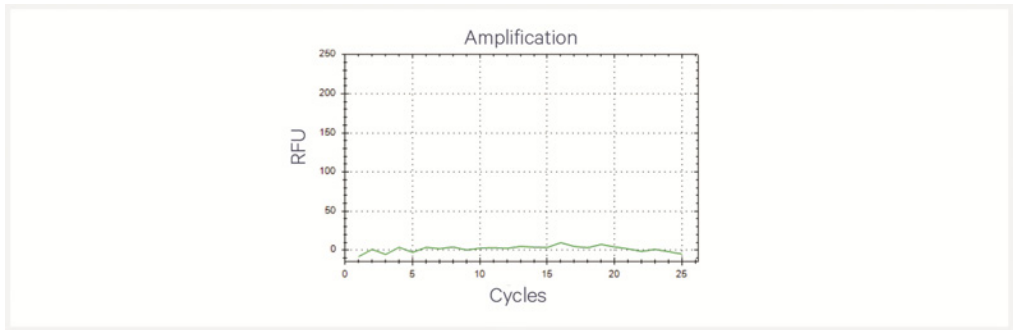
Cq values higher than 15 may indicate a workflow error. Tissues that are small, not complex (e.g. high amounts of connective tissue), or are poor quality may result in higher Cq values (15-20) than expected. 10x Genomics does not recommend proceeding with the assay if Cq values are higher than 20. Contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.

4. No qPCR Amplification

No amplification during Cycle Number Determination may be due to the following:

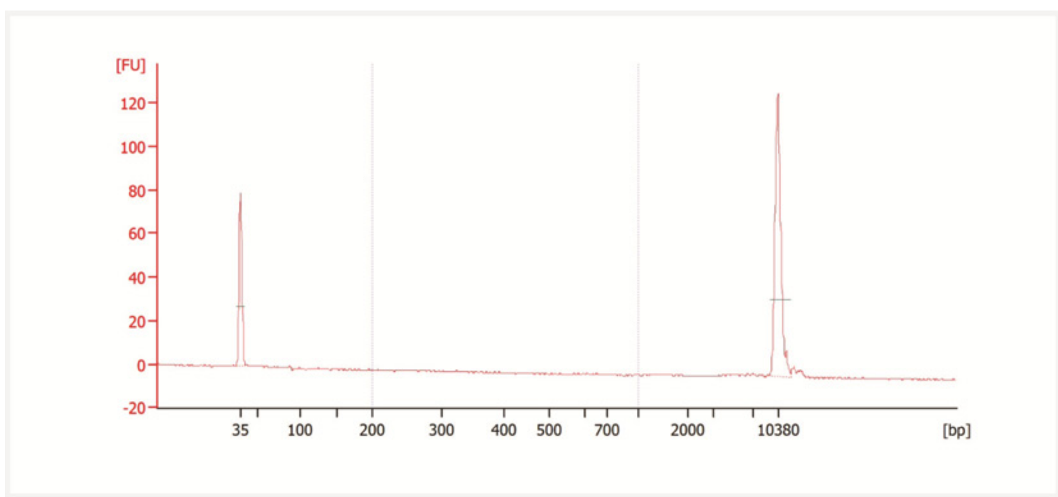
- Incorrect qPCR machine programming (i.e. detecting a fluorophore other than SYBR Green)
- Issues with pipetting small volumes

- Failure to neutralize KOH
- Failure to add primers to pre-amp or qPCR mix
- Unusually low recovery from tissue due to high percentage of connective tissue in Capture Area
- Incorrect preparation of Probe Release Mix
- Mistake in Probe Release Mix addition timing
- Leakage from the cassette during workflow



5. Flat Line in Bioanalyzer Library Trace

A normal qPCR output but no peak visible in the Bioanalyzer trace may be due to a mistake in the SI-PCR step, errors during SPRIselect cleanup, an overdilution of the final library, Bioanalyzer issue, or thermal cycler failure.

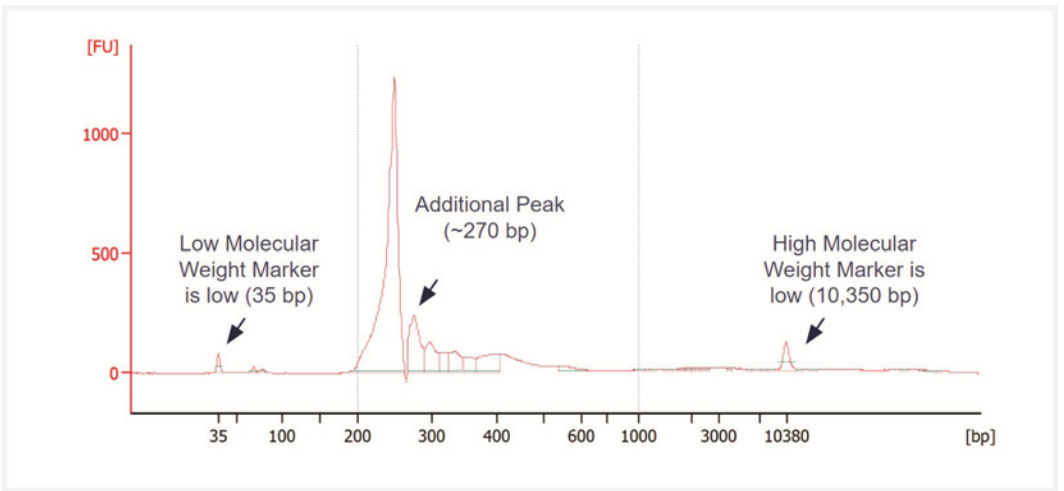


6. Traces with Additional Peaks

Overloaded Trace

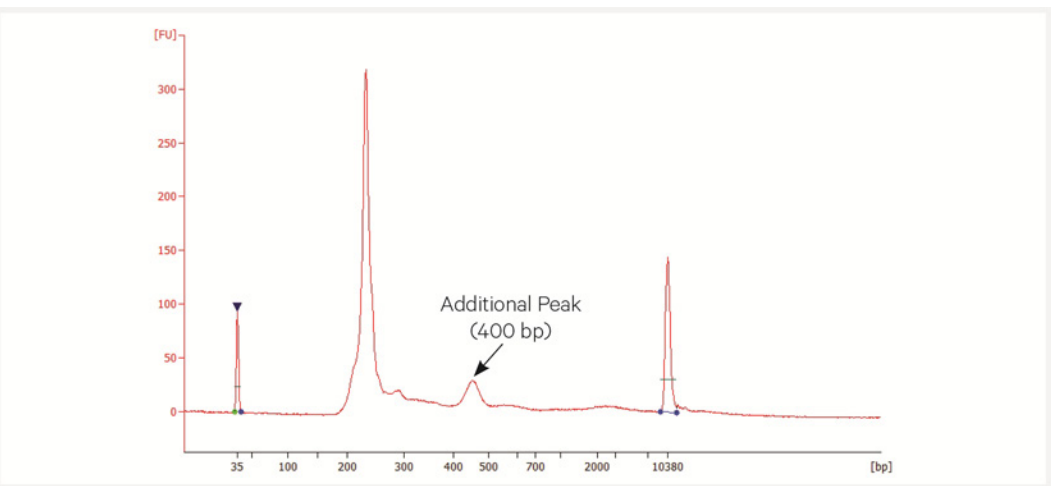
The image below is an example of an overloaded trace. Note the double peak at around 270 bp. The low and high molecular weight markers are in low

abundance compared to the sample. Ensure the library was diluted prior to loading per protocol recommendations. If the library was diluted, ensure the library concentration is within the specification range of the automated electrophoresis kit being used. The library can be quantified using an Invitrogen Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit and diluted further if appropriate.



Overamplified Trace

The image below is an example of an overamplified trace. Note peak at 400 bp.



Ensure interpretation of qPCR plot is correct. If necessary, batch samples into separate SI-PCR runs if Cq is > 1 cycle. If batching samples, the cycle number determined should be ±1. If needed, select the value in between.

For example, a sample with Cq value of 7.5 should go through 9 cycles during SI-PCR (round up to 8 and add 1) and a sample with a Cq value of 9.2 should go through 11 cycles during SI-PCR (round up to 10 and add 1). If running together, samples should undergo 10 cycles during SI-PCR.

Issues Impacting Tissue Analysis

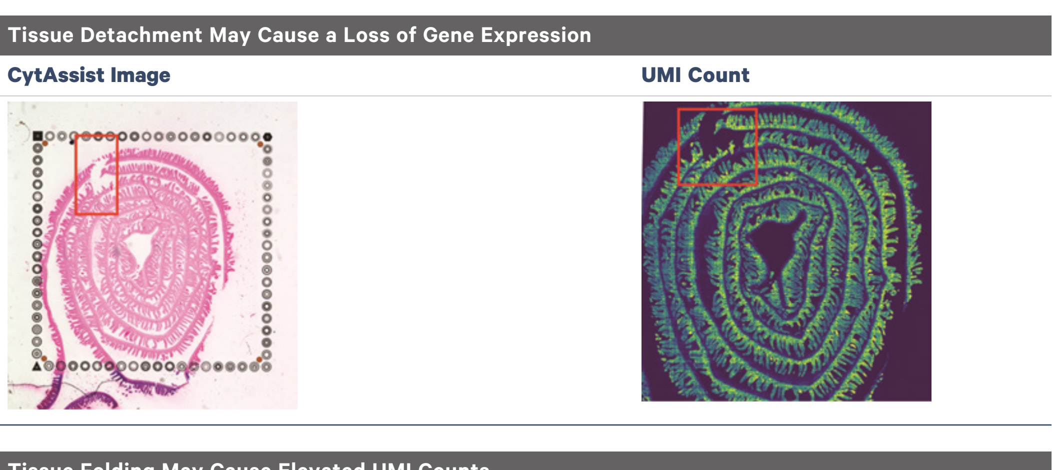
1. Tissue Detachment and Folding

Tissue detachment may result in a lack of Fraction Reads Usable in the region where detachment occurred. If the tissue has folded on itself, this may also cause elevated UMI counts in the overlapping areas or a loss of spatiality due to ineffective permeabilization. Tissue folding may also cause lower UMI capture. Inspect images carefully to identify these areas.

Ensure that slides tested by 10x Genomics were used for tissue placement. For a list of tested slides, refer to the Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression Application Protocol Planner (CG000698). For more information, consult the sample preparation documentation described in Workflow Overview on page 15.

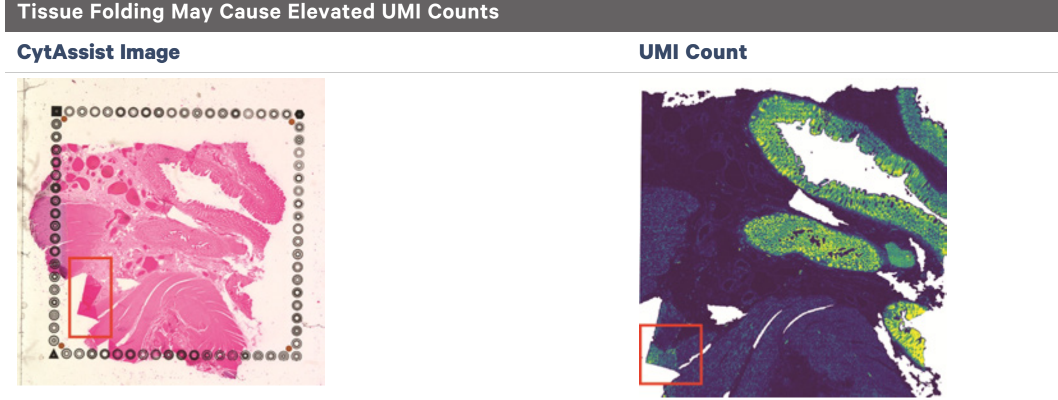
Tissue Detachment May Cause a Loss of Gene Expression

CytAssist Image	UMI Count



Tissue Folding May Cause Elevated UMI Counts

CytAssist Image	UMI Count

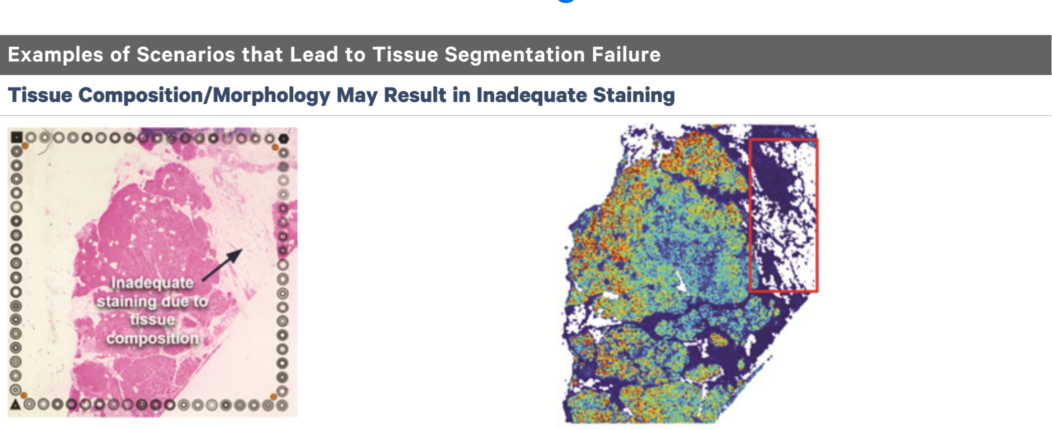


2. Area of Interest Not Within Allowable Area

Area of Interest Outside of Allowable Area is Not Analyzed	
Tissue Larger than Capture Area	**Tissue Not Properly Aligned**
AOI Outside Allowable Area	

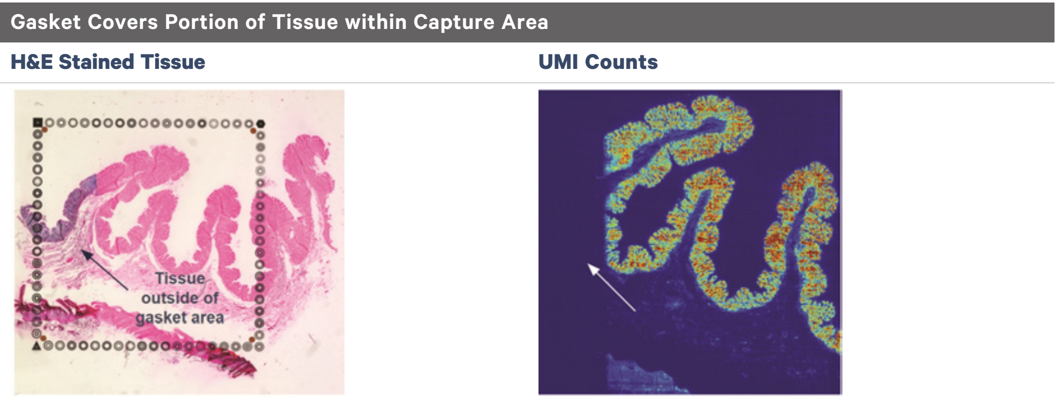
Areas of interest that are not placed within the allowable area on compatible glass slides will not be analyzed. This may occur if the tissue is larger than the Capture Area or if the tissue slide is not properly aligned when loading onto the Tissue Slide Stage. Tissue outside of the allowable area is fine if the tissue outside the allowable area is not an area of interest. Consult the Visium HD Protocol Planner (CG000698) for information on tested glass slides.

3. Tissue Segmentation Failure due to High Connective Tissue

Examples of Scenarios that Lead to Tissue Segmentation Failure
Tissue Composition/Morphology May Result in Inadequate Staining


Space Ranger may fail to detect tissue for a variety of reasons, which may necessitate manual fiducial alignment and tissue detection via Loupe Browser. If the contrast between background and tissue is poor (due to inadequate staining, technical error, or tissue composition) tissue segmentation failure may occur. Consider processing H&E images through Space Ranger's segmentation pipeline (spaceranger segment) prior to proceeding with the assay to gauge expected performance. For troubleshooting tips related to image quality, refer to the Visium HD Spatial Applications Imaging Guidelines Technical Note (Document CG000688).

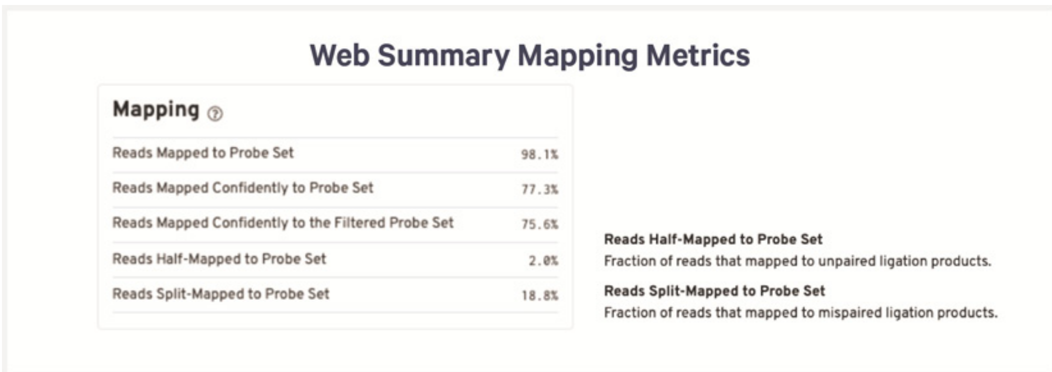
4. Tissue within Capture Area Not Analyzed



If the gasket covers a portion of the tissue within the Capture Area, that area will not be exposed to the appropriate reagents; thus, probes will not be captured. In the example above, a lack of destaining on the left side of the tissue implies that this area was obscured by the gasket. Though the area is within the Capture Area, probe capture will not occur due to this obstruction. Gasket obstruction may be caused by improper gasket assembly, resulting in the gasket being placed directly onto areas of interest. In Loupe Browser, manual alignment must be performed to exclude the tissue area obscured by the gasket. Ensure that the area of interest is centered within the gasket.

Additionally, tissue placed within the Capture Area may be excluded from the assay workflow due to improper tissue slide alignment when loading the tissue slide into the Visium CytAssist instrument.

5. High Split-Mapped or Half-Mapped Reads

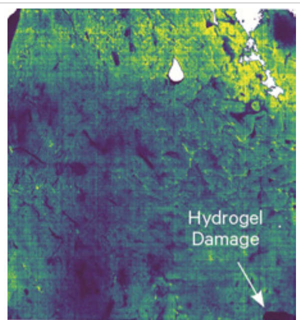


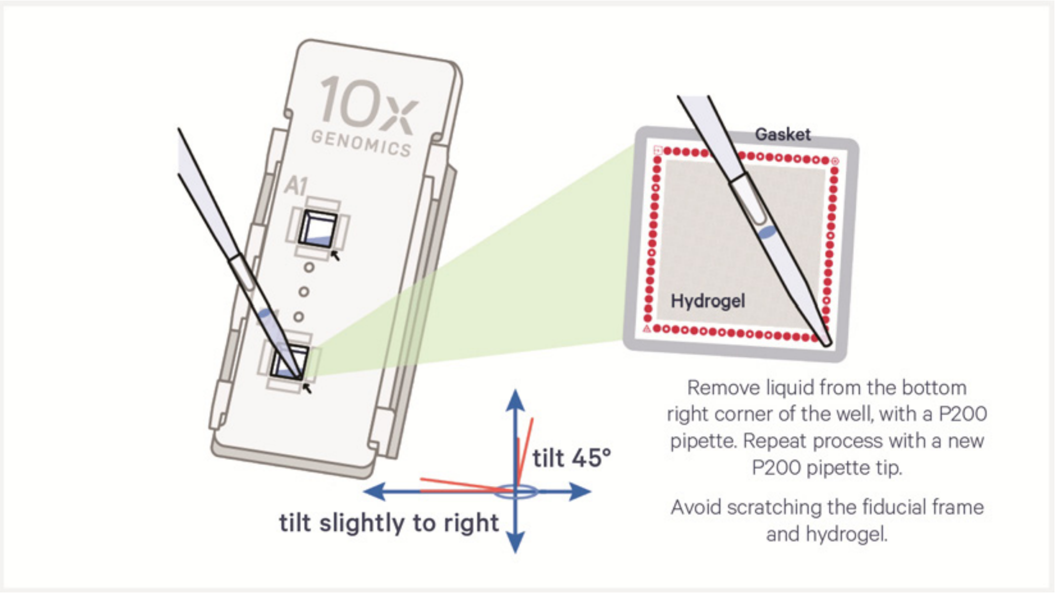
High split-mapped or half-mapped reads can result from insufficient and/or inefficient washing of the tissue (especially during the post-hybridization and post-ligation wash steps), poor tissue quality, or poor sample preparation. Follow all best practices, including:

- Following all sample preparation guidelines outlined in the appropriate tissue handbook (see Workflow Overview on page 15 for documentation).
- Completely removing residual liquid prior to proceeding to subsequent steps (e.g. using a P20 pipette to remove residual volume, tilting the cassette to collect the liquid at a corner, see illustration below)
- Performing the wash steps close to the thermal cycler
- Ensuring that the tissue section(s) do not dry out during the washes.
- Checking that the cassette is fully seated on the Low Profile Thermocycler Adapter between performing each wash
- Cassette is fully sealed when necessary to prevent evaporation
- Ensuring that the thermal cycler lid is set to the appropriate temperature to prevent condensation during the incubation steps.

6. Data Loss due to Hydrogel Damage

Damage to the hydrogel may result in data loss. Avoid damaging the hydrogel by adhering to best practices when removing reagent from the well as described in Reagent Addition to & Removal from Wells on page 29. In the example below, a scratch on the hydrogel noted by the arrow has resulted in a loss of UMI count.

Hydrogel Damage May Result in Data Loss
UMI Count




Appendix

HD Workflow Overview for Processing 4 Tissue Slides with 1 Visium CytAssist Instrument 135

HD Workflow Overview for Processing 4 Tissue Slides with 2 Visium CytAssist Instruments 137

Post Library Construction Quantification 140

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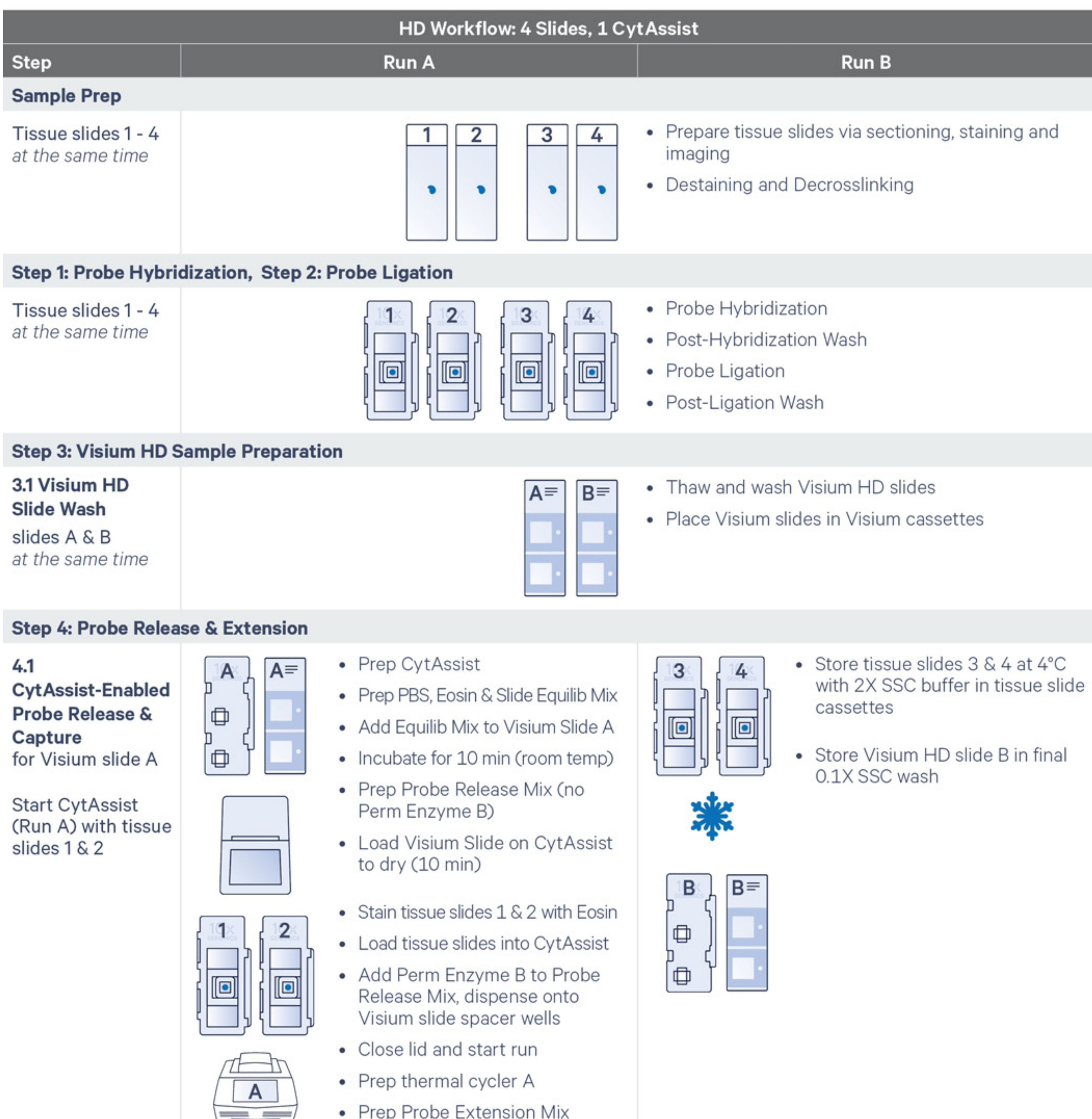
Oligonucleotide Sequences 143

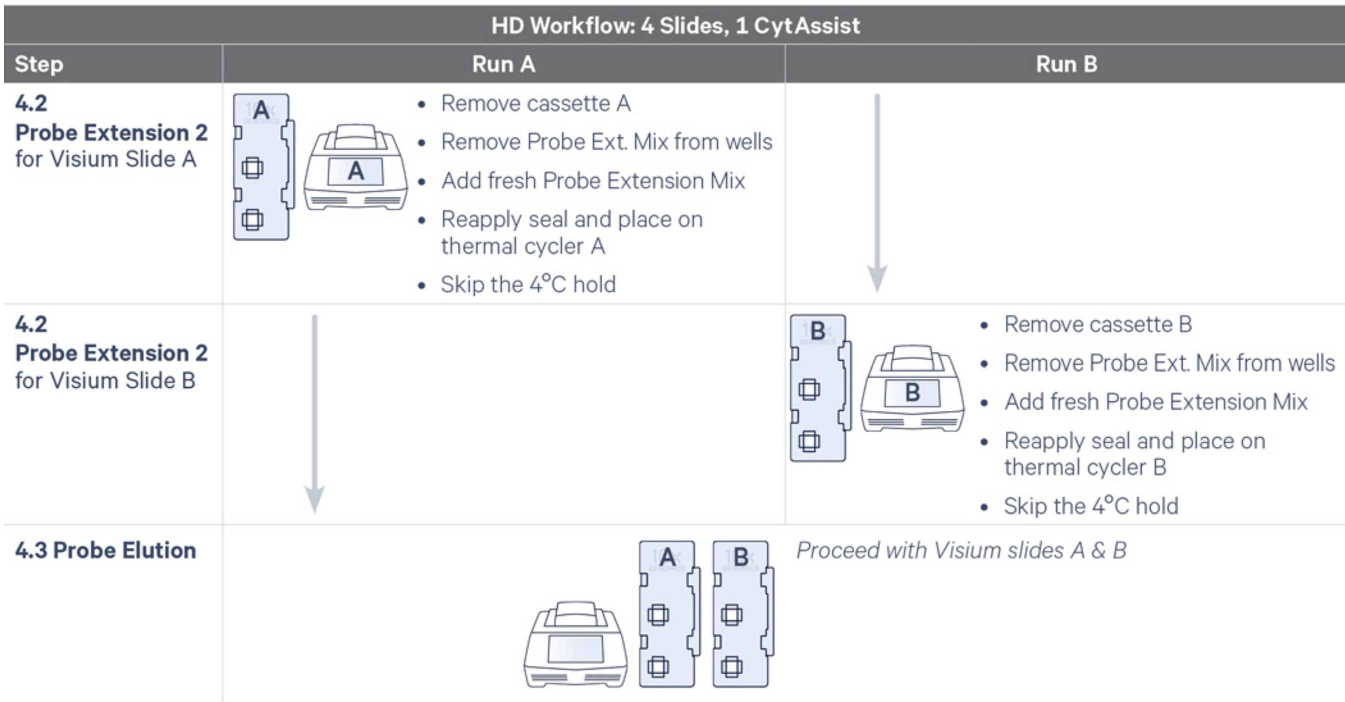
HD Workflow Overview for Processing 4 Tissue Slides with 1 Visium CytAssist Instrument

To execute this workflow, two thermal cyclers are required. This table is meant as a reference only. Consult the detailed steps in this user guide for execution.



HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 1 CytAssist		
Step	**Run A**	**Run B**
Sample Prep		
Tissue slides 1 - 4 *at the same time*		• Prepare tissue slides via sectioning, staining and imaging • Destaining and Decrosslinking
Step 1: Probe Hybridization, Step 2: Probe Ligation		
Tissue slides 1 - 4 *at the same time*		• Probe Hybridization • Post-Hybridization Wash • Probe Ligation • Post-Ligation Wash
Step 3: Visium HD Sample Preparation		
3.1 Visium HD Slide Wash slides A & B *at the same time*		• Thaw and wash Visium HD slides • Place Visium slides in Visium cassettes
Step 4: Probe Release & Extension		
4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture for Visium slide A Start CytAssist (Run A) with tissue slides 1 & 2	• Prep CytAssist • Prep PBS, Eosin & Slide Equilib Mix • Add Equilib Mix to Visium Slide A • Incubate for 10 min (room temp) • Prep Probe Release Mix (no Perm Enzyme B) • Load Visium Slide on CytAssist to dry (10 min) • Stain tissue slides 1 & 2 with Eosin • Load tissue slides into CytAssist • Add Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix, dispense onto Visium slide spacer wells • Close lid and start run • Prep thermal cycler A • Prep Probe Extension Mix	• Store tissue slides 3 & 4 at 4°C with 2X SSC buffer in tissue slide cassettes • Store Visium HD slide B in final 0.1X SSC wash

HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 1 CytAssist		
Step	**Run A**	**Run B**
Equilibration for tissue slides 3 & 4 *during Run A*	*Once CytAssist has completed the run and is cooling down, begin equilibration for slides 3 & 4.*	• Remove slides 3 & 4 from storage • Equilibrate for 5 min (room temp.)
CytAssist (Run A) complete	• Open CytAssist • Wash Visium slide A • Place in Visium Cassette	
4.2 Probe Extension 1 for Visium Slide A	• Add Probe Extension Mix • Apply seal and place on thermal cycler A	
Ensure 20 min cool-down period after completion of Run A Start CytAssist (Run B) with tissue slides 3 & 4		• Prep CytAssist • Prep PBS, Eosin & Slide Equilib Mix • Add Equilib Mix to Visium Slide B • Incubate for 10 min (room temp) • Prep Probe Release Mix (no Perm Enzyme B) • Load Visium Slide on CytAssist to dry (10 min) • Stain tissue slides 3 & 4 with Eosin • Load tissue Slides into CytAssist • Add Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix, dispense onto Visium slide spacer wells • Close lid and start run • Prep thermal cycler B • Prep Probe Extension Mix
CytAssist (Run B) complete		• Open CytAssist • Wash Visium slide B • Place in Visium Cassette
4.2 Probe Extension 1 for Visium Slide B		• Add Probe Extension Mix • Apply seal and place on thermal cycler B



HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 1 CytAssist		
Step	**Run A**	**Run B**
4.2 Probe Extension 2 for Visium Slide A	• Remove cassette A • Remove Probe Ext. Mix from wells • Add fresh Probe Extension Mix • Reapply seal and place on thermal cycler A • Skip the 4°C hold	
4.2 Probe Extension 2 for Visium Slide B		• Remove cassette B • Remove Probe Ext. Mix from wells • Add fresh Probe Extension Mix • Reapply seal and place on thermal cycler B • Skip the 4°C hold
4.3 Probe Elution		*Proceed with Visium slides A & B*

HD Workflow Overview for Processing 4 Tissue Slides with 2 Visium CytAssist Instruments

To execute this workflow, two thermal cyclers are required. This table is meant as a reference only. Consult the detailed steps in this user guide for execution.

HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 2 CytAssists		
Step	**Run A, CytAssist A**	**Run B, CytAssist B**
Sample Prep		
Tissue slides 1 - 4 *at the same time*	1 2 3 4	• Prepare tissue slides via sectioning, staining and imaging • Destaining and Decrosslinking
Step 1: Probe Hybridization, Step 2: Probe Ligation		
Tissue slides 1 - 4 *at the same time*	1 2 3 4	• Probe Hybridization • Post-Hybridization Wash • Probe Ligation • Post-Ligation Wash
Step 3: Visium HD Sample Preparation		
3.1 Visium HD Slide Wash slides A & B *at the same time*	A B	• Thaw and wash Visium HD slides • Place Visium slides in Visium cassettes

HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 2 CytAssists		
Step	**Run A, CytAssist A**	**Run B, CytAssist B**
Step 4: Probe Release & Extension		
4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture for Runs A & B		• Prep CytAssist A • Prep PBS, Eosin & Slide Equilibration Mix for Runs A & B
4.1 CytAssist-Enabled Probe Release & Capture for Visium slide A Start CytAssist A with tissue slides 1 & 2	• Add Equilib Mix to Visium Slide A • Incubate for 10 min (room temp) • Prep Probe Release Mix (no Perm Enzyme B) • Load Visium Slide on CytAssist to dry (10 min) • Stain Tissue slides 1 & 2 with Eosin • Load Tissue Slides into CytAssist • Add Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix, dispense onto Visium slide spacer wells • Close lid and start run • Prep thermal cycler A • Prep Probe Extension Mix	• Store tissue slides 3 & 4 at 4°C with 2X SSC buffer in tissue slide cassettes • Store Visium HD slide B in final 0.1X SSC wash with Visium Slide Seal
Equilibration for tissue slides 3 & 4		• Remove slides 3 & 4 from storage • Equilibrate for 5 min (room temp.)
Start CytAssist B with tissue slides 3 & 4		• Prep CytAssist B • Add Equilib Mix to Visium Slide B • Incubate for 10 min (room temp) • Prep Probe Release Mix (no Perm Enzyme B) • Load Visium Slide on CytAssist to dry (10 min) • Stain tissue slides 3 & 4 with Eosin • Load tissue Slides into CytAssist • Add Perm Enzyme B to Probe Release Mix, dispense onto Visium slide spacer wells • Close lid and start run • Prep thermal cycler B • Prep Probe Extension Mix

HD Workflow: 4 Slides, 2 CytAssists		
Step	**Run A, CytAssist A**	**Run B, CytAssist B**
CytAssist (Run A) complete	• Open CytAssist • Wash Visium slide A • Place in Visium Cassette	↓
4.2 Probe Extension 1 for Visium Slide A	• Add Probe Extension Mix • Apply seal and place on thermal cycler A	↓
CytAssist (Run B) complete	↓	• Open CytAssist B • Wash Visium slide B • Place in Visium Cassette
4.2 Probe Extension 1 for Visium Slide B	↓	• Add Probe Extension Mix • Apply seal and place on thermal cycler B
4.2 Probe Extension 2 for Visium Slide A	• Remove cassette A • Remove Probe Extension Mix from wells • Add fresh Probe Extension Mix • Reapply seal and place on thermal cycler A • Skip the 4°C hold	↓
4.2 Probe Extension 2 for Visium Slide B	↓	• Remove cassette B • Remove Probe Extension Mix from wells • Add fresh Probe Extension Mix • Reapply seal and place on thermal cycler B • Skip the 4°C hold
4.3 Probe Elution		*Proceed with Visium slides A & B*

Post Library Construction Quantification

a. Thaw KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms.

b. Dilute **2 µl** sample with deionized water to appropriate dilutions that fall within the linear detection range of the KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms. (For more accurate quantification, make the dilution(s) in duplicate).

c. Make enough Quantification Master Mix for the DNA dilutions per sample and the DNA Standards (plus 10% excess) using the guidance for 1 reaction volume below.

Quantification Master Mix	1X (µl)
SYBR Fast Master Mix + Primer	12
Water	4
Total	16

d. Dispense **16 µl** Quantification Master Mix for sample dilutions and DNA Standards into a 96 well PCR plate.

e. Add **4 µl** sample dilutions and **4 µl** DNA Standards to appropriate wells. Centrifuge briefly.

f. Prepare a qPCR system with the following protocol. Insert the plate and start the program.

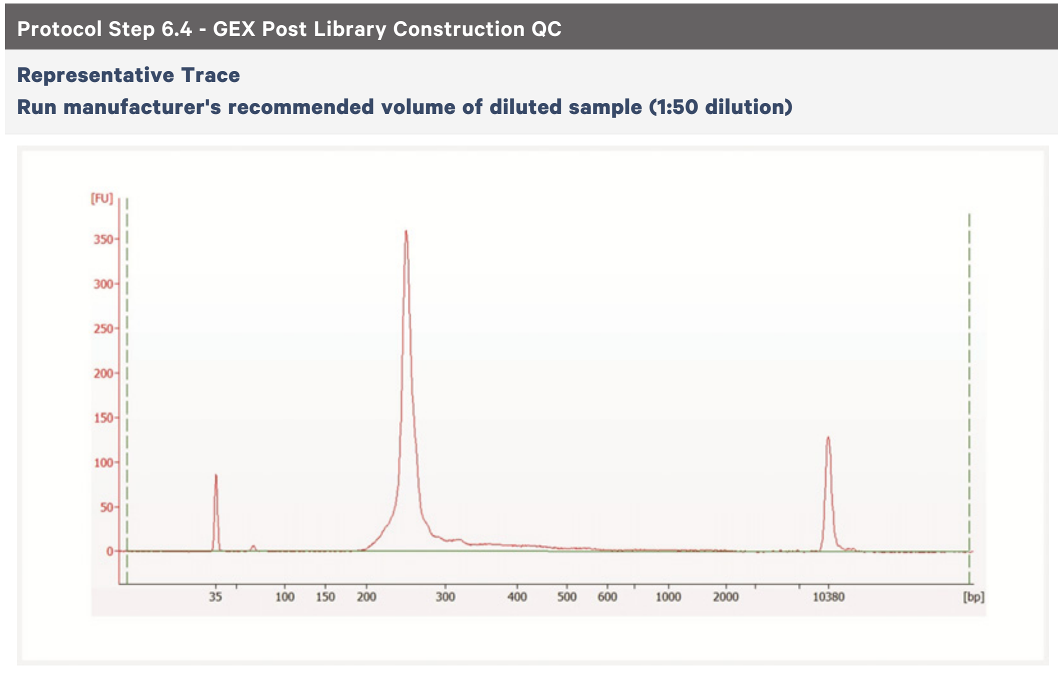
Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
-	20 µl	35 min
Step	**Temperature**	**Time**
1	95°C	00:03:00
2	95°C	00:00:05
3	67°C Read signal	00:00:30
4	Go to Step 2, 29X (Total 30 cycles)	

g. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for qPCR-based quantification. For library quantification for sequencer clustering, determine the concentration based on insert size derived from the Bioanalyzer/TapeStation trace.

Bioanalyzer Traces

Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip was used. Protocol steps correspond to the steps in this User Guide.

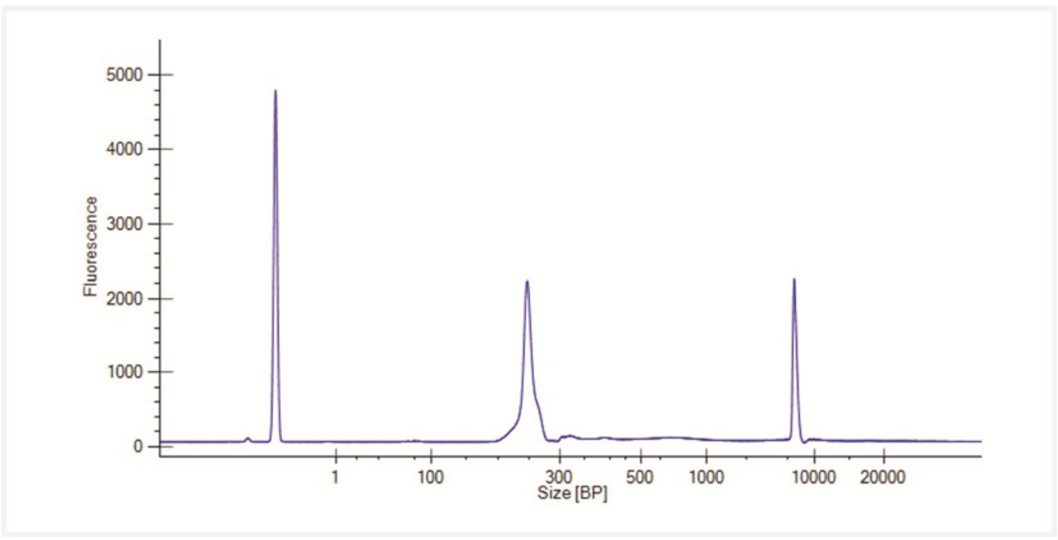
Protocol Step 6.4 - GEX Post Library Construction QC
Representative Trace **Run manufacturer's recommended volume of diluted sample (1:50 dilution)**



Perkin Elmer LabChip Traces

Protocol Step 6.3 - GEX Post Library Construction QC

Representative Trace
Run manufacturer's recommended volume of diluted sample (1:5 dilution)



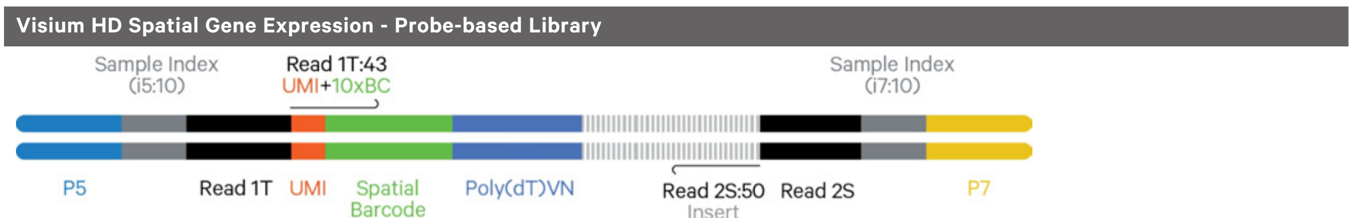
DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit was used. Protocol steps correspond to the steps in this User Guide.

Oligonucleotide Sequences

Slide Primers

5'-TTTTTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-UMI-SpatialBarcode-GVV-TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTVN-3'

Visium HD Spatial Gene Expression - Probe-based Library



5'-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10-ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-UMI-SpatialBarcode-GVV-T30-VN-Ligated_Probe_Insert-TGGAATTCTCGGGTGCCAAGGAACTCCAGTCAC-N10-ATCTCGTATGCCGTCTTCTGCTTG-3'

3'-TTACTATGCCGCTGGTGGCTCTAGATGTG-N10-TGTGAGAAAGGGATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-UMI-SpatialBarcode-GVV-T30-BN-Ligated_Probe_Insert-ACCTTAAGAGCCCACGGTTCCTTGAGGTCAGTG-N10-TAGAGCATACGGCAGAAGACGAAC-5'