Custom Probe Design for Visium Spatial Gene Expression and Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex

Introduction

10x Genomics Visium Spatial Gene Expression technology, including Visium CytAssist-enabled probe-based applications, provides spatial transcriptomic insights by analyzing mRNA in tissue sections derived from fixed tissue samples. Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex offers comprehensive, scalable solutions to measure gene expression in fixed samples.

For these assays, 10x Genomics provides a predesigned whole transcriptome panel of probes for target hybridization. Custom probes may be designed for use with either assay using the guidance provided in this document. While no impact on assay performance is anticipated, the use of custom probes in these assays is not supported or validated by 10x Genomics. 10x Genomics cannot guarantee that custom probes will yield data comparable to that from the whole transcriptome panel.

This Technical Note provides guidance for designing and using custom probes, including probe pooling and dilution, for Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE, Visium CytAssistenabled applications, and Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex (Fixed RNA Profiling) singleplexed and multiplexed experiments. The document also includes data highlighting custom probe specificity. Additional optimization may be required. Performing a pilot experiment with these unsupported workflow modifications is recommended prior to larger studies.

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Visium Spatial Gene Expression

Probe Design

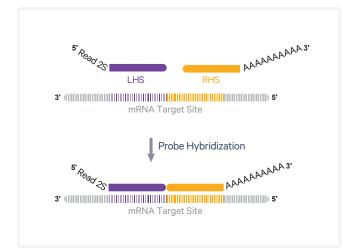


Figure 1. Probe design for the Visium Spatial Gene Expression assay. The left hand side (LHS) probe contains a partial Read 2S as well as a sequence that is reverse complement of the target site. The right hand side (RHS) probe contains a phosphate on the 5' base for ligation, sequences reverse complementary to the target, and a poly(A) tail.

The following guidance applies to both the Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE (Direct Placement) and Visium CytAssist Spatial Gene Expression (CytAssist-enabled) assays.

An overview of the 10x Genomics probe configuration for Visium Spatial Gene Expression is provided in Figure 1. The sequences for these probe designs are provided in Table 1. The probe sets used for either assay are described in Table 2.

| Species | Assay | Probe Set Version | |
|---------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Mouse | Direct Placement | Visium Mouse Transcriptome Kit v1 | |
| | CytAssist-enabled | | |
| Human | Direct Placement | Visium Human Transcriptome Kit v1 | |
| | CytAssist-enabled | Visium Human Transcriptome Kit v2 | |

Table 2. Probe panels used for either Direct Placement orCytAssist-enabled assays.

The Visium Human Transcriptome Kit v2 contains a panel with three pairs of probes for each target mRNA, with each probe containing 25 bp sequence that is reverse complement of the target mRNA sequence. Each probe is referred to as the left hand side (LHS) or right hand side (RHS) probe. The Visium Mouse and Human Transcriptome Kit v1 contain panels with one pair of probes for each target mRNA

When designing custom probes for Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE, consider the following:

- GC content should be between 44 72% for each 25 bp probe half.
- Avoid homopolymer repeats.
- Avoid overlap with annotated repeat or low complexity sequences.
- If possible, design probes for coding regions of mRNA as opposed to untranslated regions.

| Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE Probe Sequence | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LHS Probe | RHS Probe |

5'-CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA-target_LHS-3'

Table 1. Probe sequences for Visium Spatial Gene Expression probe-based applications. The LHS and RHS probes include target_LHS and target_RHS parts respectively that each contains unique 25 bp sequences homologous to the target transcript. The target sequence of RHS probes is followed with a series of thirty adenines.

- The 25th nucleotide of the probe (3' most nucleotide of the LHS probe) must be a T. The opposiing nucleotide in the target RNA must be an A.
- Avoid common single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and potential mismatches at the ligation junction. Refer to the UCSC Genome Browser and the Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Database (dbSNP). If avoiding SNPs is not possible, SNPs and mismatches should be at least four bp away from the ligation junction.
- If probes can bind to sequences other than the target mRNA sequence, an off-target signal may be observed. To check for off-target homology, align the probe sequence to the reference transcriptome using the Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST). Matches to off-target genes should have at least five mismatches in at least one of the LHS or RHS probes to prevent efficient hybridization.
- Designing three probe pairs per target mRNA is recommended, especially for low expressing genes. However, if the gene is not long enough or there are not enough specific 50 bp regions, fewer than three probe pairs is acceptable.
- Probe pairs should not overlap to avoid competition between probes for the same binding site in the target RNA.
- Add new probe sequences to the probe set reference CSV file. Refer to the Analysis section for more information.

Ordering Custom Probes

Custom probes can be ordered from any oligonucleotide synthesis provider. 10x Genomics has tested custom probes in various formats available from IDT, including DNA Oligos (standard desalted), Ultramer DNA Oligonucleotides, and oPool Oligo Pools. In limited testing, comparable results were observed with all formats.

Key Guidelines

- Probes should go through standard desalting.
- No HPLC purification is required.
- Probes should be supplied in IDTE (or low EDTA TE Buffer).
- RHS probes must be 5' phosphorylated.
- Ordering the custom probes as an oPool is preferred as it simplifies probe pooling and dilution upstream of the Probe Hybridization step (see Appendix A).
- LHS and RHS probes can be combined in the same oPool or ordered as separate pools.

Using Custom Probes

To use custom probes, prepare a combined spike-in pool (LHS and RHS) containing 24 nM of each probe in nuclease-free water. For example, a spike-in pool with 9 probe pairs would contain 24 nM of each of the 9 LHS and 9 RHS probes (432 nM total probe).

Add 10 µl of the spike-in pool (LHS and RHS combined) to FFPE Hyb Buffer and the 10x Genomics probes, as shown in Table 3, to generate the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix. The Modified Probe Hybridization Mix will replace the original Probe Hybridization Mix in the Probe Hybridization step of Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000407) and Visium CytAssist Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000495). If performing the CytAssist-enabled assay and working with 11 mm Capture Areas, double all volumes in the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix, for a total volume of 200 µl.

| Modified Probe Hybridization Mix Add in order listed | 10x PN | 1X (µl) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| FFPE Hyb Buffer | 2000423 | 70 |
| RHS Probes | | 10 |
| Human WT OR | 2000657/ 2000449 | |
| Mouse WT | 2000455 | |
| LHS Probes | | 10 |
| Human WT OR | 2000658/ 2000450 | |
| Mouse WT | 2000456 | |
| Custom Probes, each probe at 24 nM (LHS and RHS combined) | - | 10 |
| Total | | 200 |
| | | |

Table 3. Modified Probe Hybridization Mix for use in theVisium Spatial Gene Expression assay.

Analysis

The use of custom probes requires the following file modifications for successful Space Ranger analysis:

Genome Reference

- The following steps for modifying genome reference are required if the custom probes are targeting genes that are not already in the prebuilt reference. Update the gene annotation file (GTF) with new targets using a text editor.
 - Follow the existing format of Space Ranger GTF.
 - Ensure the gene name is unique.
- Modify the genome reference in FASTA format that contains additional contigs for new targets.
- Generate a new reference using Space Ranger mkref, which uses the modified GTF and FASTA files. This build will be used for data analysis using Space Ranger.
 - Name the new reference and new probe CSV files so that they can be distinguished from

the default files.

• For more information, consult "Creating a Reference Package with spaceranger mkref" page in the Spatial Gene Expression section on the 10x Genomics Support website.

Probe Set Reference CSV

- Find the appropriate probe set CSV on the Descriptions of Probe Set Reference CSV and Supporting Files page in the Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE section of the 10x Genomics Support website.
- Update the appropriate probe set CSV by appending the new custom probe information, depending on the probe set:

• Human or Mouse WT Probes v1:

- If new genes are added and a new genome reference is created using the mkref pipeline, the #reference_genome and the #reference_ version in the header of the new probe set CSV file should be modified to match the name and version of the genome reference used for analysis.
- gene_id: the ID of the mRNA target (any identifier)
- probe_seq: combined LHS and RHS sequence trimmed to not include any adaptor, R2, or poly(A) sequences. Target mRNA sequence only.
- probe_id: pipe-separated gene_id|gene_ name|7 character hash (any combination of letters and numbers)
- included: TRUE (will include in Space Ranger analysis)
- Human Probes v2 (same as above, with one additional edit)
 - region: spliced or unspliced
 - spliced: the combined LHS and RHS sequence spans a splice junction
 - unspliced: the combined LHS and RHS sequence does not span a splice junction. For example, the sequence sits entirely within a single exon of the target gene.

Data Highlight

Custom probe pairs were designed to detect EGFP (Enhanced green fluorescent protein) and mRFP (monomeric red fluorescent protein, referred to as RFP in this document) reporter genes in samples processed as per the Visium CytAssist Spatial Gene Expression (CG000495) workflow. The probes were designed based on reference sequences from Addgene (EGFP, https://www.addgene.org/13031/; RFP, https://www.addgene.org/13032/).

Probe Design

The target sequence included in the custom probes is a reverse complement of the common EGFP and RFP sequences being detected in this experiment. The LHS probes are listed in Table 4 and the RHS probes are listed in Table 5. If using the listed sequences, confirm that the EGFP or RFP constructs used in an experiment include the binding site for these probes.

| Custom LHS Probes for Visium Gene Expression Assay | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Probe Configuration | 5'-CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA-target_LHS-3' | |
| EGFP-LHS-1 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCAggtagtggtcggcgagctgcacgct | |
| EGFP-LHS-2 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCAagggtgtcgccctcgaacttcacct | |
| EGFP-LHS-3 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCAatggtgcgctcctggacgtagcctt | |
| RFP-LHS-1 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>tcggtcttgtaggcgccgggcagct</u> | |
| RFP-LHS-2 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>aagttggtgccgcgcagcttcacct</u> | |
| RFP-LHS-3 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>cctcgatctcgaactcgtggccgtt</u> | |

Table 4. LHS probesequences for detection ofEGFP and RFP reporter genes.

Custom RHS Probes for Visium Gene Expression Assay

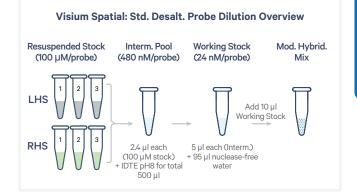
| Probe Configuration | /5Phos/- <u>target_RHS</u> -AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EGFP-RHS-1 | /5Phos/gccgtcctcgatgttgtggcggatc-AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
| EGFP-RHS-2 | /5Phos/cggcgcgggtcttgtagttgccgtc-AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
| EGFP-RHS-3 | /5Phos/cgggcatggcggacttgaagaagtc-AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
| RFP-RHS-1 | /5Phos/gcacgggcttcttggccatgtaggt-AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
| RFP-RHS-2 | /5Phos/tgtagatgaactcgccgtcctgcag-AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |
| RFP-RHS-3 | /5Phos/ <u>cacggagccctccatgcgcaccttg</u> -AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA |

Table 5. RHS probe sequences for detection of EGFP and RFP reporter genes.

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Probe Dilutions

Custom probes used in this study were ordered as standard desalted probes (100 µM stock) that were diluted as illustrated in the overview (see Appendix A for additional guidance, including dilution of oPool Oligo Pools).



Visium Gene Expression for FFPE Experiment Overview & Results

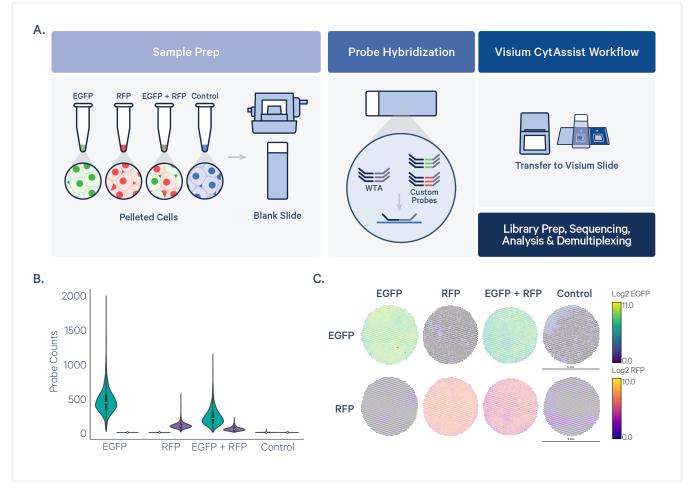


Figure 2. Custom probe specificity in detection of EGFP and RFP in a Visium Gene Expression experiment. In the experiment performed, all 4 cell pellets (GFP, RFP, GFP/RFP, neg. control) were embedded in a single FFPE block as a 2x2 array, sectioned onto a slide, then incubated with the modified hybridization mix, containing both the EGFP and RFP probes (A) and processed and analyzed as per the Visium CytAssist Spatial Gene Expression (CG000495) workflow. EGFP is detected only in cells expressing EGFP but not in RFP-expressing cells. Similarly, RFP is only detected in cells expressing RFP but not in EGFP-expressing cells demonstrating the specificity of the custom probes (B-C).

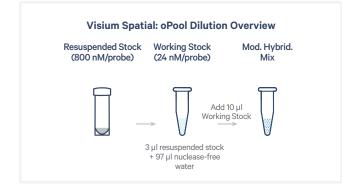
Appendix A: Visium Spatial Custom Probe Pooling & Dilution

Custom probe pooling and dilution, upstream of the Probe Hybridization step, is dependent on the format in which the custom probe is acquired and the number of probes being pooled. Example dilutions for oPools, standard desalted, and Ultramer custom probes are provided here.

oPool Oligo Pools

For combining fewer than 30 oPools in a single spike-in pool, follow the steps described below. If combining more than 30 oPools,

contact support@10xgenomics.com.



a. Resuspend stock:

Resuspend oPool Oligos in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 800 nM/probe. Store resuspended oligos at -20°C.



Resuspension volume is based only on the oPool scale and not on the number of oligos in the oPool. To determine resuspension volume, first convert the oPool scale (provided in pmol/oligo) to nmol per oligo and then calculate the volume of IDTE needed for 800 nM/oligo concentration.

Example: Centrifuge oPool tube (50 pmol/oligo scale) briefly, add 62.5 µl IDTE (pH 8.0), and resuspend to a concentration of 800 nM/oligo.

b. Prepare working stock: Using the resuspended stock, prepare the spike-in pool working stock containing 24 nM each of the LHS and RHS probes.



If the spike-in pool contains fewer than 34 probes, the working stock (24 nM/probe) should be prepared fresh before use and any remaining solution should be discarded. If the spike-in pool contains 34 or more probes, the working stock (24 nM/probe) may be prepared ahead of time and stored at -20°C.

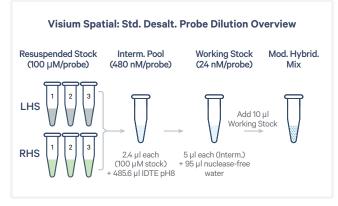
| Spike-in Pool Working Stock (24 nM/probe) | Volume (µl) |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 97 |
| Resuspended Stock* (800 nM/probe) | 3 |
| Total | 100 |

*If adding multiple resuspended oPool stocks, add 3 µl from each oPool stock and reduce the volume of nucleasefree water proportionally.

- c. Pipette mix 15X (pipette set to 90 µl), centrifuge briefly.
- d. Add 10 µl spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix (see Table 3).

Standard Desalted or Ultramer

When ordering probes synthesized as individual oligos in tubes or plates, the recommended dilution scheme depends on the number of total custom probes being used in the experiment.



For ≤200 Total Custom Probes (≤100 LHS probes + ≤100 RHS probes)

- <u>Resuspend stock:</u> Resuspend each oligo in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 100 μM. Store resuspended stock at -20°C.
- **b.** <u>Prepare intermediate pool:</u>

Using the resuspended stock, prepare the intermediate pool by combining 2.4 μ l from each 100 μ M resuspended probe in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a total volume of 500 μ l.

Example: intermediate pool containing a total of 6 custom probes

| Intermediate Pool 480 nM/probe (100 µM stock) | Volume (µl) |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| IDTE (pH 8.0) | 485.6 |
| LHS Custom Probe 1 | 2.4 |
| LHS Custom Probe 2 | 2.4 |
| LHS Custom Probe 3 | 2.4 |
| RHS Custom Probe 1 | 2.4 |
| RHS Custom Probe 2 | 2.4 |
| RHS Custom Probe 3 | 2.4 |
| Total | 500 |

- **c.** Vortex **30 sec**, centrifuge briefly. The intermediate stock may be stored at -20°C.
- **d.** <u>Prepare working stock:</u> Using the intermediate pool, prepare a spike-in pool working stock.
 - If the spike-in pool contains fewer than 34 probes, the working stock (24 nM/probe) should be prepared fresh before use and any remaining solution should be discarded. If the spike-in pool contains 34 or more probes, the working stock (24 nM/probe) may be prepared ahead of time and stored at -20°C.

| Spike-in Pool Working Stock (24 nM/probe) | Volume (µl) |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 95 |
| Intermediate Pool* (480 nM/probe) | 5 |
| Total | 100 |

- e. Pipette mix 15X (pipette set to 90 μl), centrifuge briefly.
- **f.** Add **10 µl** spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization mix (Table 3).

For 200-4,160 Total Custom Probes (≤2,080 LHS probes + ≤2,080 RHS probes)

a. <u>Resuspend stock:</u>

Resuspend each oligo in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 100 μ M. Store resuspended stock at -20°C.

b. <u>Prepare working stock:</u> Using the resuspended stock, prepare a spike-in pool working stock for a total volume of 10,000 μl.

Example: pool for 300 custom probes or 150 custom probe pairs

| Spike-in Pool Working Stock (100 µM stock) | Volume (µl) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 9,280 |
| LHS Custom Probes 1-150 | 360 (2.4 µl each X 150) |
| RHS Custom Probes 1-150 | 360 (2.4 µl each X 150) |
| Total | 10,000 |

- c. Vortex **30 sec**, centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Add **10 μl** spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization mix (Table 3).



Spike-in pool working stock may be prepared ahead and aliquots can be stored at -20°C to minimize freeze-thaw.

For >4,160 Total Custom Probes Contact support@10xgenomics.com

Chromium Flex Custom Probe

Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex

Probe Design

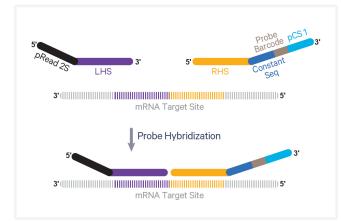


Figure 3. Probe design for Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex. The left hand side (LHS) probe contains a partial Read 2S (pRead 2S) as well as a 25 bp sequence that is reverse complement of the target site. The right hand side (RHS) probe contains a phosphate on the 5' base for ligation, sequences reverse complementary to the target, Constant Sequence, Probe Barcode, and a partial capture sequence 1 (pCS1).

The following guidance outlines how to design custom probes for both singleplex and multiplexed experiments using the Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex (Fixed RNA Profiling) assay. 10x Genomics probe panels consist of three probe pairs for most target mRNAs, with each probe containing appropriate handle sequences and a 25 bp sequence that is the reverse complement of the target mRNA. Each probe is referred to as the left hand side (LHS) or right hand side (RHS) probe. An overview of 10x Genomics probe configuration for Single Cell Gene Expression Flex is provided in Figure 3 along with the accompanying probe sequences for singleplex and multiplex experiments in Table 6.

When designing probes for Chromium Flex experiments, the configuration presented in Table 6 is strongly preferred. Alternatively, a RHS probe configuration where the Constant Sequence and NN are omitted may be used to reduce synthesis cost. However, when using this alternate RHS probe configuration, the sequencing read parameters must be changed to Read 1–48 cycles, i7 index–10 cycles, i5 index–10 cycles, Read 2–50 cycles. If these parameters are not used, the Probe Barcode will not be detected correctly by Cell Ranger.

| Single Cell Gene Expression Flex Custom Probe Sequence | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Singleplex Probe | | |
| LHS Probe | RHS Probe | |
| 5'-CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA-target_LHS-3' | /5Phos/-target_RHS- <mark>ACGCGGTTAGCACGTA</mark> -NN-ACTTTAGG-CGGTCCTAGCAA-3' Constant Sequence Probe Barcode | |
| Multiplex Probe | | |
| LHS Probe | RHS Probe | |
| 5'-CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA-target_LHS-3' | /5Phos/-target_RHS- <mark>ACGCGGTTAGCACGTA</mark> -NN-XXXXXXX-CGGTCCTAGCAA-3' Constant Sequence Probe Barcode | |
| | | |

Table 6. Single Cell Gene Expression Flex probe configuration with sequences. Each probe in the probe pair represents 25 bp sequences homologous to the target transcript. The LHS probe sequence is the same for both singleplex and multiplex probes. The RHS probe for singleplex experiments includes Probe Barcode BC001 sequence ACTTTAGG while for multiplex experiments, each of the RHS probes must be designed and synthesized with a unique Probe Barcode BC001-BC016 (sequences listed in Table 7). All RHS probes also include an NN sequence to recover sequencing quality after reading the Constant Sequence before reading the Probe Barcode.

For singleplex experiments, the Probe Barcode BC001 sequence "ACTTTAGG" is included in the RHS probe (Table 6).

For multiplex experiments, each RHS probe must be designed and synthesized with a unique eight base Probe Barcode (BC001-BC016; sequences listed in Table 7). During the downstream Probe Hybridization step, when adding custom probes to the hybridization mix, the Probe Barcode on the custom probe must match the Probe Barcode of the corresponding Human/Mouse WTA Probe added to the mix. See illustrated examples of correct and incorrect Probe Barcode pairings in Table 8.

| Probe Barcode in RHS probe (for multiplexing) | Sequence |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| BC001 | ACTTTAGG |
| BC002 | AACGGGAA |
| BC003 | AGTAGGCT |
| BC004 | ATGTTGAC |
| BC005 | ACAGACCT |
| BC006 | ATCCCAAC |
| BC007 | AAGTAGAG |
| BC008 | AGCTGTGA |
| BC009 | ACAGTCTG |
| BC010 | AGTGAGTG |
| BC011 | AGAGGCAA |
| BC012 | ACTACTCA |
| BC013 | ATACGTCA |
| BC014 | ATCATGTG |
| BC015 | AACGCCGA |
| BC016 | ATTCGGTT |
| | |

Table 7. Unique Probe Barcode sequences for integrating inthe RHS probe for multiplexing experiments using the SingleCell Gene Expression Flex assay.

The Probe Barcode sequences in the WTA probe sets are a mix of four distinct barcode sequences, which ensures balanced base composition during sequencing. For the purposes of a custom probe spike-in experiment, a single Probe Barcode sequence from each mixture is sufficient. For simplicity, the sequence beginning with A from each mixture is recommended.

| Pairing | WTA Probe | Custom Probe |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| \checkmark | BC001 | BC001 |
| \checkmark | BC003 | BC003 |
| \bigcirc | BC001 | BC002 |
| \bigcirc | BC003 | BC004 |

Table 8. Examples of correct and incorrect Probe Barcodepairings between WTA and custom probes for multiplexingexperiments.

When designing custom probes for either singleplex or multiplex experiments, consider the following:

- GC content should be between 44 72% for each 25 bp probe half.
- Avoid homopolymer repeats.
- Avoid overlap with annotated repeat or low complexity sequences.
- If possible, design probes for coding regions of mRNA as opposed to untranslated regions.
- The 25th nucleotide of the probe (3' most nucleotide of the LHS probe) must be a T. The opposing nucleotide in the target RNA must be an A.
- Avoid common single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and potential mismatches at the ligation junction. Refer to the UCSC Genome Browser and the Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Database (dbSNP). If avoiding SNPs is not possible, SNPs and mismatches should be at least four bp away from the ligation junction.
- If probes can bind to sequences other than the target mRNA sequence, an off-target signal may be observed. To check for off-target homology, align the probe sequence to the reference transcriptome using the Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST). Matches to off-target genes should have at least five mismatches in at least one of the LHS or RHS probes to prevent efficient hybridization.

- Designing three probe pairs per target mRNA is recommended, especially for low expressing genes. However, if the gene is not long enough or there aren't enough specific 50 bp regions, fewer than three probe pairs is acceptable.
- Probe pairs should not overlap to avoid competition between probes for the same binding site in the target RNA.
- Add new probe sequences to the probe set reference CSV file. Refer to the Analysis section for more information.

Ordering Custom Probes

Custom probes can be ordered from any oligonucleotide synthesis provider. 10x Genomics has tested custom probes in various formats available from IDT, including DNA oligos (standard desalted), Ultramer DNA Oligonucleotides, and oPool Oligo Pools. In limited testing, comparable results were observed with all formats.

Key Guidelines

- Probes should go through standard desalting.
- No HPLC purification is required.
- Probes should be resuspended in IDTE (or low EDTA TE Buffer).
- RHS probes must be 5' phosphorylated.
- Ordering the custom probes as an oPool is preferred as it simplifies probe pooling and dilution upstream of the Probe Hybridization step (see Appendix B).
- LHS and RHS probes can be combined in the same oPools or ordered as separate pools.
- When ordering oPools for multiplexing experiments, RHS probes with different Probe Barcodes must be ordered as separate pools. LHS probes may be ordered as a separate oPool or included with each of the oPools for the differently barcoded RHS probes.

Using Custom Probes

To use custom probes, prepare a spike-in pool containing 40 nM of each probe in nuclease-free water. For example, a spike-in pool with 9 probe pairs would contain 40 nM of each of the 9 LHS probes and 9 RHS probes (720 nM total probe).

For multiplexed samples, all the RHS probes within a pool should have the same Probe Barcode. For example, when performing a multiplex experiment using four Probe Barcodes, four spike-in pools, one for each Probe Barcode, should be prepared.

Recommended dilution of custom probes upstream of probe hybridization is dependent on the ordering format. Example dilutions for oPools, standard desalted, and Ultramer custom probes are provided in Appendix B.

5 μl of the custom probe spike-in pool (LHS and RHS probes combined) are added to the sample after the 10x Genomics Human/Mouse WTA Probes are added to the resuspended cell pellet as shown in Table 9.

| Modified Probe Hybridization Mix Add in order listed | 10x PN | 1X (µl) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Hyb Buffer | 2000483 | 70 |
| Enhancer | 2000482 | 10 |
| Human WTA Probes OR | 2000495-2000510 | 20 |
| Mouse WTA Probes | 2000703-2000718 | |
| Custom Probes, each probe at 40 nM (LHS and RHS combined) | - | 5 |
| Total | | 105 |

Table 9. Modified Probe Hybridization Mix for use in theChromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex assay.

When adding custom probes to the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix, the Probe Barcode for the spike-in custom probe pool must match the Probe Barcode for the WTA Probes, as illustrated in Table 8.

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Analysis

The use of custom probes requires the following file modifications for successful Cell Ranger (v7.2 or later) analysis:

Probe Set Reference CSV

- Find the appropriate probe set CSV on the Descriptions of Probe Set Reference CSV and Supporting Files page in the Fixed RNA Profiling section of the 10x Genomics Support website.
- Update the appropriate probe set reference CSV file by appending the new custom probe information in the following columns:
 - If new genes are added and a new genome reference is created using the mkref pipeline, the #reference_genome and the #reference_ version in the header of the new probe set CSV file should be modified to match the name and version of the genome reference used for analysis.

- gene_id: the ID of the mRNA target (any identifier)
- probe_seq: combined LHS and RHS sequence trimmed of any adaptor, R2, or partial capture sequences. Target mRNA sequence only.
- probe_id: Pipe-separated gene_id|gene_ name|7 character hash (any combination of letters and numbers)
- included: TRUE (will include in Cell Ranger analysis)
- region: spliced or unspliced
 - spliced: the combined LHS and RHS sequence spans a splice junction
 - unspliced: the combined LHS and RHS sequence does not span a splice junction. For example, the sequence sits entirely within a single exon of the target gene.

Data Highlight

Custom probe pairs were designed to detect EGFP (Enhanced green fluorescent protein) and mRFP (monomeric red fluorescent protein, referred to as RFP in this document) reporter genes in cell lines. Samples were fixed and processed as per the Single Cell Gene Expression Flex singleplex (CG000691) and multiplex (CG000527) workflows (see References). The probes were designed based on reference sequences from Addgene (EGFP, https://www.addgene.org/13031/; RFP, https://www.addgene.org/13032/).

Probe Design

The target sequence included in the custom probes is a reverse complement of the common EGFP and RFP sequences being detected in this experiment. The LHS probes are listed in Table 10 and the RHS probes are listed in Table 11. If using the listed sequences, confirm that the EGFP or RFP constructs used in your experiment include the binding site for these probes.

| Custom LHS Probes for Single Cell Gene Expression Flex Assay | | Table 10. LH sequences fo |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Probe Configuration | 5'-CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA- <u>target_LHS</u> -3' | EGFP and RF These LHS p paired with R |
| EGFP-LHS-1 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCAggtagtggtcggcgagctgcacgct | Barcode BCC experiments |
| EGFP-LHS-2 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>agggtgtcgccctcgaacttcacct</u> | probes (Prob BC001-BC01 for multiplex |
| EGFP-LHS-3 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>atggtgcgctcctggacgtagcctt</u> | for multiplex |
| RFP-LHS-1 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>tcggtcttgtaggcgccgggcagct</u> | |
| RFP-LHS-2 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>aagttggtgccgcgcagcttcacct</u> | |
| RFP-LHS-3 | CCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA <u>cctcgatctcgaactcgtggccgtt</u> | |

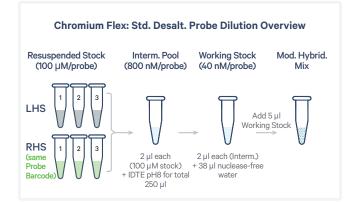
Table 10. LHS probesequences for detection ofEGFP and RFP reporter genes.These LHS probes may bepaired with RHS probes (ProbeBarcode BC001) for singleplexexperiments or with RHSprobes (Probe BarcodesBC001-BC016 listed in Table 7)for multiplex experiments.

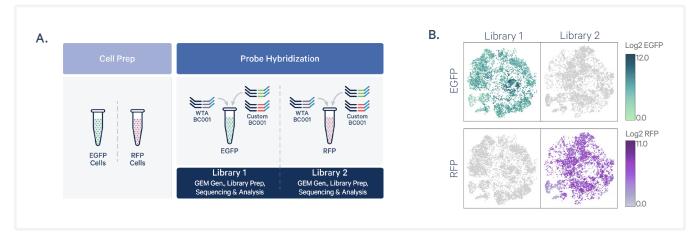
| Custom RHS Probes for Single Cell Gene Expression Flex Assay | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Probe Configuration | /5Phos/- <u>target_RHS</u> -ACGCGGTTAGCACGTA-NN-ACTTTAGG-CGGTCCTAGCAA-3' |
| EGFP-RHS-1 | /5Phos/gccgtcctcgatgttgtggcggatcACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |
| EGFP-RHS-2 | /5Phos/cggcgcgggtcttgtagttgccgtcACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |
| EGFP-RHS-3 | /5Phos/cgggcatggcggacttgaagaagtcACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |
| RFP-RHS-1 | /5Phos/gcacgggcttcttggccatgtaggtACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |
| RFP-RHS-2 | /5Phos/tgtagatgaactcgccgtcctgcagACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |
| RFP-RHS-3 | /5Phos/ <u>cacggagccctccatgcgcaccttg</u> ACGCGGTTAGCACGTANNACTTTAGGCGGTCCTAGCAA |

Table 11. RHS probe sequences for detection of EGFP and RFP reporter genes. These RHS probes containing Probe Barcode BC001 are for a singleplex experiment. For multiplex experiments, each of the RHS probes must be designed and synthesized with a unique Probe Barcode BC001-BC0016 (sequences listed in Table 7) as described in the Probe Design section.

Probe Dilutions

Custom probes used in this study were ordered as standard desalted probes (100 μ M stock) and were diluted as illustrated in the overview (see Appendix B for additional guidance, including dilution of oPool Oligo Pools). When preparing the dilutions for a multiplexing experiment, only RHS probes with the same probe barcode were added to each spike-in pool.





Chromium Flex Singleplex Experiment Overview & Results

Figure 4. Custom probe specificity in detection of EGFP and RFP in a Single Cell Gene Expression Flex singleplex experiment. A mix of custom probes for detecting EGFP and RFP were added to individual hybridization reactions containing either EGFP- or RFP-expressing cells (A) and processed and analyzed as per the Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits for Singleplexed Samples (CG000691) workflow. EGFP is detected only in cells expressing EGFP but not in RFP-expressing cells. Similarly, RFP is only detected in cells expressing RFP but not in GFP-expressing cells demonstrating the specificity of the custom probes (B).

Β. Α. BC001 BC002 Probe Hybridization Cell Pooling • GFP • RFP EGFP Cells RFP Cells BC003 BC004 EGFP + RFP Cells Control Cells EGEP + Contro

Chromium Flex Multiplex Experiment Overview & Results

Figure 5. Custom probe specificity in detection of EGFP and RFP in a Single Cell Gene Expression Flex multiplex experiment. In a 4-sample multiplex experiment, a mix of custom probes for detecting EGFP and RFP were added to individual hybridization reactions containing either EGFP cells, RFP cells, a 50:50 mix of EGFP:RFP cells, or negative control cells (A). After hybridization, samples were pooled in equal proportion, washed, and loaded into a single GEM lane and were processed and analyzed as per the Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits for Multiplexed Samples (CG000527) workflow. Using a UMI threshold of 1 or greater, EGFP is detected only in samples containing EGFP cells (BC001 and BC003) but not in RFP-only (BC002) or in negative control (BC004) cells. Similarly, RFP is only detected in samples expressing the RFP reporter (BC002 and BC003) but not in the EGFP-only sample or in the negative control (B).

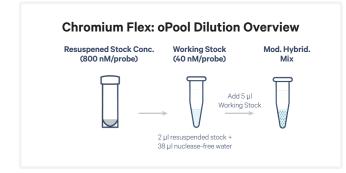
Appendix B: Chromium Flex Custom Probe Pooling & Dilution

Custom probe pooling and dilution, upstream of the probe hybridization step, is dependent on the format in which the custom probe is acquired and the number of probes being pooled. Example dilutions for oPools, standard desalted, and Ultramer custom probes are provided here.

oPool Oligo Pools

For combining fewer than 20 oPools in a single spike-in pool, follow the steps described below. If combining more than 20 oPools,

contact support@10xgenomics.com.



a. <u>Resuspend stock:</u>

Resuspend oPool Oligos in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 800 nM/probe. Store resuspended oligos at -20°C.



Resuspension volume is based only on the oPool scale and not on the number of oligos in the oPool. To determine resuspension volume, first convert the oPool scale (provided in pmol/oligo) to nmol per oligo and then calculate the volume of IDTE needed for 800 nM/oligo concentration.

Example: Centrifuge oPool tube (50 pmol/oligo scale) briefly, add 62.5 µl IDTE (pH 8.0), and resuspend for a concentration of 800 nM/oligo.

b. <u>Prepare working stock:</u>

Using the resuspended stock, prepare the spike-in pool working stock containing 40 nM each of the LHS and RHS probes.



If the spike-in pool contains fewer than 20 probes, the working stock (40 nM/probe) should be prepared fresh before use and any remaining solution should be discarded. If the spike-in pool contains more than 20 probes, the working stock (40 nM/probe) may be prepared ahead of time and stored at -20°C

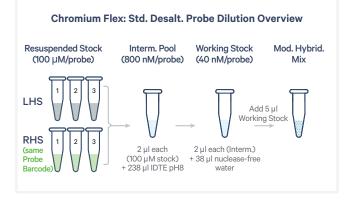
| Spike-in Pool Working Stock | Volume (µl) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 38 |
| Resuspended Stock* (800 nM/probe) | 2 |
| Total | 40 |

*If adding multiple resuspended oPool stocks, add 2 µl from each oPool stock and reduce the volume of nucleasefree water proportionally.

- **c.** Pipette mix 15X (pipette set to 30 μl), centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Add **5 μl** spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization mix (see Table 9).
 - All RHS probes in a spike-in pool working stock should have the same Probe Barcode. For example, when performing a multiplex experiment using four Probe Barcodes, four spike-in pools, one for each Probe Barcode, should be prepared. When adding custom probes to the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix, the Probe Barcode for the spike-in custom probe pool must match the Probe Barcode of the WTA Probes used in the probe hybridization reaction.

Standard Desalted or Ultramer

When ordering probes synthesized as individual oligos in tubes or plates, the recommended dilution scheme depends on the number of total custom probes being used in the experiment.



For ≤120 Total Custom Probes (≤60 LHS probes + ≤60 RHS probes)

- a. Resuspend stock: Resuspend each oligo in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 100 μM. Store resuspended stock at -20°C.
- b. <u>Prepare intermediate pool:</u> Using the resuspended stock, prepare the intermediate pool by combining 2 μ l from each 100 μ M resuspended probe in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a total volume of 250 μ l.



All of the RHS probes within a pool should have the same Probe Barcode. For example, when performing a multiplex experiment using four Probe Barcodes, four intermediate pools, one for each Probe Barcode, should be prepared.

Example: intermediate pool for Probe Barcode BC001 containing a total of 6 custom probes

| Intermediate Pool (BC001) 800 nM/probe (100 μM stock) | Volume (µl) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| IDTE (pH 8.0) | 238 |
| LHS Custom Probe 1 | 2 |
| LHS Custom Probe 2 | 2 |
| LHS Custom Probe 3 | 2 |
| RHS Custom Probe 1, BC001 | 2 |
| RHS Custom Probe 2, BC001 | 2 |
| RHS Custom Probe 3, BC001 | 2 |
| Total | 250 |

- **c.** Vortex **30 sec**, centrifuge briefly. The intermediate stock may be stored at -20°C.
- **d.** <u>Prepare working stock:</u> Using the intermediate pool, prepare a spike-in pool working stock.

| Spike-in Pool Working Stock (BC001) | Volume (µl) |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 38 |
| Intermediate Pool* (800 nM/probe) | 2 |
| Total | 40 |

- e. Pipette mix 15X (pipette set to 30 μl), centrifuge briefly.
- **f.** Add **5 μl** spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization mix (Table 9).



When adding custom probes to the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix, the Probe Barcode for the spike-in custom probe pool must match the Probe Barcode of the WTA Probes used in the probe hybridization reaction.

For 120-2,500 Total Custom Probes (≤1,250 LHS probes + ≤1,250 RHS probes)

a. <u>Resuspend stock:</u>

Resuspend each oligo in IDTE (10 mM Tris, 0.1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for a stock concentration of 100 μ M. Store resuspended stock at -20°C.

 <u>Prepare working stock:</u> Using the resuspended stock, prepare a spike-in pool working stock for a total volume of 5,000 μl.

Example: pool for Probe Barcode BC001 containing a total of 300 custom probes or 150 custom probe pairs

| Spike-in Pool Working Stock (BC001) (100 µM stock) | Volume (µl) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Nuclease-free water | 4,400 |
| LHS Custom Probes (1 -150) | 300 (2 µl each X 150) |
| RHS Custom Probes BC001 (1-150) | 300 (2 µl each X 150) |
| Total | 5,000 |

- c. Vortex **30 sec**, centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Add **5 μl** spike-in pool working stock to the Modified Probe Hybridization mix (Table 9).



All RHS probes in a spike-in pool working stock should have the same Probe Barcode. For example, when performing a multiplex experiment using four Probe Barcodes, four spike-in pools, one for each Probe Barcode, should be prepared. When adding custom probes to the Modified Probe Hybridization Mix, the Probe Barcode for the spike-in custom probe pool must match the Probe Barcode of the WTA Probes used in the probe hybridization reaction.

For >2500 Total Custom Probes

Contact support@10xgenomics.com

Conclusion

This Technical Note provides guidance on the design and use of custom probes with the Visium Spatial Gene Expression and Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex (singleplexed and multiplexed) assays. While no impact on assay performance is anticipated, the use of custom probes in these assays has not been tested extensively and is not supported by 10x Genomics. Performing a pilot experiment with these unsupported workflow modifications is recommended prior to committing to larger studies.

References

- 1. Visium Spatial Gene Expression for FFPE Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000407).
- 2. Visium CytAssist Spatial Gene Expression Reagent Kits User Guide (CG000495).
- 3. Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits User Guide for Singleplexed Samples with Feature Barcode technology for Protein (CG000477).
- 4. Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits User Guide for Singleplexed Samples (CG000691).
- 5. Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits User Guide for Singleplexed Samples with Feature Barcode technology for Protein using Barcode Oligo Capture (CG000674).
- 6. Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits User Guide for Multiplexed Samples (CG000527).
- 7. Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling Reagent Kits User Guide for Multiplexed Samples with Feature Barcode technology for Protein using Barcode Oligo Capture (CG000673).

Document Revision Summary

| Document Number | CG000621 |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Title | Custom Probe Design for Visium Spatial Gene Expression and Chromium Single Cell Gene Expression Flex |
| Revision | Rev C |
| Revision Date | October 2023 |

Specific Changes:

Visium Spatial Updates

- Includes Data Highlight section (pages 5-6)
- Includes Appendix A with Custom Probe Pooling & Dilution (pages 7-9)

Chromium Flex Updates

- Includes guidance for using custom probes in multiplex experiments (pages 10-12)
- Genome Reference guidance removed (page 13)
- Includes Data Highlight section (pages 13-15)
- Includes Appendix B with Custom Probe Pooling & Dilution (pages 16-18)
- Updated References (page 19)

General Changes:

Updated for general minor consistency of language, terms, and format throughout.

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