### **DEMONSTRATED PROTOCOL**

# Methanol Fixation, Immunofluorescence Staining & Imaging for Visium Spatial Protocols

### **Overview**

The Visium Spatial Gene Expression Solution measures the total mRNA in tissue sections and requires a Visium Spatial slide with intact tissue sections as input. Immunostaining tissue sections with fluorescently labeled antibodies enables simultaneous protein detection. This protocol outlines methanol fixation, immunofluorescence staining, and imaging of fresh frozen tissues for use with 10x Genomics Visium Spatial protocols. Fixed and stained tissue sections are inputs for the downstream Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization and Visium Spatial Gene Expression workflows.

## **Additional Guidance**

Consult the Visium Spatial Protocols - Tissue Preparation Guide (Document CG000240) for Tips & Best Practices on freezing, embedding, and cryosectioning tissue and placing sections on Visium Spatial Slides. Consult the Visium Spatial Gene Expression Imaging Guidelines (Document CG000241) to verify imaging settings before starting this Demonstrated Protocol. Perform this Demonstrated Protocol on tissue sections placed on the correct slide.

- Use a plain glass slide if optimizing antibody concentrations. Refer to the Antibody Optimization section for more information.
- Use a Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide if proceeding with tissue optimization.
- Use a Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide if proceeding with library construction.

The Optimization Tissue workflow must performed before Gene Expression he the workflow to determine the optimal tissue section permeabilization time. Permeabilization times identified using the H&E staining protocol may not applicable immunofluorescence staining. be to After completing this protocol, proceed with either the Visium Spatial Gene Expression Reagent Kits - Tissue Optimization User Guide (CG000238) or the Visium Spatial

Gene Expression Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000239).

# **Visium Slide Selection**

### Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide (PN-3000394)

- Used with Visium Spatial Gene Expression Reagent Kits – Tissue Optimization User Guide (CG000238) to identify optimal permeabilization time for a specific tissue type and section thickness.
- Includes 8 Capture Areas, each covered with oligonucleotides for mRNA capture.
- Each Capture Area is 8 x 8 mm and is surrounded by an etched frame.
- A readable label defines the active surface of the slide. Tissue sections are always placed on the Capture Areas on the active surface.



#### Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide (PN-2000233)

- Used with Visium Spatial Gene Expression Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000239) to generate Visium Spatial Gene Expression libraries.
- Includes 2 or 4 Capture Areas, each with ~5,000 unique gene expression spots.
- Each Capture Area is 6.5 x 6.5 mm and is surrounded by a fiducial frame for a total area of 8 x 8 mm.
- A readable label with a serial number defines the active surface of the slide. Tissue sections are always placed on the Capture Areas on the active surface.





## **Visium Spatial Reagent Kits**

Perform this Demonstrated Protocol in each step on tissue sections as listed.

Ensure that tissue sections have been placed onto the appropriate slide before starting this Demonstrated Protocol. Consult the Visium Spatial Protocols - Tissue Preparation Guide (CG000240) for more information.

Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide Kit PN-1000191
(store at ambient temperature)

Spatiat	Tissue Optimization Slide Kit	PN	
	Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide	3000394	
	*Slide Seals	3000279	
	Slide Cassette	3000406	
	Slide Gasket	3000426	
	*Tissue Removal Buffer	2000221	
	*Tissue Removal Enzyme	3000387	
	*Not used in this protocol		

# Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000185 (store at ambient temperature or at -20°C according to kit label)

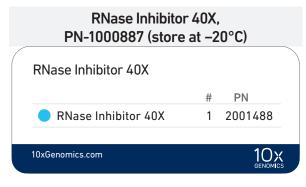
<b>Visium</b> Spatial Gene Expression Slide Kit	PN	
Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide	2000233	
*Visium Slide Seals, 40-pack or 20-pack (may come in varying configurations in different lots)	2000284/ 3000279	
Visium Slide Cassette & Gasket, 4-pack	2000282/ 2000281	
*Not used in this protocol		
0xGenomics.com		10>

# **Visium Spatial Reagent Kits**

Perform this Demonstrated Protocol in each step on tissue sections as listed.

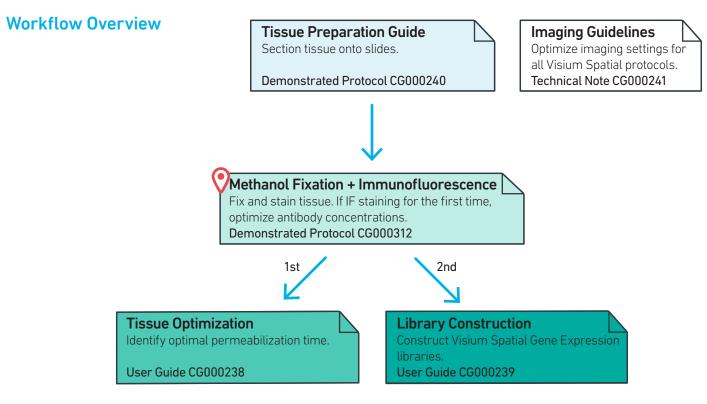
### Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide Kit, 4 rxns PN-1000188 (store at ambient temperature or at -20°C according to kit label)

PN	
2000233	
2000283 3000279	
2000282/ 2000281	
	1
	2000233 2000283 3000279 2000282/



### 10x Genomics Accessories

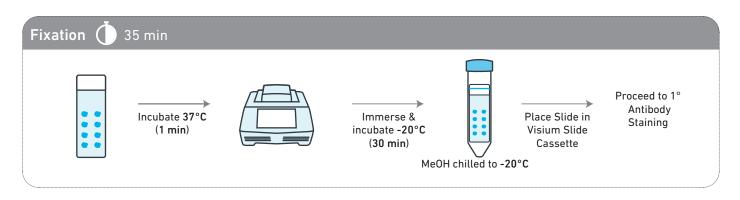
Product	Part Number (Kit)	Part Number (Item)
Thermocycler Adaptor		3000380
Visium Imaging Test Slide	1000194	2000235
Slide Alignment Tool		3000433

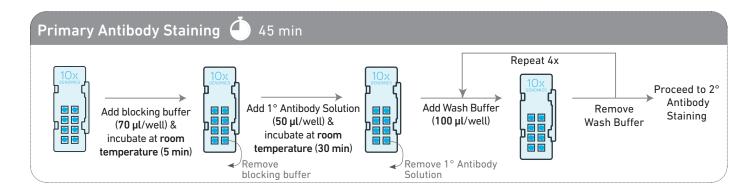


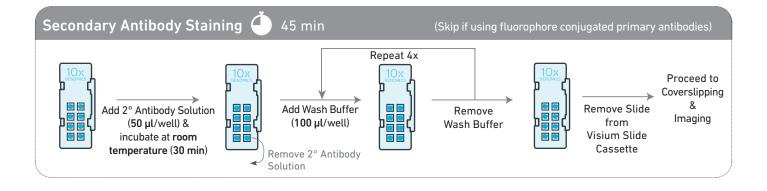
Visit the 10x Genomics Support website for the most updated documentation.

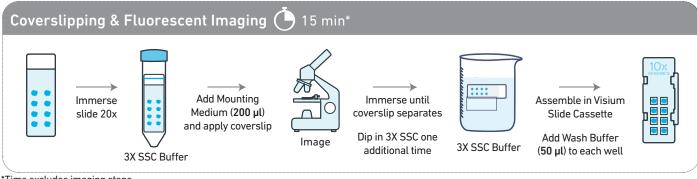
### Protocol Overview

Perform this Demonstrated Protocol in each step on tissue sections as listed.





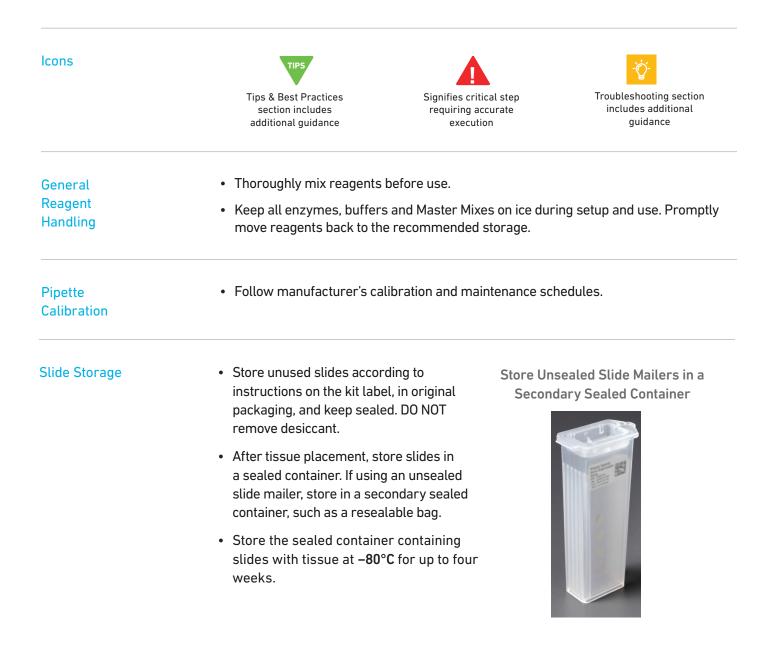




#### \*Time excludes imaging steps

### Proceed to 10x Genomics Visium Spatial Protocols

# **Tips & Best Practices**



### Slide Handling

- Always wear gloves when handling slides.
- Exercise caution when handling slide edges to prevent injury.
- Ensure that the active surface of a slide faces up and is never touched. The orientation of the label on the slide defines the active surface.
- The tissue sections should always be on the active surface of the slide.
   D0 NOT touch the tissue sections.
- Minimize exposure of the slides to sources of particles and fibers.
- When immersing slides in 3X SSC, ensure that the tissue sections are completely submerged.
- Keep the slide flat on a clean work surface when adding reagents to the active surface.
- Ensure that no absorbent surface is in contact with the reagents on the slide during incubation.

### Active Surface with Tissue Sections



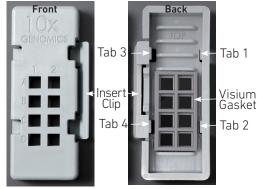




Visium Slide Cassette

- The Visium Slide Cassette encases the slide and creates leakproof wells for adding reagents.
- Place the slides in the Visium Slide Cassette only when specified.
- The Visium Slide Cassette may be reused once. Refer to the Visium Slide Cassette and Visium Gasket Cleaning section for instructions.
- An Insert Clip and four tabs at the back of the Visium Slide Cassette are used for holding the slide in the Visium Slide Cassette, as shown.
- The Visium Slide Cassette includes a reusable Visium Gasket corresponding to the Capture Areas on the slides.
- The Visium Slide Cassette may be assembled using the Slide Alignment Tool or manually. Instructions for both are provided in the following section.
- See Visium Slide Cassette Assembly & Removal instructions for details.
- Ensure that the back of the Visium Slide Cassette is facing the user before assembly. The active surface of the slide with tissue sections will face down such that the slide label is no longer readable.
- Practice assembly with a 75 x 25 x 1 mm plain glass slide.

Visium Slide Cassette



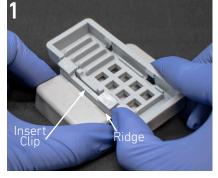
**Slide Alignment Tool** 



### Visium Slide Cassette Assembly



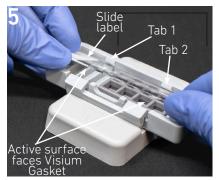
Position Visium Slide Cassette along alignment tool ridges



Visium Slide Cassette secured on alignment tool



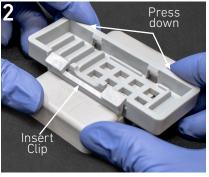
Insert long edge of slide under tabs 1 & 2; ensure slide is flush



Remove Visium Slide Cassette while pressing slide against the Visium Gasket



Push Insert Clip along the ridge & press Visium Slide Cassette down



Position Visium Gasket to align with Visium Slide Cassette cutouts



Press slide down until it is flush with the Visium Gasket and under tabs 3 & 4



Slide insertion may push Visium Gasket out of alignment with slide cutouts. Adjust if necessary. Visium Slide Cassette Removal

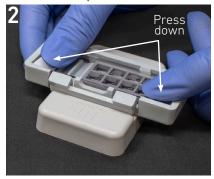
### Position Visium Slide Cassette along alignment tool ridges



Visium Slide Cassette sits securely on alignment tool



Push Insert Clip along the ridge & press down



Lift slide at Visium Slide Cassette groove



Tips & Best Practices

Manual Visium Slide Cassette Assembly & Removal

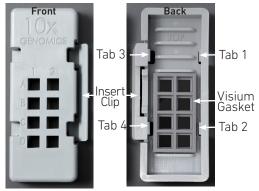
### Assembly

- i. Remove the Visium Gasket from the Visium Slide Cassette and re-insert the Visium Gasket, ensuring that the Visium Gasket and Visium Slide Cassette cutouts are aligned.
- ii. Align the label on top of the slide to the top of the Visium Slide Cassette, as shown.
- iii. Insert the slide under tabs 1 and 2. Ensure that the long edge of the slide is flush with the side of the Visium Slide Cassette.
- iv. Press the insert clip **very firmly** by applying even force on the lower part of the insert clip.
- v. Place a finger in between tab 3 and the top of the Visium Slide Cassette, and one finger between tab 4 and the bottom of the Visium Slide Cassette. Press down on the slide evenly until the slide is under each tab and release the insert clip.

#### Removal

- i. Press the insert clip **very firmly** to release the slide from the Visium Slide Cassette.
- ii. Lift slide at Visium Slide Cassette groove between tabs 3 and 4 until the slide can be removed.

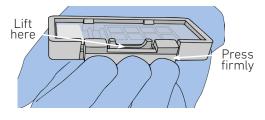
Visium Slide Cassette







Insert Clip - Press Firmly



Visium Slide Cassette & Visium Gasket Cleaning

Remove slide from Visium Slide Cassette



**Remove Visium Gasket** 

3

5



Spray with 70% isopropanol, then rinse with ultrapure water

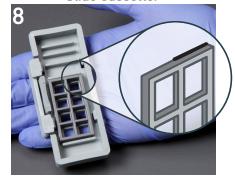
Spray with 70% isopropanol a second time, then rinse with ultrapure water





Re-insert the Visium Gasket such that the marked portion is at the top of the Visium Slide Cassette and now faces the Visium Slide Cassette.







4

6



**Rinse Visium Slide Cassette** and Visium Gasket with

ultrapure water

C

Mark the top portion of the Visium

Gasket that faced the slide with an

alcohol resistant marker



Reagent Addition & Removal from Wells

- Place the assembled slide in the Visium Slide Cassette flat on a clean work surface
- Dispense and remove reagents along the side of the wells without touching the tissue sections and without introducing bubbles.
- Always cover the tissue section completely when adding reagents to the well. A gentle tap may help spread the reagent more evenly.
- Pipette reagent carefully so that tissue is not disrupted or dislodged.
- Ensure that no bubbles are introduced in the process.



**Incubate Slide** 



**Incubate Assembled Visium Slide** Cassette





Slide Incubation



- Position a Thermocycler Adaptor on a thermal cycler that is set at the incubation temperature.
- Ensure that the Thermocycler Adaptor is in contact with the thermal cycler surface uniformly.
- When incubating a slide, position the slide on the Thermocycler Adaptor with the active surface facing up.

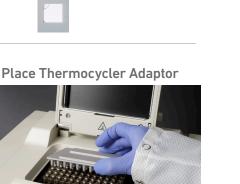
When incubating a slide encased in a

Thermocycler Adaptor.

Ensure that the entire bottom surface of the slide is in contact with Thermocycler

Visium Slide Cassette, place the assembled unit on the Thermocycler Adaptor with the wells facing up. The Visium Slide Cassette should always be sealed when on the

Adaptor.



DO NOT

introduce air bubbles

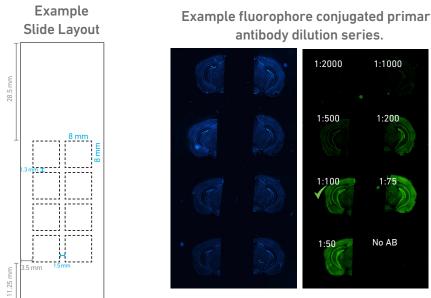
Reagent Addition/Removal

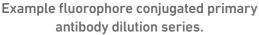


# **Antibody Optimization**

Optimization of antibody concentration is critical for executing this Demonstrated Protocol.

- Optimal antibody concentrations for this Demonstrated Protocol may differ from other applications due to shortened antibody incubation periods. Composition of reagents and fixatives may differ from other immunofluorescence applications.
- To optimize antibody concentration, draw representative frames on the back of a 75 x 25 x 1 mm plain glass slide using the example slide layout.
- Place tissue sections in the frames on the front of the slide for compatibility with the Visium Slide Cassette. Ensure that tissue sections used during optimization are similar in size to tissue sections used for Tissue Optimization and Gene Expression Protocols
- Primary antibody: Execute the Tissue Fixation & Immunofluorescence Staining protocol (steps 1.0-1.5) using a range of primary antibody concentrations. 10x Genomics recommends performing an antibody dilution series with a starting concentration of 0.01 µg/µl (0.5 µg/sample). 0.01 µg/µl corresponds to the 1:50 dilution in the image below.
- Secondary antibody: Use a similar range of concentrations for secondary antibodies or refer to the manufacturer's recommended dilution.
- Select the antibody concentration that results in the specific staining of desired cells, while minimizing nonspecific background staining.
- Wash Visium Slide Cassette and Visium Gasket after antibody staining. See Tips & Best Practices for more information.
- An example dilution layout is provided below. DAPI image is provided to show presence of tissue for each antibody dilution. Dilutions are of recombinant Anti-NeuN antibody conjugated to Alexa Fluor 488 (Abcam, PN:190195, 0.5 mg/ml). A 1:100 dilution (0.25 µg/ sample) was considered optimal in this example.

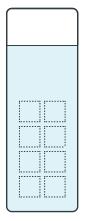


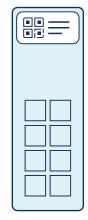


# **Tissue Fixation & Immunofluorescence Staining**

- 1.0 Overview
- 1.1 Specific Reagents & Consumables
- **1.2 Tissue Fixation**
- 1.3 Immunofluorescence Staining Primary and Secondary Antibodies
- 1.4 Immunofluorescence Staining Fluorophore Conjugated Primary Antibodies
- 1.5 Slide Mounting & Coverslip Application
- 1.0 Overview

Ensure that this protocol is performed on tissue sections on the correct slide. Refer to the Introduction, Workflow Overview, and Antibody Optimization sections for more information.





Plain Glass Slide

Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide

Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide

Methanol Fixation, Immunofluorescence Staining & Imaging Protocol

Ensure that microscope settings have been verified and imaging programs have been created before starting this protocol. Consult the Visium Spatial Gene Expression Imaging Guidelines Technical Note (CG000241) for more information.



If proceeding to Tissue Optimization, DO NOT add buffers or staining reagents to well A1, which is reserved for the positive RNA control. Addition of these reagents to this well may prevent visualization of the positive control.

If staining using fluorophore conjugated primary antibodies, proceed directly to step 1.4 after completing step 1.2.

### 1.1 Specific Reagents & Consumables

The items in the table below have been validated by 10x Genomics and are highly recommended for Visium Spatial Reagent Kits protocols. Substituting materials may adversely affect system performance. This list does not include standard laboratory equipment, such as water baths, centrifuges, pH meters, vortex mixers, freezers, etc.

Ensure that tissue sections have been placed on the appropriate slide and stored at -80°C. The slide will be retrieved in step 1.2.

Tissue Fixation		
Vendor	Item	Part Number
Millipore Sigma	Methanol, for HPLC, ≥99.9%	34860
Tissue IF Stainin	g	
Vendor	Item	Part Number
Corning	Self-Standing Polypropylene Centrifuge Tubes, 50 ml, sterile	430921
Sigma Aldrich	Triton X-100 Solution, ~10% in H <sub>2</sub> 0	93443-100ML
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Thermo Scientific Signature Series Cover Glasses Shandon ColorFrost Plus Slides (Alternatively, use any 75 x 25 x 1 mm slide) Fisherbrand Superfrost Plus Microscope Slides (Optional - Alternatively, use any 75 x 25 x 1 mm slide)	22-050-233 6776214 12-550-15
	DAPI Solution (1 mg/ml) RiboLock RNase Inhibitor (Alternative to 10x Genomics product) Tween 20 Surfact-Amps Detergent Solution (Alternative to Sigma Aldrich Triton X-100)	62248 E00382 28320
Millipore Sigma	SSC Buffer 20x Concentration Protector RNase Inhibitor (Alternative to 10x Genomics product) Albumin, Bovine Serum, 10% Aqueous Solution, Nuclease-Free (Alternative to Miltenyi product)	S6639 3335402001 126615-25ML
Miltenyi Biotec	MACS BSA Stock Solution	130-091-376
BioLegend	Human TruStain FcX (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution) (Alternatively, use any species appropriate Fc blocking solution) TruStain FcX (anti-mouse CD16/32) Antibody (discontinued) TruStain FcX PLUS (anti-mouse CD16/32) Antibody	422301 101309 156603
New England Biolabs	Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex RNase Inhibitor, Murine (Alternative to 10x Genomics product)	S1402S M0314L
-	Primary Antibodies	-
-	Secondary Antibodies	-
Additional Mater	ials	
-	Dry Ice	-
-	Glycerol	-
-	Isopropanol	-
-	Ultrapure/Milli-Q water (from Milli-Q Integral Ultrapure Water System or equivalent)	-
	Forceps	

### Recommended Thermal Cyclers

Supplier	Description	Part Number
Bio-Rad	C1000 Touch Thermal Cycler with 96-Deep Well Reaction Module	1851197
Analytik Jena†	Biometra TAdvanced 96 SG	<b>846-x-070-241</b> (x=2 for 230 V; 4 for 115 V; 5 for 100 V, 50-60 Hz)
Eppendorf‡	Mastercycler X50s	1000518
	MasterCycler Pro (discontinued)	North America 950030010 International 6321 000.019
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Veriti 96-Well Thermal Cycler (discontinued)	4375786

For select instruments, ramp rates should be adjusted for all steps as described below: †Analytik Jena Biometra TAdvanced 96 SG: 2°C/sec for both heating and cooling

‡Eppendorf Mastercycler X50s: 3°C/sec heating and 2°C/sec cooling

Preparation - Buffers	Prepare						
	Methanol	• Dispense 40 ml/slide in a	50-ml ce	ntrifuge	tube. Chill to ·	-20°C before	e use.
		<ul> <li>Incubate sealed vial at 65° min or until solution is rec to a dark green solution w visible particulates. DO NC</li> </ul>	onstituted ith no )T exceed		Before Incubation	Aft Incub	•
	Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex	15 min. Aliquot into single (550 μl per slide including staining). Store tubes at -2 NOT exceed 2 freeze-thaw aliquot. If using an aliquot for step 1.3, no freezing is Store at room temperature precipitation is observed, i 65°C for 5 min.	secondar 20°C. DO cycles pe immediat necessar e until use	ry er tely ty. e. If	I		
		2X Blocking Buffer (prepare fresh on ice)	Stock	Final	2X + 20% (μl)	4X + 20% (μl)	8X + 20% (µl)
		Nuclease-free Water			336.7 µl	673.4 µl	1,346.9 µl
	2X Blocking Buffer	SSC Buffer	20X	6X	439.2 µl	878.4 µl	1,756.8 µl
	(prepare on ice)	BSA	10%	4%	585.6 µl	1,171.2 µl	2,342.4 µl
		Triton X-100 or Tween 20	10%	0.2%	29.3 µl	58.6 µl	117.7 µl

## **Preparation - Buffers**

	3X SSC	Stock	Final	550 ml (1 slide)
3X SSC	SSC Buffer	20X	3X	82.5 ml
	Ultrapure Water	-	-	467.5 ml
	Mounting Medium	Stock	Final	200 μl (1 slide)
Mounting Medium	Glycerol	100%	85%	170 µl
Medium	<b>RNase Inhibitor</b>	40X	2X	10 µl



If using a Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide, note the serial number on the slide label; will be required for downstream analysis.

Ensure that the methanol (40 ml/slide) dispensed in a 50-ml centrifuge tube is chilled to -20°C.

- a. Place a Thermocycler Adaptor on a thermal cycler set at 37°C and equilibrate for 5 min. Heating the thermal cycler lid is not required.
- **b.** Remove slide from **-80°C** and place on dry ice in a sealed container.

Delay in transferring slides to dry ice may result in condensation, which may cause tissue damage and/or shifting of tissue sections on the slide.

- c. Place slide on the Thermocycler Adaptor with the active surface facing up and incubate 1 min at 37°C. DO NOT close the thermal cycler lid. Maintain thermal cycler at 37°C for step 1.2.
- d. Remove slide from Thermocycler Adaptor and if necessary, wipe excess liquid from the back of the slide, without touching the tissue sections.
- e. Completely immerse the slide in the prechilled methanol. Secure the tube cap to prevent methanol loss.
- f. Incubate 30 min at -20°C.

### Place Thermocycler Adaptor



Incubate Slide for 1 min at 37°C



Incubate in Methanol for 30 min at -20°C



### 1.3 Immunofluorescence Staining – Primary and Secondary Antibodies

If using fluorophore conjugated primary antibodies, proceed directly to step 1.4

RIbonucleoside Vanadyl Complex stock solution will precipitate if left at ambient or cool temperatures for extended periods of time. Once the solution has cooled, prepare 1X Blocking Buffer and Wash Buffer immediately.

Ensure that tissue sections do not dry out throughout the staining protocol

- **a.** Place the slide in the Visium Slide Cassette. See Tips & Best Practices for assembly instructions. Practice assembly with a blank slide.
- b. Remove Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex aliquots from -20°C and place at 65°C for 5 min until the solution is reconstituted to a dark green solution with no visible particulates. DO NOT exceed 10 min. Allow the solution to cool to ambient temperature before use and proceed immediately to the next step.
- c. Prepare 1X Blocking Buffer on ice.

1X Blocking Buffer Vortex.	1Χ (μl)	2X + 15% (μl)	4X + 15% (μl)	8X + 15% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	35.0	80.5	161.0	322.0
Nuclease-free Water	26.0	59.8	119.6	239.2
Human or Mouse TruStain FcX*	2.0	4.6	9.2	18.4
Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex	7.0	16.1	32.2	64.4
Total	70.0	161.1	322.0	644.0

\*Choose FC blocking reagent based on sample species.

### d. Prepare Wash Buffer on ice.

Wash Buffer Vortex.	1X (µl)	2X + 15% (μl)	4X + 15% (μl)	8X + 15% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	525.0	1,207.5	2,415.0	4,830
Nuclease-free Water	420.0	966.0	1,932.0	3,864
Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex	105.0	241.5	483.0	966
Total	1,050.0	2,415.0	4,830.0	9,660

e. Vortex 1X Blocking Buffer and add **70 µl** along the side of the wells to uniformly cover the tissue sections, without introducing bubbles. Tap gently to ensure even coverage.

### f. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.

g. Prepare Primary Antibody Solution on ice. Pipette mix.

Primary Antibody Solution. Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	1X (µl)	2X + 10% (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	25.00	55.00	110.00	220.00
Nuclease-free Water	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #1	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #2 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #3 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
RNase Inhibitor	6.75	14.85	29.70	59.40
Total	50.00	110.00	220.00	440.00

Antibody volumes will depend on concentrations determined during antibody optimization. Add an appropriate volume of nuclease-free water based on the amount of added antibody to achieve the stated total volume.

h. Remove 1X Blocking Buffer.

- i. Add **50** µl Primary Antibody Solution along the side of each well. Tap gently to ensure uniform coverage.
- j. Incubate for 30 min at room temperature.
- k. Prepare Secondary Antibody Solution on ice. Pipette mix. Avoid light exposure.

Secondary Antibody Solution. Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	1Χ (μl)	2X + 10% (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	25.00	55.00	110.00	220.00
Nuclease-free Water	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Secondary Antibody #1	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Secondary Antibody #2 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Secondary Antibody #3 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
DAPI	0.17	0.38	0.75	1.50
RNase Inhibitor	6.75	14.85	29.70	59.40
Total	50.00	110.00	220.00	440.00

Antibody volumes will depend on concentrations determined during antibody optimization. Add an appropriate volume of nuclease-free water based on the amount of added antibody to achieve the stated final volume.

I. Remove the Primary Antibody Solution.

m. Add 100 µl Wash Buffer along the side of each well.

- n. Remove Wash Buffer.
- o. Repeat steps m and n four more times for a total of five washes.
- **p.** Add **50** µl Secondary Antibody Solution along the side of each well. Tap gently to ensure uniform coverage.
- q. Incubate for 30 min at room temperature. Avoid light exposure.
- r. Remove the Secondary Antibody Solution.
- s. Add 100 µl Wash Buffer along the side of each well.
- t. Remove Wash Buffer.
- **u. Repeat** steps s and t four more times for a total of five washes. Save  $50 \mu l$  Wash Buffer per sample for step 2.2.
- v. Proceed immediately to step 1.5

Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex settles rapidly in solution. Briefly vortex Wash Buffer before each wash.

### 1.4 Immunofluorescence Staining - Fluorophore Conjugated Primary Antibodies

RIbonucleoside Vanadyl Complex stock solution will precipitate if left at ambient or cool temperatures for extended periods of time. Once the solution has cooled, prepare 1X Blocking Buffer and Wash Buffer immediately.

Ensure that tissue sections do not dry out throughout the staining protocol

- **a.** Place the slide in the Visium Slide Cassette. See Tips & Best Practices for assembly instructions. Practice assembly with a blank slide.
- b. Remove Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex aliquots from -20°C and place at 65°C for 5 min until the solution is reconstituted to a dark green solution with no visible particulates. DO NOT exceed 10 min. Allow the solution to cool to ambient temperature before use and proceed immediately to the next step.

### c. Prepare 1X Blocking Buffer on ice.

1X Blocking Buffer Vortex.	1Χ (μl)	2X + 15% (μl)	4X + 15% (µl)	8X + 15% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	35.0	80.5	161.0	322.0
Nuclease-free Water	26.0	59.8	119.6	239.2
Human or Mouse TruStain FcX*	2.0	4.6	9.2	18.4
Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex	7.0	16.1	32.2	64.4
Total	70.0	161.1	322.0	644.0

\*Choose FC blocking reagent based on sample species.

### d. Prepare Wash Buffer on ice.

Wash Vortex	Buffer	1Χ (μl)	2X + 15% (μl)	4X + 15% (μl)	8X + 15% (μl)
2X Blo	cking Buffer	275	632.5	1,265	2,530
Nuclea	ase-free Water	220	506.0	1,012	2,024
Ribon	ucleoside Vanadyl Complex	55	126.5	253	506
Total		550	1,265.0	2,530	5,060

e. Vortex 1X Blocking Buffer and add **70 μl** along the side of the wells to uniformly cover the tissue sections, without introducing bubbles. Tap gently to ensure even coverage.

#### f. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.

#### g. Prepare Primary Antibody Solution on ice. Pipette mix. Avoid light exposure.

	•			
<b>Primary Antibody Solution.</b> Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	1X (µl)	2X + 10% (μl)	4X + 10% (µl)	8X + 10% (μl)
2X Blocking Buffer	25.00	55.00	110.00	220.00
Nuclease-free Water	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #1	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #2 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Primary Antibody #3 (optional)	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
DAPI	0.17	0.38	0.75	1.50
RNase Inhibitor	6.75	14.85	29.70	59.40
Total	50.00	110.00	220.00	440.00

Antibody volumes will depend on concentrations determined during antibody optimization. Add an appropriate volume of nuclease-free water based on the amount of added antibody to achieve the stated final volume.

Ribonucleoside Vanadyl Complex settles rapidly in solution. Briefly vortex Wash Buffer before each wash.

- h. Remove 1X Blocking Buffer.
- i. Add 50  $\mu$ l Primary Antibody Solution along the side of each well. Tap gently to ensure even coverage.
- j. Incubate for 30 min at room temperature. Avoid light exposure.
- k. Remove the Primary Antibody Solution.
- l. Add 100 µl Wash Buffer along the side of each well.
- m. Remove Wash Buffer.
- **n. Repeat** steps l and m four more times for a total of five washes. Save **50 μl** Wash Buffer per sample for step 2.2.
- o. Proceed immediately to step 1.5

### 1.5 Slide Mounting & Coverslip Application

a. Dispense the following volumes of 3X SSC Buffer.

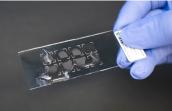
**50 ml** in one 50-ml centrifuge tube/slide **500 ml** in a beaker/2 slides.

- **b.** Remove the slide from the Visium Slide Cassette. See Tips & Best Practices for more information.
- **c.** Immerse the slide 20x in the 3X SSC Buffer in the 50-ml centrifuge tube.
- **d.** Wipe excess liquid from the back of the slide without touching the tissue section. Some droplets may remain.
- e. Add 200 µl Mounting Medium to cover the tissue sections on the slide uniformly. If necessary, hold the slide at an angle for uniform coverage.
- f. Apply the coverslip at an angle on one end of the slide. Slowly lower the coverslip, pressing down gently with forceps, without introducing bubbles.
- g. Remove excess Mounting Medium by placing one long edge of the slide on a laboratory wipe, and gently tilt the slide back and forth. Repeat with the second long edge of the slide. Repeat the process until the coverslip is secured.
- **h.** After the coverslip is secured, **immediately** proceed with imaging.

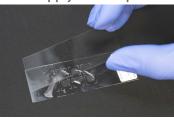


DO NOT let the attached coverslip dry. DO NOT use Cytoseal, nail polish, or any other permanent mounting medium for securing the coverslip.

### Cover uniformly with Mounting Medium



Apply coverslip



Press down



# Remove excess Mounting Medium



# 2. Tissue Imaging

# 2.0 Imaging System Recommendations

2.1 Tissue Imaging

# 2.2 Coverslip Removal

### 2.0 Imaging System Recommendations

The following table shows imaging systems used by 10x Genomics in the development of this protocol. Any equivalent imaging setup can be used as an alternative. Imaging systems should have both brightfield and fluorescence capacity. Required fluorescence channels will depend on antibody selection. Exposure times will depend on antibody sensitivity and fluorophores.

Supplier	Description
Nikon	Nikon Eclipse Ti2
Molecular Devices	ImageXpress Nano Automated Cell Imaging System
Hamamatsu	NanoZoomer S60
Keyence	Keyence BZX800
BioTek	Cytation 7
Thermo Fisher Scientific	EVOS M7000
Leica	Leica DMi8 Versa 8
Fluorescence Recommended Config	uration
Light source (or equivalent) with a wa	avelength range of 380-680 nm
Monochrome camera (14 bit, 2,424 x 2	2,424 pixel resolution)
DAPI filter cube (Excitation 392/23, Er	nission 447/60)
FITC/GFP filter cube (Excitation 466/4	0, Emission 698/70) (Optional - dependent on antibody selection)
TRITC filter cube (Excitation 542/20, E	mission 620/52)
Cy5 filter cube (Excitation 618/50, Emi	ission 698/70) (Optional - dependent on antibody selection)
2.18 µm/pixel minimum capture resol	ution
Exposure times 100 milli sec-2 sec	

2.1 Tissue Imaging

- If imaging a Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization Slide or blank slide for antibody optimization, image all Capture Areas together at the desired magnification using fluorescence imaging settings.
- If imaging a Visium Spatial Gene Expression Slide, image all Capture Areas individually at the desired magnification using fluorescence imaging settings. Ensure that fiducial frames are captured.
- Images should be saved as a multi-channel image (multi-image TIFF), merged RGB image, or as individual single channel images (grayscale TIFF).
- Consult the Visium Spatial Gene Expression Imaging Guidelines Technical Note (CG000241) for additional information.



• Proceed immediately to next step if continuing with the Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization or Gene Expression workflows. 2.2 Coverslip Removal

- a. Wash Visium Slide Cassette and Visium Gasket. See Tips & Best Practices for more information.
- **b.** Immerse the slide sideways in the beaker containing 3X SSC with the coverslipped surface fully sideways.
- c. Hold the slide in 3X SSC Buffer until the coverslip slowly separates away from the slide.

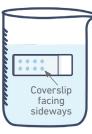


- To avoid damaging the tissue sections and Capture Areas or causing tissue detachment, DO NOT move the slide up and down, shake forcibly or manually move the coverslip.
- **d.** Remove the slide from the 3X SSC Buffer and immerse 1x in the 3X SSC Buffer to ensure all Mounting Medium is removed.
- **e.** Wipe excess liquid from the back of the slide, without touching the tissue sections.
- f. Place slide in a clean Visium Slide Cassette.
- **g.** Add **50 μl** Wash Buffer along the side of the wells.

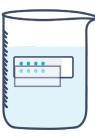
DO NOT add Wash Buffer to well reserved for positive RNA control if proceeding to Tissue Optimization.

h. Proceed immediately to the Visium Spatial Tissue Optimization User Guide (CG000238) or the Visium Spatial Gene Expression User Guide (CG000239).

Immerse in 3X SSC Buffer



Hold in 3X SSC Buffer

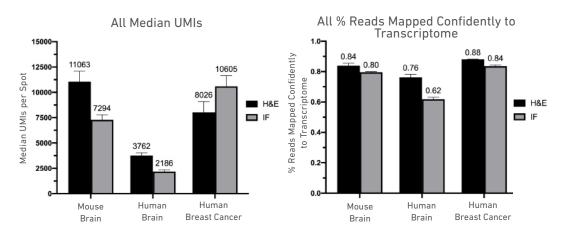


**Coverslip detaches** 



# **Results**

Performing the Methanol Fixation, Immunofluorescence Staining & Imaging protocol will likely result in a decrease in the number of unique transcripts detected for many tissue types, as compared to the Methanol Fixation, H&E Staining & Imaging protocol (CG000160). However, this should not affect interpretation of experimental results.



**Figure 1**. Median UMI counts and % reads mapped confidently to transcriptome for mouse brain, human brain, and human breast cancer tissue. Values indicate the average of 4 replicates per condition. UMI metrics are based on samples downsampled to 20K raw reads per spot.

# Troubleshooting

STEP	NOTES
2.1 Weak or no signal	<ul> <li>Verify that samples were not exposed to light after staining with fluorescent antibodies.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verify antibody dilutions. Ensure that antibody optimization is performed before immunofluorescence staining.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verify that the correct fluorescent secondary antibody was used at the correct dilution, if applicable.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Verify imaging system filter cubes and wavelength. Ensure that fluorophores and filter cubes match.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Protein of interest may have low expression. Test antibodies on tissues of interest before working with Visium Spatial slides.</li> </ul>
2.1 High background	<ul> <li>Verify that samples did not dry out during the staining protocol. Ensure that samples always remain covered in liquid.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To prevent non-specific antibody binding, compare chosen antibody with antibodies that target the same cell type. If possible, compare staining results to cells known to express higher or lower levels of the target protein.</li> </ul>

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