USER GUIDE

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Reagent Kits v2 (Dual Index)

with Feature Barcode technology for CRISPR Screening

FOR USE WITH

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Kit v2, 16 rxns PN-1000263

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Kit v2, 4 rxns PN-1000265

Library Construction Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000190

5' CRISPR Kit, 16 rxns, PN-1000451

Chromium Single Cell Human TCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000252

Chromium Single Cell Human BCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000253

Chromium Single Cell Mouse TCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000254

Chromium Single Cell Mouse BCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000255

Chromium Next GEM Chip K Single Cell Kit, 48 rxns PN-1000286

Chromium Next GEM Chip K Single Cell Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000287

Dual Index Kit TT Set A, 96 rxns PN-1000215



Notices

Document Number

CG000510 • Rev C

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Document Revision Summary

Document Number CG000510

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' v2 (Dual Index)
User Guide with Feature Barcode technology for

CRISPR Screening

Revision Rev C

Revision Date April 2023

Specific Changes:

Title

• Updated the volume of transferred supernatant to 70 μ l (step 2.3d cDNA Cleanup – SPRIselect) at page 42 and 44.

General Changes:

Updates for general minor consistency of language and terms throughout.

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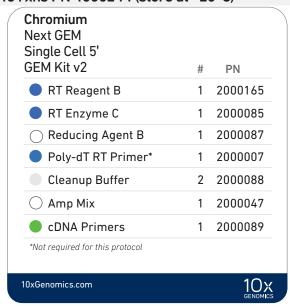
Introduction

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Reagent Kits v2 (Dual Index)
Chromium Accessories
Recommended Thermal Cyclers
Additional Kits, Reagents & Equipment
Protocol Steps & Timing
Stepwise Objectives

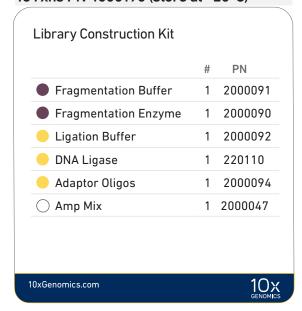
Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Reagent Kits v2 (Dual Index)

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Kit v2, 16 rxns PN-1000263

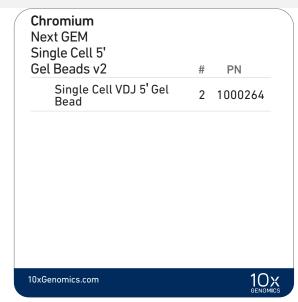
Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' GEM Kit v2, 16 rxns PN-1000244 (store at -20°C)



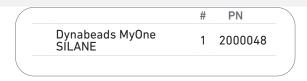
Library Construction Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000190 (store at -20°C)



Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Gel Bead Kit v2, 16 rxns PN-1000264 (store at -80°C)

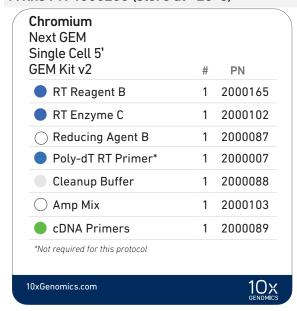


Dynabeads™ MyOne™ SILANE PN-2000048 (store at 4°C)

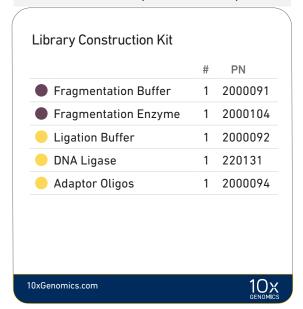


Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Kit v2, 4 rxns PN-1000265

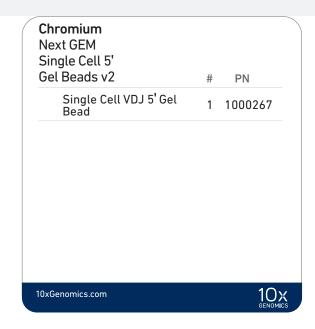
Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' GEM Kit v2, 4 rxns PN-1000266 (store at -20°C)



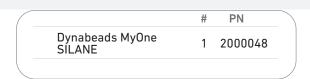
Library Construction Kit, 4 rxns PN-1000196 (store at −20°C)



Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' Gel Bead Kit v2, 4 rxns PN-1000267 (store at -80°C)



Dynabeads[™] MyOne[™] SILANE PN-2000048 (store at 4°C)



Library Construction Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000190 (store at -20°C)*



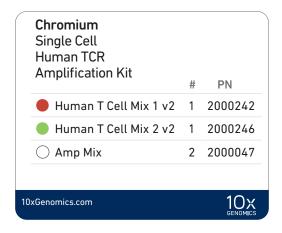
5' CRISPR Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000451 (store at -20°C)



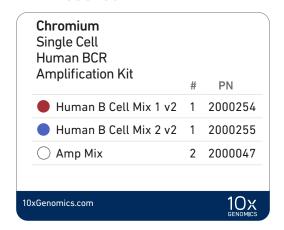
^{*} Depending on the experimental goals, additional Library Construction Kits (PN-1000190) may be required. Refer to 10x Genomics support website for further guidance.

Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits, Human (store at -20°C)

TCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000252

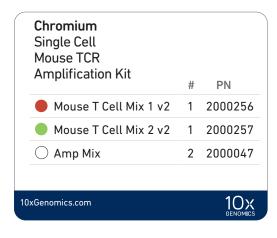


BCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000253

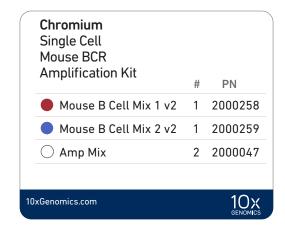


Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits, Mouse (store at -20°C)

TCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000254



BCR Amplification Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000255



Chromium Next GEM Chip K Single Cell Kit, 48 rxns PN-1000286 (store at ambient temperature)



Chromium Next GEM Chip K Single Cell Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000287 (store at ambient temperature)



Dual Index Kit TT Set A, 96 rxns PN-1000215 (store at -20°C)

Dual Index Kit TT Set A # PN Dual Index Plate TT Set A 1 3000431

10x Genomics Accessories

Product	PN (Kit)	PN (Item)
10x Vortex Adapter	120251	330002
Chromium Next GEM Secondary Holder	1000195	3000332
10x Magnetic Separator	120250	230003

Recommended Thermal Cyclers

Thermal cyclers used must support uniform heating of 100 μ l emulsion volumes.

Supplier	Description	Part Number
Bio-Rad	C1000 Touch Thermal Cycler with 96-Deep Well Reaction Module	1851197
Analytik Jena†	Biometra TAdvanced 96 SG	846-x-070-241 (x = 2 for 230 V; 4 for 115 V; 5 for 100 V, 50-60 Hz)
Eppendorf‡	Mastercycler X50s	6311000010
	Mastercycler Pro (discontinued)	North America 950030010 International 6321 000.019
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Veriti 96-Well Thermal Cycler (discontinued)	4375786

For select instruments, ramp rates should be adjusted for all steps as described below: †Analytik Jena Biometra TAdvanced 96 SG: 2°C/sec for both heating and cooling ‡Eppendorf Mastercycler X50s: 3°C/sec heating and 2°C/sec cooling

Additional Kits, Reagents & Equipment

The items in the table below have been validated by 10x Genomics and are highly recommended for the Single Cell 5' protocols. Substituting materials may adversely affect system performance. This list may not include some standard laboratory equipment.

Supplier	Description		Part Number (US)	
Plastics				
Eppendorf	PCR Tubes 0.2 ml 8-tube strips DNA LoBind Tubes, 1.5 ml DNA LoBind Tubes, 2.0 ml	951010022 022431021 022431048		
USA Scientific	TempAssure PCR 8-tube strip	USA Scientific or Thermo Fisher Scientific PCR	1402-4700	
Thermo Fisher Scientific	MicroAmp 8-Tube Strip, 0.2 ml MicroAmp 8-Cap Strip, clear	N8010580 N8010535		
Kits & Reagents				
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Nuclease-free Water		AM9937	
Millipore Sigma	Ethanol, Pure (200 Proof, anhydrous)		E7023-500ML	
Beckman Coulter	SPRIselect Reagent Kit		B23318	
Bio-Rad	10% Tween 20		1662404	
Ricca Chemical Company	Glycerin (glycerol), 50% (v/v) Aqueous Solution		3290-32	
Qiagen	Qiagen Buffer EB		19086	
Equipment				
VWR	Vortex Mixer Divided Polystyrene Reservoirs Mini Centrifuge (alternatively, use any equivalent mini centrifuge)	10153-838 41428-958 76269-064		
Eppendorf	Eppendorf ThermoMixer C Eppendorf SmartBlock 1.5 ml, Thermoblock for 24 (alternatively, use a temperature-controlled Heat B		5382000023 5360000038	
Quantification & Quality Control				
Agilent	2100 Bioanalyzer Laptop Bundle High Sensitivity DNA Kit 4200 TapeStation High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape High Sensitivity D5000 Reagents	G2943CA 5067-4626 G2991AA 5067-5592 5067-5593		
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Qubit 4.0 Fluorometer Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Q33238 Q32854		
KAPA Biosystems	KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platfo	KK4824		

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Pipette Tip Recommendations

10x Genomics recommends using only validated emulsion-safe pipette tips for all Single Cell protocols. Rainin pipette tips have been extensively validated by 10x Genomics and are highly recommended for all single cell assays. If Rainin tips are unavailable, any of the listed alternate pipette tips validated by 10x Genomics may be used.

Supplier	Description	Part Number (US)					
Recommended Pipettes & Pipette tips							
Rainin	Pipettes: Pipet-Lite Multi Pipette L8-50XLS+ Pipet-Lite Multi Pipette L8-200XLS+ Pipet-Lite Multi Pipette L8-10XLS+ Pipet-Lite Multi Pipette L8-20XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-2XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-10XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-20XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-100XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-100XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-200XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-200XLS+ Pipet-Lite LTS Pipette L-1000XLS+ Pipette Tips: Tips LTS 200UL Filter RT-L200FLR Tips LTS 20UL Filter RT-L10FLR	17013804 17013805 17013802 17013803 17014393 17014388 17014392 17014384 17014391 17014382 30389240 30389213 30389226					
Alternate Recommendation	ons (If Rainin pipette tips are unavailable, any of the listed pipette tips may be used)						
Eppendorf	Pipettes: Eppendorf Research plus, 8-channel, epT.I.P.S. Box, $0.5-10~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 8-channel, epT.I.P.S. Box, $10-100~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 8-channel, epT.I.P.S. Box, $30-300~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 1-channel, epT.I.P.S.® Box, $0.1-2.5~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 1-channel, epT.I.P.S.® Box, $0.5-10~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 1-channel, epT.I.P.S.® Box, $2-20~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 1-channel, epT.I.P.S.® Box, $2-200~\mu L$ Eppendorf Research plus, 1-channel, epT.I.P.S.® Box, $100-1000~\mu L$ Pipette Tips (compatible with Eppendorf pipettes only) ep Dualfilter T.I.P.S., $2-20~\mu L$ ep Dualfilter T.I.P.S., $2-20~\mu L$ ep Dualfilter T.I.P.S., $2-200~\mu L$ ep Dualfilter T.I.P.S., $2-200~\mu L$	3125000010 3125000036 3125000052 3123000012 3123000020 3123000039 3123000055 3123000063 0030078535 0030078551 0030078578					
Labcon*	ZAP SLIK 20 μL Low Retention Aerosol Filter Pipet Tips for Rainin LTS ZAP SLIK 200 μL Low Retention Aerosol Filter Pipet Tips for Rainin LTS ZAP SLIK 1200 μL Low Retention Aerosol Filter Pipet Tips for Rainin LTS	4-1143-965-008 4-1144-965-008 4-1145-965-008					
Biotix*	xTIP4 Racked Pipette Tips, Rainin LTS Pipette Compatible, 0.1-20uL xTIP4 Racked Pipette Tips, Rainin LTS Pipette Compatible, 200uL xTIP4 Racked Pipette Tips, Rainin LTS Pipette Compatible, 1200uL	63300931 63300001 63300004					

^{*}Compatible with Rainin pipettes

Protocol	Steps & Timing Steps	Timing	Stop & Store
	Cell Preparation and Labeling (Dependent on cell type and labeling protocol)	~1-2 h	
	Step 1 – GEM Generation & Barcoding		
3 h	 1.1 Prepare Reaction Mix 1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip K 1.3 Run the Chromium Controller or X/iX 1.4 Transfer GEMs 1.5 GEM-RT Incubation 	20 min 10 min 18 min 3 min 55 min	4°C ≤72 h or −20°C ≤1 week
	Step 2 – Post GEM RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification		
	 2.1 Post GEM-RT Cleanup – Dynabead 2.2 cDNA Amplification 2.3 cDNA Cleanup 2.4 cDNA Quantification & QC 	45 min 50 min 15 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h or −20°C ≤1 week 4°C ≤72 h or −20°C ≤4 weeks
6 h	*After cDNA Amplification & QC, for V(D)J Amplification and V(D)J Library Construction For 5' Gene Expression Library Construction proceed directly to step 5.	ıction proceed to	steps 3-4.
	Step 3 – V(D)J Amplification from cDNA		
	 3.1 V(D)J Amplification 1 3.2 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect 3.3 V(D)J Amplification 2 3.4 Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect 3.5 Post V(D)J Amplification QC & Quantification 	40 min 40 min 40 min 30 min 50 min	4° C ≤72 h 4° C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤1 week 4° C ≤72 h 4° C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤1 week
	Step 4 – V(D)J Library Construction		
	 4.1 Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing 4.2 Adaptor Ligation 4.3 Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect 4.4 Sample Index PCR 4.5 Post Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect 4.6 Post Library Construction QC 	45 min 25 min 20 min 40 min 20 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or −20°C long-term
	Step 5 – 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction		
8 h plus* *Time dependent on Stop options used and protocol steps executed	 GEX Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing GEX Post Frag, End Repair & A-tailing Double Sided – SPRIselect GEX Adaptor Ligation GEX Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect GEX Sample Index PCR GEX Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Cleanup – SPRIselect GEX Post Library Construction QC 	45 min 30 min 25 min 20 min 40 min 30 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or −20°C long-term
	Step 6 – 5' CRISPR Screening Library Construction		
	 6.1 Guide RNA cDNA Cleanup 6.2 Feature PCR 6.3 Post Feature PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect 6.4 Sample Index PCR 6.5 Post Sample Index PCR Size Selection – SPRIselect 6.6 Post Library Construction QC 	20 min 50 min 20 min 30 min 20 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h or −20°C long-term

Stepwise Objectives

The Single Cell 5' protocols offer comprehensive, scalable solutions for measuring immune repertoire, gene expression, and CRISPR-mediated perturbations from the same cell. Profile full-length (5' UTR to constant region), paired T-cell receptor (TCR), or B-cell receptor (BCR) transcripts, and CRISPR-mediated perturbations from 500-10,000 individual cells per sample.

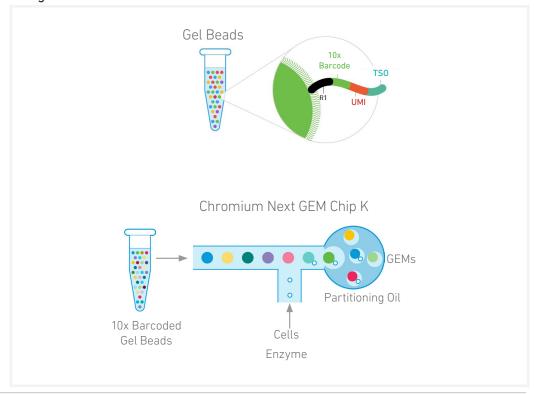
A pool of ~750,000 barcodes are sampled separately to index each cell's transcriptome along with the CRISPR-mediated perturbations. It is done by partitioning thousands of cells into nanoliter-scale Gel Beads-in-emulsion (GEMs), where all generated cDNA (from poly-adenylated mRNAs and single-guide RNAs/sgRNAs) share a common 10x Barcode. Libraries are generated and sequenced and 10x Barcodes are used to associate individual reads back to the individual partitions.

This document outlines the protocol to generate a T-cell library and/or a B-cell library, and/or a 5' Gene Expression, and CRISPR Screening libraries from amplified cDNA from the same cells.

Step 1 GEM Generation & Barcoding

GEMs are generated by combining barcoded Single Cell VDJ 5' Gel Beads, a Master Mix with cells, and Partitioning Oil onto Chromium Next GEM Chip K.

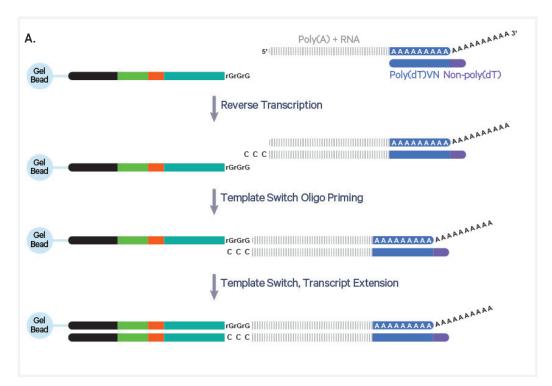
To achieve single cell resolution, cells are delivered at a limiting dilution, such that the majority (\sim 90 – 99%) of generated GEMs contains no cell, while the remainder largely contain a single cell.

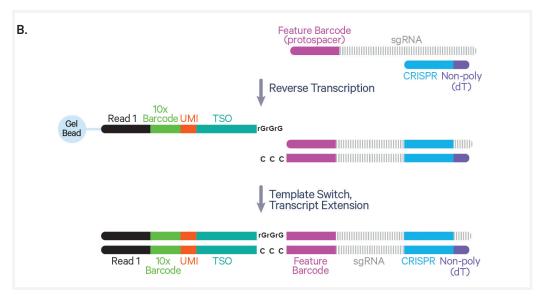


Step 1 GEM Generation & Barcoding

Immediately following GEM generation, the Gel Bead is dissolved and any copartitioned cell is lysed. Oligonucleotides containing (i) an Illumina R1 sequence (read 1 sequencing primer), (ii) a 16 nt 10x Barcode, (iii) a 10 nt unique molecular identifier (UMI), and (iv) 13 nt template switch oligo (TSO) are released and mixed with the cell lysate and a Master Mix containing reverse transcription (RT) reagents and primer mix (poly(dT) + CRISPR primers). Incubation of the GEMs simultaneously produces 10x Barcoded, full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA (A) and barcoded DNA from the sgRNA protospacer (Feature Barcode) cDNA, designed to taget gene/s of interest (B).

Inside individual GEMs

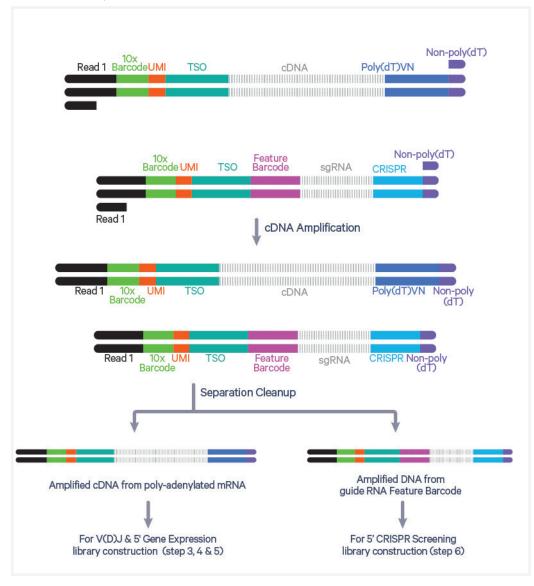




Step 2
Post GEM-RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification

GEMs are broken and pooled after GEM-RT reaction mixtures are recovered. Silane magnetic beads are used to purify the 10x Barcoded first-strand cDNA from the post GEM-RT reaction mixture, which includes leftover biochemical reagents and primers. 10x Barcoded, full-length cDNA is amplified via PCR with primers against common 5' and 3' ends added during GEM-RT. Amplification generates sufficient material to construct multiple libraries from the same cells, e.g. both T cell and/or B cell libraries (steps 3 and 4), 5' Gene Expression libraries (step 5), and 5' CRISPR Screening libraries (step 6).

Pooled cDNA amplification



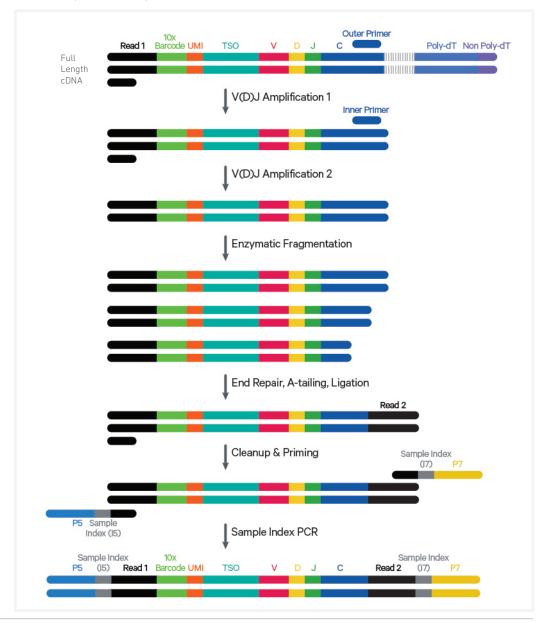
Step 3 V(D)J Amplification from cDNA

Amplified full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA is used to amplify full-length V(D)J segments (10x Barcoded) via PCR amplification with primers specific to either the TCR or BCR constant regions. If both T and B cells are expected to be present in the partitioned cell population, TCR and Ig transcripts can be amplified in separate reactions from the same amplified cDNA material.

Step 4 V(D)J Library Construction

Enzymatic fragmentation and size selection are used to generate variable length fragments that collectively span the V(D)J segments of the amplified TCR or BCR transcripts prior to library construction. P5, P7, i5 and i7 sample indexes, and an Illumina R2 sequence (read 2 primer sequence) are added via End Repair, A-tailing, Adaptor Ligation, and Sample Index PCR. The final libraries contain the P5 and P7 priming sites used in Illumina sequencing.

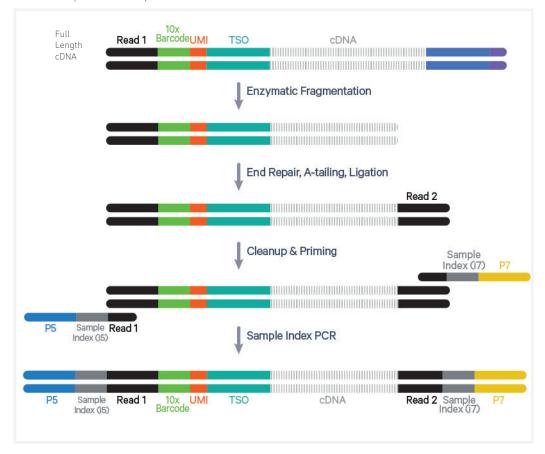
Pooled amplified cDNA processed in bulk



Step 5 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction

Amplified full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA is used to generate 5' Gene Expression library. Enzymatic fragmentation and size selection are used to optimize the cDNA amplicon size prior to 5' gene expression library construction. P5, P7, i5 and i7 sample indexes, and Illumina R2 sequence (read 2 primer sequence) are added via End Repair, A-tailing, Adaptor Ligation, and Sample Index PCR. The final libraries contain the P5 and P7 priming sites used in Illumina sequencers.

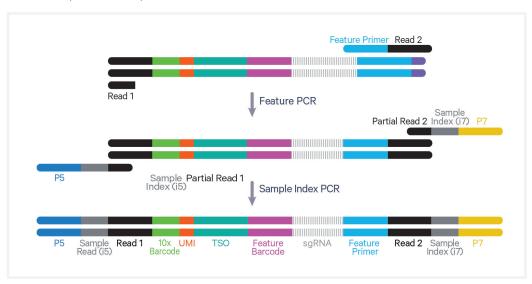
Pooled amplified cDNA processed in bulk



Step 6 5' CRISPR Screening Library Construction

Amplified cDNA from sgRNA molecules is used to generate CRISPR Screening libraries. P5, P7, i7 and i5 sample indexes, and TruSeq Read 2 (read 2 primer sequence) are added via PCR. The final libraries contain the P5 and P7 primers used in Illumina bridge amplification.

Pooled amplified cDNA processed in bulk



Step 7 Sequencing

Illumina-ready dual index libraries can be sequenced at the recommended depth & run parameters. Illumina sequencer compatibility, sample indices, library loading and pooling for sequencing are summarized in the Sequencing chapter.

Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Dual Index Library



Chromium Single Cell 5' Gene Expression Dual Index Library



See Appendix for Oligonucleotide Sequences

Chromium Single Cell 5' CRISPR Screening Dual Index Library



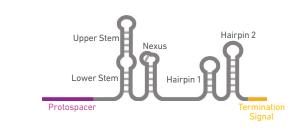
CRISPR Screening Overview

The Chromium Single Cell Immune Profiling Solution with Feature Barcode technology provides a high-throughput and scalable approach to obtain gene expression profiles along with perturbation phenotypes via direct capture of poly-adentylated mRNAs and single-guide RNAs (sgRNAs) from the same single cell (see Stepwise Objectives).

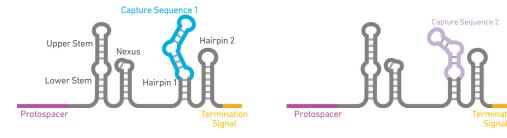
For compatibility with the Chromium Single Cell 5' CRISPR Screening assay, sgRNAs should be engineered for use with standard Cas9 systems with a protospacer on the 5' end (panel A). Compatibility of the assay can be verified by ensuring primer binding is possible with the sgRNA of interest. The assay is also compatible with sgRNA engineered with either Capture Sequence 1* or Capture Sequence 2* within the sgRNA hairpin structure (panel B), or immediately before the sgRNA termination signal (panel C), elongating the 3'-end of the sgRNA. Alternate sgRNA structures for use with other Cas enzymes may be compatible, but have not been tested by 10x Genomics.

sgRNA compatible with Single Cell 5' CRISPR Assay

A.



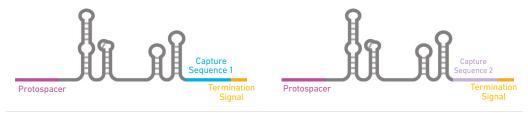
B. Integrated Capture Sequence 1 or 2 in sgRNA hairpin*



C. Integrated Capture Sequence 1 or 2 in sgRNA 3'-end*



Performing sgRNA QC by qPCR, NGS, or other methods is recommended prior to proceeding with the Single Cell Immune Profiling and CRISPR Screening Solution.



*Also compatible with Chromium Single Cell 3' CRISPR Screening assay.

Experimental Planning Guide

 Refer to the Chromium Single Cell CRISPR Screening – Experimental Planning Guide (Document CG000398).

Tips & Best Practices



Icons







Troubleshooting section includes additional guidance

Version Specific Update



Indicates version specific updates in a particular protocol step to inform users who have used a previous version of the product. The updates may be in volume, temperature, calculation instructions etc.

Emulsion-safe Plastics

Use validated emulsion-safe plastic consumables when handling GEMs as some plastics can destabilize GEMs.

Cell Concentration

- Recommended starting point is to load ~1,700 cells per reaction, resulting in recovery of ~1,000 cells, and a multiplet rate of ~0.8%. The optimal input cell concentration is 700-1,200 cells/µl.
- The presence of dead cells in the suspension may also reduce the recovery rate. Consult the 10x Genomics Single Cell Protocols Cell Preparation Guide and the Best Practices to Minimize Chromium Next GEM Chip Clogs and Wetting Failure (Documents CG00053 and CG000479 respectively) for more information on preparing cells.
- Refer to the 10x Genomics Support website for more information regarding cell type specific sample preparation, for example, the Demonstrated Protocol for Enrichment of CD3+ T Cells from Dissociated Tissues for Single Cell RNA Sequencing and Immune Repertoire Profiling (Document CG000123).

Multiplet Rate (%)	# of Cells Loaded	# of Cells Recovered
~0.4%	~870	~500
~0.8%	~1,700	~1,000
~1.6%	~3,500	~2,000
~2.3%	~5,300	~3,000
~3.1%	~7,000	~4,000
~3.9%	~8,700	~5,000
~4.6%	~10,500	~6,000
~5.4%	~12,200	~7,000
~6.1%	~14,000	~8,000
~6.9%	~15,700	~9,000
~7.6%	~17,400	~10,000

General Reagent Handling

- Fully thaw and thoroughly mix reagents before use.
- Keep all enzymes and Master Mixes on ice during setup and use. Promptly move reagents back to the recommended storage after use.
- Calculate reagent volumes with 10% excess of 1 reaction values.
- Cover Partitioning Oil tubes and reservoirs to minimize evaporation.
- If using multiple chips, use separate reagent reservoirs for each chip during loading.
- · Thoroughly mix samples with the beads during bead-based cleanup steps.

50% Glycerol Solution

- Purchase 50% glycerol solution from Ricca Chemical Company, Glycerin (glycerol), 50% (v/v) Aqueous Solution, PN-3290-32.
- Prepare 50% glycerol solution:
 - i. Mix an equal volume of water and 99% Glycerol, Molecular Biology Grade.
 - ii. Filter through a 0.2-µm filter.
 - iii. Store at –20°C in 1-ml LoBind tubes. 50% glycerol solution should be equilibrated to room temperature before use.

Pipette Calibration

- Follow manufacturer's calibration and maintenance schedules.
- Pipette accuracy is particularly important when using SPRIselect reagents.

Chromium Next GEM Chip Handling

- Minimize exposure of reagents, chips, and gaskets to sources of particles and fibers, laboratory wipes, frequently opened flip-cap tubes, clothing that sheds fibers, and dusty surfaces.
- After removing the chip from the sealed bag, use in ≤ 24 h.
- Execute steps without pause or delay, unless indicated. When multiple chips are to be used, load, run, and collect the content from one chip before loading the next.
- Fill all unused input wells in rows labeled 1, 2, and 3 on a chip with an appropriate
 volume of 50% glycerol solution before loading the used wells. DO NOT add glycerol
 to the wells in the bottom NO FILL row.
- Avoid contacting the bottom surface of the chip with gloved hands and other surfaces.
 Frictional charging can lead to inadequate priming of the channels, potentially leading to either clogs or wetting failures.
- Minimize the distance that a loaded chip is moved to reach the Chromium Controller.
- Keep the chip horizontal to prevent wetting the gasket with oil, which depletes the input volume and may adversely affect the quality of the resulting emulsion.

Chromium Next GEM Secondary Holders

- Chromium Next GEM Secondary Holders encase Chromium Next GEM Chips.
- The holder lid flips over to become a stand, holding the chip at 45 degrees for optimal recovery well content removal.
- Squeeze the black sliders on the back side of the holder together to unlock the lid and return the holder to a flat position.





Chromium Next GEM Chip & Holder Assembly with Gasket

- Close the holder lid. Attach the gasket by holding the tongue (curved end, to the right) and hook the gasket on the left-hand tabs of the holder. Gently pull the gasket toward the right and hook it on the two right-hand tabs.
- DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- · Open the chip holder.
- Align notch on the chip (upper left corner) and the open holder with the gasket attached.
- Slide the chip to the left until the chip is inserted under the guide on the holder. Depress the right hand side of the chip until the spring-loaded clip engages.
- Keep the assembled unit with the attached gasket until ready for dispensing reagents into the wells.

Chromium Next GEM
Secondary Holder
with Gasket

Assembled Chip

Notch

Guide

Clip

Chromium Next GEM Chip Loading

- Place the assembled chip and holder flat (gasket attached) on the bench with the lid open.
- Dispense at the bottom of the wells without introducing bubbles.
- When dispensing Gel Beads into the chip, wait for the remainder to drain into the bottom of the pipette tips and dispense again to ensure complete transfer.
- Refer to Load Chromium Next GEM Chip K for specific instructions.



Gel Bead Handling

- Use one tube of Gel Beads per sample. DO NOT puncture the foil seals of tubes not used at the time.
- Equilibrate the Gel Beads strip to room temperature before use.
- Store unused Gel Beads at -80°C and avoid more than 12 freeze-thaw cycles. DO NOT store Gel Beads at -20°C.



- Snap the tube strip holder with the Gel Bead strip into a 10x Vortex Adapter. Vortex 30 sec.
- Centrifuge the Gel Bead strip for ~5 sec after removing from the holder. Confirm there are no bubbles at the bottom of the tubes and the liquid levels look even. Place the Gel Bead strip back in the holder and secure the holder lid.
- If the required volume of beads cannot be recovered, place the pipette tips against the sidewalls and slowly dispense the Gel Beads back into the tubes. DO NOT introduce bubbles into the tubes and verify that the pipette tips contain no leftover Gel Beads. Withdraw the full volume of beads again by pipetting slowly.

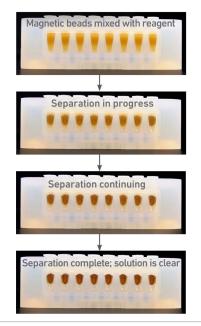
10x Magnetic Separator

- Offers two positions of the magnets (high and low) relative to a tube, depending on its orientation. Flip the magnetic separator over to switch between high (magnet•High) or low (magnet•Low) positions.
- If using MicroAmp 8-Tube Strips, use the high position (magnet•High) only throughout the protocol.



Magnetic Bead Cleanup Steps

- During magnetic bead based cleanup steps that specify waiting "until the solution clears", visually confirm clearing of solution before proceeding to the next step. See adjacent panel for an example.
- The time need for the solution to clear may vary based on specific step, reagents, volume of reagents used etc.



cDNA Amplification PCR Cycle Numbers

• Follow cycle number recommendations for high and low RNA content cells based on Targeted Cell Recovery and cell sample.

Recommended starting point for cycle number optimization.

Targeted Cell Recovery	Low RNA Content Cells e.g., Primary Cells Total Cycles	High RNA Content Cells e.g., Cell Lines Total Cycles
500-2,000	16	14
2,001-6,000	14	12
6,001-10,000	13	11

Sample Indices in Sample Index PCR

- Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run.
- Each well in the Dual Index Plate contains a unique i7 and a unique i5 oligonucleotide.
- Consider sample index compatibility when pooling different libraries; a unique sample index for each of the pooled libraries is required.

Index Hopping Mitigation

Index hopping can impact pooled samples sequenced on Illumina sequencing platforms that utilize patterned flow cells and exclusion amplification chemistry. To minimize index hopping, follow the guidelines listed below.

- · Remove adapters during cleanup steps.
- Ensure no leftover primers and/or adapters are present when performing post-Library Construction QC.
- Store each library individually at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for long-term storage.
 DO NOT pool libraries during storage.
- Pool libraries prior to sequencing. An additional 1.0X SPRI may be performed for the pooled libraries to remove any free adapters before sequencing.
- Hopped indices can be computationally removed from the data generated from single cell dual index libraries.

SPRIselect Cleanup & Size Selection

- After aspirating the desired volume of SPRIselect reagent, examine the pipette tips before dispensing to ensure the correct volume is transferred.
- Pipette mix thoroughly as insufficient mixing of sample and SPRIselect reagent will lead to inconsistent results.
- Use fresh preparations of 80% Ethanol.

Tutorial — SPRIselect Reagent : DNA Sample Ratios

SPRI beads selectively bind DNA according to the ratio of SPRIselect reagent (beads).

Example: Ratio = Volume of SPRIselect reagent added to the sample = $\frac{50 \, \mu l}{100 \, \mu l}$ = 0.5X Volume of DNA sample



After the first SPRI, supernatant is transferred for a second SPRI while larger fragments are discarded (green). After the second SPRI, fragments on beads are eluted and kept while smaller fragments are discarded (blue). Final sample has a tight fragment size distribution with reduced overall amount (black).

Tutorial — Double Sided Size Selection

 $\underline{\text{Step a - First SPRIselect}}$: Add 50 μl SPRIselect reagent to 100 μl sample (0.5X).

Ratio = $\frac{\text{Volume of SPRIselect reagent added to the sample}}{\text{Volume of DNA sample}} = \frac{50 \,\mu\text{l}}{100 \,\mu\text{l}} = 0.5X$

Step b – Second SPRIselect: Add 30 μl SPRIselect reagent to supernatant from step a (0.8X).

Ratio = $\frac{\text{Total Volume of SPRIselect reagent added to the sample (step a + b)}}{\text{Original Volume of DNA sample}} = \frac{50 \ \mu l + 30 \ \mu l}{100 \ \mu l} = 0.8X$

Enzymatic Fragmentation

 Ensure enzymatic fragmentation reactions are prepared on ice and then loaded into a thermal cycler pre-cooled to 4°C prior to initiating the Fragmentation, End Repair, and A-tailing incubation steps.

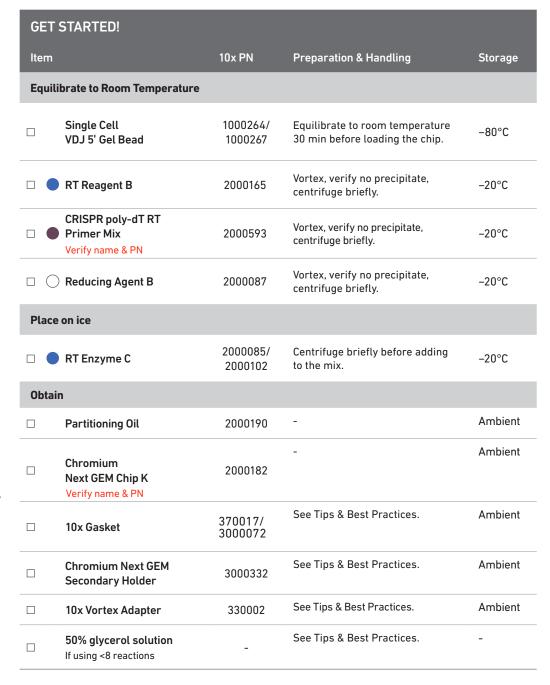
Step 1

GEM Generation & Barcoding

- 1.1 Prepare Master Mix
- 1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip K
- **1.3** Run the Chromium Controller or X/iX
- **1.4** Transfer GEMs
- **1.5** GEM-RT Incubation

1.0 GEM Generation & Barcoding











Firmware Version 4.0 or higher is required in the Chromium Controller or the Chromium Single Cell Controller used for the Single Cell 5' v2 protocol.

1.1 Prepare Reaction Mix



a. Prepare Master Mix on ice. Pipette mix 15x and centrifuge briefly.

Master Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1X (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
RT Reagent B	2000165	18.8	82.7	165.4
CRISPR poly-dT RT Primer Mix Verify name & PN	2000593	7.3	32.1	64.2
Reducing Agent B	2000087	1.9	8.4	16.7
RT Enzyme C	2000085/ 2000102	8.3	36.5	73.0
Total	-	36.3	159.7	319.3

b. Add 36.3 µl Master Mix into each tube of a PCR 8-tube strip on ice.

Assemble Chromium Next GEM Chip



See Tips & Best Practices for chip handling instructions.

- Close the holder lid. Attach the gasket by holding the tongue (curved end, to the right) and hook the gasket on the left-hand tabs of the holder. Gently pull the gasket toward the right and hook it on the two right-hand tabs.
- DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- · Open the chip holder.
- Remove the chip from the sealed bag. Use the chip within ≤ 24 h.
- Align notch on the chip (upper left corner) and the open holder with the gasket attached.
- Slide the chip to the left until the chip is inserted under the guide on the holder. Depress the right hand side of the chip until the spring-loaded clip engages.
- Keep the assembled unit with the attached gasket open until ready for and while
 dispensing reagents into the wells. DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket. After
 loading reagents, close the chip holder. DO NOT press down on the top of the gasket.

Chip in Chromium Next GEM Secondary Holder



For GEM generation, load the indicated reagents only in the specified rows, starting from row labeled 1, followed by rows labeled 2 and 3. DO NOT load reagents in the bottom row labeled NO FILL. See step 1.2 for details.



Cell Suspension Volume Calculator Table

(for step 1.2 of Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' v2 protocol)

Volume of Cell Suspension Stock per reaction (µl) | Volume of Nuclease-free Water per reaction (µl)

DO NOT add nuclease-free water directly to single cell suspension. Add nuclease-free water to the Master Mix. Refer to step 1.2b

Cell Stock	to step 1.	20			Target	ed Cell Re	covery				
Concentration (Cells/µl)	500	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000
100	8.3 30.4	16.5 22.2	33.0 5.7	n/a							
200	4.1 34.6	8.3 30.4	16.5 22.2	24.8 13.9	33.0 5.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300	2.8 35.9	5.5 33.2	11.0 27.7	16.5 22.2	22.0 16.7	27.5 11.2	33.0 5.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
400	2.1	4.1 34.6	8.3 30.5	12.4	16.5	20.6	24.8 13.9	28.9 9.8	33.0 5.7	n/a	n/a
500	1.7	3.3 35.4	6.6	9.9	13.2 25.5	16.5	19.8	23.1 15.6	26.4 12.3	29.7 9.0	33.0 5.7
600	1.4 37.3	2.8	5.5 33.2	8.3 30.5	11.0 27.7	13.8	16.5	19.3 19.4	22.0 16.7	24.8 13.9	27.5 11.2
700	1.2 37.5	2.4	4.7 34.0	7.1 31.6	9.4 29.3	11.8	14.1	16.5 22.2	18.9 19.8	21.2	23.6 15.1
800	1.0	2.1 36.6	4.1 34.6	6.2	8.3 30.4	10.3	12.4 26.3	14.4 24.3	16.5	18.6	20.6
900	0.9 37.8	1.8	3.7 35.0	5.5 33.2	7.3 31.4	9.2 29.5	11.0 27.7	12.8 25.9	14.7 24.0	16.5	18.3 20.4
1000	0.8	1.7	3.3 35.4	5.0 33.7	6.6	8.3 30.4	9.9	11.6 27.1	13.2 25.5	14.9	16.5 22.2
1100	0.8	1.5	3.0 35.7	4.5 34.2	6.0	7.5 31.2	9.0 29.7	10.5	12.0 26.7	13.5 25.2	15.0 23.7
1200	0.7	1.4	2.8 35.9	4.1 34.6	5.5 33.2	6.9	8.3 30.4	9.6 29.1	11.0	12.4	13.8
1300	0.6	1.3	2.5	3.8	5.1 33.6	6.3	7.6 31.1	8.9 29.8	10.2	11.4	12.7
1400	0.6	1.2	2.4 36.3	3.5 35.2	4.7 34.0	5.9 32.8	7.1 31.6	8.3 30.4	9.4 29.3	10.6	11.8
1500	0.6	1.1	2.2 36.5	3.3 35.4	4.4	5.5 33.2	6.6	7.7 31.0	8.8 29.9	9.9	11.0 27.7
1600	0.5	1.0	2.1 36.6	3.1 35.6	4.1 34.6	5.2 33.5	6.2	7.2 31.5	8.3 30.4	9.3 29.4	10.3
1700	0.5	1.0	1.9	2.9	3.9	4.9	5.8 32.9	6.8	7.8 30.9	8.7	9.7 29.0
1800	0.5	0.9	1.8	2.8	3.7 35.0	4.6 34.1	5.5 33.2	6.4	7.3 31.4	8.3 30.5	9.2 29.5
1900	0.4	0.9	1.7	2.6 36.1	3.5 35.2	4.3	5.2 33.5	6.1	6.9	7.8	8.7 30.0
2000	0.4	0.8	1.7 37.0	2.5 36.2	3.3 35.4	4.1 34.6	5.0 33.7	5.8 32.9	6.6	7.4 31.3	8.3 30.4
Gray bayas:		37.9					33.7	32.7	32.1	31.3	30.4

Grey boxes: Yellow boxes:

Volumes that would exceed the allowable water volume in each reaction Indicate a low transfer volume that may result in higher cell load variability

Blue boxes: Optimal range of cell stock concentration to maximize the likelihood of achieving the desired cell recovery target

Step 1 Chip Assembly & Loading

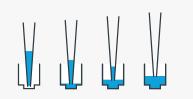
1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip K



After removing chip from the sealed bag, use in \leq 24 h. Open the lid (gasket attached) of the assembled chip and lay flat for loading.

When loading the chip, raising and depressing the pipette plunger should each take ~5 sec.

When dispensing, raise the pipette tips at the same rate as the liquid is rising, keeping the tips slightly submerged.



a. Add 50% glycerol solution to each unused well

(if processing <8 samples/chip)

- 70 µl in each unused well in row labeled 1
- 50 µl in each unused well in row labeled 2
- 45 µl in each unused well in row labeled 3

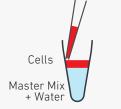
A

DO NOT add 50% glycerol solution to the bottom row of NO FILL wells. DO NOT use any substitute for 50% glycerol solution.



b. Prepare Master Mix + Cell suspension

- Refer to the Cell Suspension Volume Calculator Table.
- Add the appropriate volume of nuclease-free water to Master Mix. Add corresponding volume of single cell suspension to Master Mix. Total of **75** µl in each tube.
- Gently pipette mix the cell suspension before adding to the Master Mix.



c. Load Row Labeled 1

- Gently pipette mix the Master Mix + Cell Suspension
- Using the same pipette tip, dispense 70 μl Master Mix + Cell Suspension into the bottom center of each well in row labeled 1 without introducing bubbles.

Master Mix + Sample



d. Prepare Gel Beads

- Snap the tube strip holder with the Gel Bead strip into a 10x Vortex Adapter.
 Vortex 30 sec.
- Centrifuge the Gel Bead strip for ~5 sec.
- Confirm there are no bubbles at the bottom of the tubes and the liquid levels
 are even.
- Place the Gel Bead strip back in the holder. Secure the holder lid.

Prep Gel Beads



e. Load Row Labeled 2

- Puncture the foil seal of the Gel Bead tubes.
- Slowly aspirate **50 µl** Gel Beads.
- Dispense into the wells in row labeled 2 without introducing bubbles.
- Wait 30 sec.

Gel Beads 50 µl 2 No Fill

f. Load Row Labeled 3

 Dispense 45 μl Partitioning Oil into the wells in row labeled 3 from a reagent reservoir.



Failure to add Partitioning Oil to the top row labeled 3 will prevent GEM generation and can damage the Chromium Controller.

Partitioning Oil



g. Prepare for Run

 Close the lid (gasket already attached). DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket. DO NOT press down on the top of the gasket.

Run the chip in the Chromium Controller or X/iX immediately after loading the Partitioning Oil.



Keep horizontal to avoid wetting the gasket. DO NOT press down on the gasket.

1.3 Run the Chromium Controller or X/iX



If using Chromium Controller:

- **a.** Press the eject button on the Controller to eject the tray.
- b. Place the assembled chip with the gasket in the tray, ensuring that the chip stays horizontal. Press the button to retract the tray.
- **c.** Press the play button.



d. At completion of the run (~18 min), the Controller will chime. Immediately proceed to the next step.



Firmware Version 4.0 or higher is required in the Chromium Controller or the Chromium Single Cell Controller used for the Single Cell 5' v2 protocol.



If using Chromium X/iX:



Consult the Chromium X Series (X/iX) User Guide (CG000396) for detailed instrument operation instructions and follow the instrument touchscreen prompts for execution.

- **a.** Press the eject button on Chromium X/iX to eject the tray.
 - If the eject button is not touched within 1 min, tray will close automatically. System requires a few seconds before the tray can be ejected again.
- b. Place the assembled chip with the gasket in the tray, ensuring that the chip stays horizontal. Press the button to retract the tray.
- **c.** Press the play button.



d. At completion of the run (~18 min), Chromium X/iX will chime. **Immediately** proceed to the next step.









1.4 Transfer GEMs

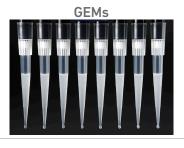
- a. Place a tube strip on ice.
- **b.** Press the eject button of the instrument and remove the chip.
- c. Discard the gasket. Open the chip holder. Fold the lid back until it clicks to expose the wells at 45 degrees.
- d. Check the volume in rows labeled 1-2. Abnormally high volume in one well relative to other wells may indicate a clog.
- e. Slowly aspirate 100 μ l GEMs from the lowest points of the recovery wells in the top row labeled 3 without creating a seal between the pipette tips and the bottom of the wells.
- f. Withdraw pipette tips from the wells. GEMs should appear opaque and uniform across all channels. Excess Partitioning Oil (clear) in the pipette tips indicates a potential clog.
- g. Over the course of ~20 sec, dispense GEMs into the tube strip on ice with the pipette tips against the sidewalls of the tubes.
- h. If multiple chips are run back-to-back, cap/ cover the GEM-containing tube strip and place on ice for no more than 1 h.

Expose Wells at 45 Degrees



Transfer GEMs





1.5 GEM-RT Incubation

Use a thermal cycler that can accommodate at least 100 μ l volume. A volume of 125 μ l is the preferred setting on Bio-Rad C1000 Touch. In alternate thermal cyclers, use highest reaction volume setting.

a. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
53°C	125 μl	~55 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	53°C	00:45:00
2	85°C	00:05:00
3	4°C	Hold



b. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to a week, or proceed to the next step.

Step 2

Post GEM-RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification

- **2.1** Post GEM-RT Cleanup Dynabeads
- 2.2 cDNA Amplification
- **2.3** cDNA Cleanup SPRIselect
- 2.4 cDNA QC & Amplification

2.0 Post GEM-RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification



	_	_		_	
GET STARTED!					
Item		10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage	
Equilibrate to I	Room Temperature				
□ ○ Reducir	ng Agent B	2000087	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C	
□ cDNA P	rimers	2000089	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C	
□ Dynabe	ads MyOne SILANE	2000048	Vortex thoroughly (≥30 sec) immediately before adding to the mix. If still clumpy, pipette mix to resuspend completely. DO NOT centrifuge before use.	4°C	
	an Coulter lect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-	
□ Sensitive	or QC and	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-	
□ Screen1	TapeStation Tape and Reagents or QC and ation	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-	
	sDNA HS Assay Kit or quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-	
Place on ice					
Amp Mi Retrieve Cell 5' GE	from Single	2000047/ 2000103	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C	
Thaw at 65°C					
□ Cleanup	Buffer	2000088	Thaw for 10 min at 65°C at max speed on a thermomixer. Verify there are no visible crystals. Cool to room temperature.	-20°C	
Obtain					
□ ○ Recover	ry Agent	220016	-	Ambient	
□ Qiagen	Buffer EB	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient	
□ Bio-Rad Tween 2		-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-	
□ 10x Mag	gnetic Separator	230003	-	Ambient	
□ Prepare	e 80% Ethanol 15 ml for 8 reactions	-	Prepare fresh.	Ambient	

2.1 Post GEM-RT Cleanup — Dynabeads

a. Add 125 μl Recovery Agent to each sample (post GEM-RT incubation) at room temperature. DO NOT pipette mix or vortex the biphasic mixture. Wait 2 min.

The resulting biphasic mixture contains Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink) and aqueous phase (clear), with no persisting emulsion (opaque).



If biphasic separation is incomplete:

Firmly secure the cap on the tube strip, ensuring that no liquid is trapped between the cap and the tube rim. Mix by inverting the capped tube strip 5x, centrifuge briefly, and proceed to step b. DO NOT invert without firmly securing the caps.



A smaller aqueous phase volume indicates a clog during GEM generation.

b. Slowly remove and discard 125 µl Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink) from the bottom of the tube. DO NOT aspirate any aqueous sample. Remove Recovery Agent



c. Prepare Dynabeads Cleanup Mix.

		Dynabeads Cleanup Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4Χ + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
		Nuclease-free Water		5	22	44
		Cleanup Buffer	2000088	182	801	1602
		Dynabeads MyOne SILANE Vortex thoroughly (≥30 sec) immediately before adding to the mix.				
Resuspend clump		Aspirate the full liquid volume with a pipette tip to verify that the beads have not settled in the bottom of the tube. If clumps are present, pipette mix to resuspend completely. DO NOT centrifuge before use.	2000048	8	35	70
	\bigcirc	Reducing Agent B	2000087	5	22	44
		Total	-	200	880	1760

Add Dynabeads Cleanup Mix



- **d.** Vortex and add **200 μl** to each sample. Pipette mix 10x (pipette set to 200 μl).
- e. Incubate 10 min at room temperature (keep caps open).



f. Prepare Elution Solution I. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

Elution Solution I Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1X (μl)	10Χ (μl)
Buffer EB	-	98	980
10% Tween 20	-	1	10
Reducing Agent B	2000087	1	10
Total	-	100	1000

g. At the end of 10 min incubation, place on a 10x Magnetic Separator•High position (magnet•High) until the solution clears.

A white interface between the aqueous phase and Recovery Agent is normal.

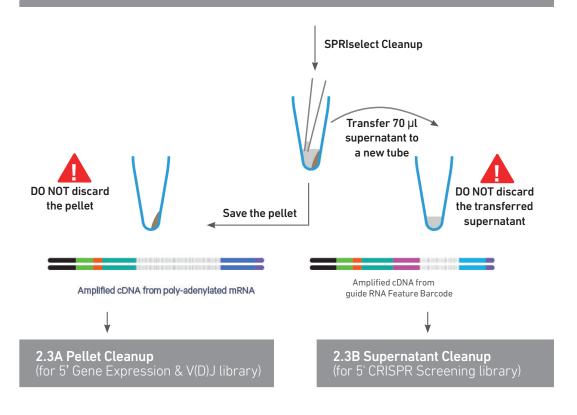
- **h.** Remove the supernatant.
- i. Add 300 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet while on the magnet. Wait 30 sec.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- k. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- l. Remove the ethanol.
- m.Centrifuge briefly. Place on the 10x Magnetic Separator•Low position (magnet•Low).
- n. Remove remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- o. Remove from the magnet. Immediately add 35.5 µl Elution Solution I.
- **p.** Pipette mix (pipette set to 30 μ l) without introducing bubbles. Pipette mix 15x. If beads still appear clumpy, continue pipette mixing until fully resuspended.
- q. Incubate 1 min at room temperature.
- r. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- **s.** Transfer $35 \mu l$ sample to a new tube strip.

Step Overview (steps 2.2 & 2.3)

Post GEM-RT Cleanup Products + cDNA Primers PN-2000089 Amplification Amplification Products CDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA CDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA CDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA CRISPR CRISPR MON-poly (dT)VN CRISPR MON-poly (dT)

cDNA from guide RNA Feature Barcode

Step 2.3 – cDNA Cleanup – SPRIselect Overview



2.2 cDNA Amplification



a. Prepare cDNA Amplification Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

cDNA Amplification Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell 5' GEM Kit	2000047/ 2000103	50	220	440
cDNA PrimersVerify name & PN	2000089	15	66	132
Total	-	65	286	572

- b. Add 65 µl cDNA Amplification Mix to 35 µl sample (Post GEM-RT Cleanup, step 2.1s).
- c. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~25-50 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	63°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:01:00
5	Go to Step 2, see table be	elow for total # of cycles
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

$\label{lem:commended} \textbf{Recommended starting point for cycle number optimization}.$

Targeted Cell Recovery	Low RNA Content Cells e.g., Primary Cells Total Cycles	<u>High RNA Content Cells</u> <u>e.g., Cell Lines</u> Total Cycles
500-2,000	16	14
2,001-6,000	14	12
6,001-10,000	13	11



The optimal number of cycles is a trade-off between generating sufficient final mass for library construction and minimizing PCR amplification artifacts.

e. Sto

e. Store at 4° C for up to 72 h or -20° C for ≤ 1 week, or proceed to the next step.

Step 2 cDNA Amplification & QC

2.3 cDNA Cleanup – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 60 μ l SPRIselect reagent (0.6X) to each sample and pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet. High until the solution clears.



- **d.** Transfer and save **70 μl** supernatant in a new tube strip without disturbing the pellet. Maintain at **room temperature**. DO NOT discard the transferred supernatant (cleanup for CRISPR Screening library construction).
- e. Remove the remaining supernatant from the pellet without disturbing the pellet. DO NOT discard the pellet (cleanup for V(D)J & 5' Gene Expression library construction). Immediately proceed to Pellet Cleanup (step 2.3A).

2.3A Pellet Cleanup

(for V(D)J & 5' Gene Expression library)

- i. Add 200 μl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- ii. Remove the ethanol.
- iii. Repeat steps i and ii for a total of 2 washes.
- iv. Centrifuge briefly and place on the magnet•Low.
- Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
 DO NOT exceed 2 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- vi. Remove from the magnet. Add 46 μl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- vii. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- viii. Place the tube strip on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- ix. Transfer 45 µl sample to a new tube strip.
- Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 4 weeks, or proceed to step 2.4 for cDNA QC & Quantification.

2.3B Transferred Supernatant Cleanup (for CRISPR Screening library)

- i. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 28 μ l SPRIselect reagent (1.2X) to only 70 μ l of the transferred supernatant and pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 80 μ l).
- ii. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
- iii. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- iv. Remove supernatant.
- v. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- vi. Remove the ethanol.
- vii. Repeat steps v and vi for a total of 2 washes.
- viii. Centrifuge briefly and place on the magnet•Low.
- ix. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min. DO NOT exceed 2 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- x. Remove from the magnet. Add 51 μ l Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- xi. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- xii. Place the tube strip on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- xiii.Transfer 50 μl sample to a new tube strip.
- Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 4 weeks, or proceed directly to step 6 for CRISPR Screening Library Construction.

2.4 cDNA QC & Quantification

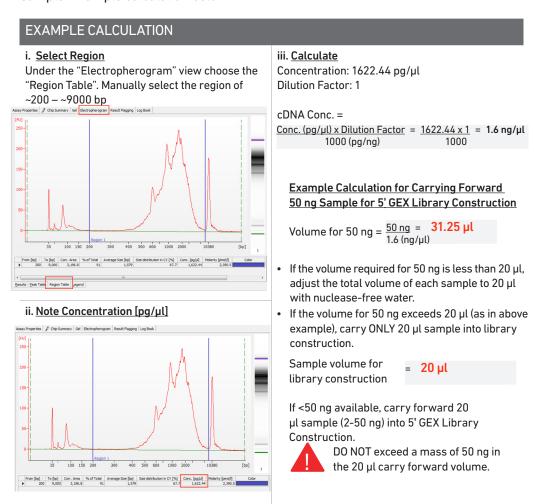
a. Run 1 μ l undiluted sample on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip. Run 1 μ l undiluted product for input cells with low RNA content (<1pg total RNA/cell), and 1 μ l of 1:10 diluted product for input cells with high RNA content.

Representative Trace for PBMCs

[FU]
30025020015035 100 150 200 300 400 500 600 1000 2000 10380 [bp]

For 5' Gene Expression Library Construction proceed directly to step 5 after step 2.4.

b. If proceeding to 5' GEX Library Construction (step 5), determine cDNA yield for each sample. Example calculation below.



Alternate Quantification Methods:

- Agilent TapeStation. See Appendix for representative traces
- Qubit Fluorometer and Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit.

Step 3

V(D)J Amplification from cDNA

- **3.1** V(D)J Amplification 1
- 3.2 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Cleanup Double Sided Size Selection SPRIselect
- **3.3** V(D)J Amplification 2
- **3.4** Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Cleanup Double Sided Size Selection SPRIselect
- **3.5** Post V(D)J Amplification QC & Quantification

3.0 V(D)J Amplification from cDNA



CET	CTARTER			
GEI	STARTED!			
Item		10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equili	brate to Room Temperature			
For H	uman Samples (Choose B or T-ce	ll primers based o	on desired amplification products)	
	Human T Cell Mix 1 v2	2000242	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	Human T Cell Mix 2 v2	2000246	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
	Human B Cell Mix 1 v2	2000254	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
	Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	2000255	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
For M	ouse Samples (Choose B or T-cell	primers based or	n desired amplification products)	
	Mouse T Cell Mix 1 v2	2000256	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
	Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2	2000257	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
	Mouse B Cell Mix 1 v2	2000258	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
	Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	2000259	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
For al	l Samples			
	Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape and Reagents If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit If used for quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Place	on ice			
	Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits	2000047	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
Obtaiı	n			
	Qiagen Buffer EB	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
	10x Magnetic Separator	230003	-	Ambient
	Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 15 ml for 8 reactions	-	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

3.1 V(D)J Amplification 1



- a. Place a tube strip on ice and transfer $2 \mu l$ sample (post cDNA Amplification & QC, step 2.3A) to the same tube.
- b. Prepare V(D)J Amplification 1 Reaction Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

V(D)J Amplification 1 Reaction Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits	2000047	50	220	440
T Cell Mix 1 v2	Human 2000242/ Mouse 2000256			
B Cell Mix 1 v2	or Human 2000254/ Mouse 2000258	48	211.2	422.4
Total	-	98	431.2	862.4

- c. Add 98 µl V(D)J Amplification 1 Reaction Mix to each tube containing 2 µl sample.
- d. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- e. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~20-30 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	62°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:01:00
5 Different cycle numbers for T & B cells	T Cell: Go to Step 2, 11x (total 12 cycl B Cell Go to Step 2, 7x (total 8 cycles)	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold



f. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

3.2 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Cleanup Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect





- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add **50** μ l SPRIselect reagent (**0.5X**) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 140 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place tube strip on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
 - DO NOT discard supernatant.
- d. Transfer 145 µl supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 30 μ l SPRIselect reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet. High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 170 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. Add 200 μ l 80% ethanol. Wait 30 sec.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- I. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet Low.
- m.Remove remaining ethanol wash. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- n. Remove from the magnet. Add 35.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- p. Place on the magnet-Low until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer $35 \mu l$ sample to a new tube strip.



r. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 1 week, or proceed to the next step.

3.3 V(D)J Amplification 2



a. Prepare V(D)J Amplification 2 Reaction Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

V(D)J Amplification 2 Reaction Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1X (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits	2000047	50	220	440
T Cell Mix 2 v2	Human 2000246/ Mouse 2000257			
or	or Human 2000255/	15	66	132
B Cell Mix 2 v2	Mouse 2000259			
Total	-	65	286	572

- b. Add $65 \mu l V(D) J$ Amplification 2 Reaction Mix to each tube containing $35 \mu l$ sample.
- c. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~25-30 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	62°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:01:00
5 Different cycle numbers for T & B cells		9x (total 10 cycles) 2, 7x (total 8 cycles)
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold





e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

3.4 Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Cleanup Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 50 μ l SPRIselect reagent (0.5X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 145 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- d. Transfer 145 µl supernatant to a new tube strip.
- **e.** Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add **30 μl** SPRIselect reagent **(0.8X)** to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μl).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 170 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. Add **200 μl** 80% ethanol. Wait **30 sec**.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- I. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- **m.** Remove remaining ethanol wash. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- n. Remove from the magnet. Add 45.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- p. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer $45 \mu l$ sample to a new tube strip.



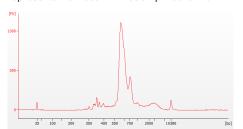
r. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 1 week, or proceed to the next step.

3.5 Post V(D)J Amplification QC & Quantification

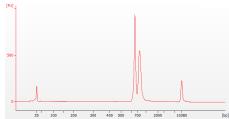
a. Run 1 μ l sample at 1:5 dilution (Dilution Factor 5) on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.

Samples of RNA-rich cells may require additional dilution in nuclease-free water. The number of distinct peaks may vary. Higher molecular weight product (2,000-9,000 bp) may be present. This does not affect sequencing.

Representative Trace - PBMCs amplified for TCR



Representative Trace - PBMCs amplified for BCR $^{\text{\tiny{[PQ]}}}$

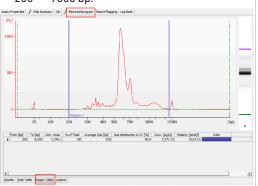


b. Determine yield for each sample. Example calculation below.

EXAMPLE CALCULATION

i. Select Region

Under the "Electropherogram" view choose the "Region Table". Manually select the region of ~200 – ~9000 bp.



iii. <u>Calculate</u>

Concentration: 7271.32 pg/µl Dilution Factor: 5

V(D)J Amplified Product Conc.

 $\frac{\text{Conc. (pg/µl) x Dilution Factor}}{1000 \text{ (pg/ng)}} = \frac{7271.32 \times 5}{1000}$ = 36.35 ng/µl

Example Calculation for Carrying Forward 50 ng Sample for V(D)J Library Construction

Volume for 50 ng = $\frac{50 \text{ ng}}{36.35 (\text{ng/µl})}$ = $\frac{1.37 \text{ µl}}{36.35 (\text{ng/µl})}$

V(D)J Library Construction Sample =1.37 μl + 18.63 μl nuclease-free water =20 μl total

ii. Note Concentration [pg/µl]



If <50 ng available, carry forward 20 μ l sample (2-50 ng) into V(D)J Library Construction.

DO NOT exceed a mass of 50 ng in the 20 µl carry forward volume.

Alternate Quantification Methods (See Appendix for representative traces)

- Agilent TapeStation
- LabChip
- Qubit Fluorometer and Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit

Step 4

V(D)J Library Construction

- **4.1** Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing
- **4.2** Adaptor Ligation
- **4.3** Post Ligation Cleanup SPRIselect
- **4.4** Sample Index PCR
- **4.5** Post Sample Index PCR Cleanup SPRIselect
- **4.6** Post Library Construction QC

4.0 V(D)J Library Construction





Ensure that Fragmentation Buffer and Fragmentation Enzyme from the same kit are used together. Lots are matched for optimal performance.

GET	GET STARTED!					
Item		10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage		
Equili	Equilibrate to Room Temperature					
	Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C		
	Adaptor Oligos	2000094	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	–20°C		
	Ligation Buffer	2000092	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C		
	Dual Index Plate TT Set A	3000431	-	-20°C		
	Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-		
	Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-		
	Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape and Reagents If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-		
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit If used for quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-		
Place	on ice					
	Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090/ 2000104	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C		
	DNA Ligase	220110/ 220131	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C		
	Amp Mix	2000047 2000103	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C		
	Qiagen Buffer EB	-	-	Ambient		
	10x Magnetic Separator	230003	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient		
	Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 15 ml for 8 reactions	-	Prepare fresh.	Ambient		

V(D)J Library Construction

4.1 Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing



- a. Determine the volume for 50 ng mass of sample (see example calculation at step 3.5). Dispense the sample volume in a tube strip on ice. If the volume required for 50 ng is less than 20 μ l, adjust the total volume of each sample to 20 μ l with nuclease-free water. If the volume for 50 ng exceeds 20 μ l, carry only 20 μ l sample into library construction.
- b. Prepare a thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
65°C	50 μl	~35 min
Step	Temperature	Time
Pre-cool block Pre-cool block prior to preparing the Fragmentation Mix	4°C	Hold
Fragmentation	32°C	00:02:00
End Repair & A-tailing	65°C	00:30:00
Hold	4°C	Hold



- c. Vortex Fragmentation Buffer. Verify there is no precipitate.
- d. Prepare Fragmentation Mix on ice. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Fragmentation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4Χ + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (µl)
Nuclease-free Water	-	15	66	132
Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	5	22	44
Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090/ 2000104	10	44	88
Total	-	30	132	264

- e. Add 30 µl Fragmentation Mix into each tube containing 20 µl sample.
- f. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 30 μl) on ice. Centrifuge briefly.
- g. Transfer into the pre-cooled thermal cycler (4°C) and press "SKIP" to initiate the protocol.

4.2 Adaptor Ligation



a. Prepare Adaptor Ligation Mix. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Adaptor Ligation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
 Ligation Buffer 	2000092	20	88	176
ONA Ligase	220110/ 220131	10	44	88
Adaptor Oligos	2000094	20	88	176
Total	-	50	220	440

- **b.** Remove the sample from the thermal cycler.
- c. Add 50 μ l Adaptor Ligation Mix to 50 μ l sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 μ l). Centrifuge briefly.
- d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
30°C	100 μl	15 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	20°C	00:15:00
2	4°C	Hold

4.3 Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 80 μ l SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet. High until the solution clears.
- d. Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- f. Remove the ethanol.
- g. Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- h. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet Low.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add **30.5 μl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x. If beads still appear clumpy, continue pipette mixing until fully resuspended.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- I. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- m. Transfer 30 µl sample to a new tube strip.

V(D)J Library Construction

4.4 Sample Index PCR





- a. Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run.
 Record the 10x sample index name (PN-3000431 Dual Index Plate TT Set A well ID) used.
- **b.** Add **50 μl** Amp Mix (PN-2000047/2000103) to **30 μl** sample.
- c. Add 20 μ l of an individual Dual Index TT Set A to each well and record the well ID used. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 μ l). Centrifuge briefly.
- d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~30 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	54°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:00:20
5	Go to step 2, 7x (total 8 cycles)	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold



e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

4.5 Post Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect

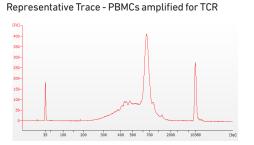
- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add **80 µl** SPRIselect Reagent **(0.8X)** to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 µl).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- d. Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- f. Remove the ethanol.
- g. Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- h. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- i. Remove remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 35.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- I. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- m. Transfer 35 μl to a new tube strip.

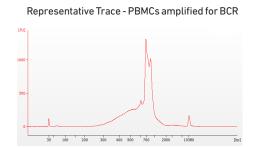


n. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for long-term storage.

4.6 Post Library Construction QC

a. Run 1 µl sample at 1:10 dilution on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.





b. Determine the average fragment size from the trace. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

Alternate QC Method (See Appendix for representative traces)

- Agilent TapeStation
- LabChip

See Appendix for Post Library Construction Quantification

Step 5

5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction

- 5.1 GEX Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing
- **5.2** GEX Post Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing Double Sided Size Selection SPRIselect
- **5.3** GEX Adaptor Ligation
- **5.4** GEX Post Ligation Cleanup SPRIselect
- **5.5** GEX Sample Index PCR
- **5.6** GEX Post Sample Index Double Sided Size Selection SPRIselect
- **5.7** GEX Post Library Construction QC

5.0 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Dual Index Library Construction





Ensure that Fragmentation Buffer and Fragmentation Enzyme from the same kit are used together. Lots are matched for optimal performance.

GFT S	TARTED!			
		10x PN	Dranguation & Handling	Stanana
Item		IUX PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilib	rate to Room Temperature			
	Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	Adaptor Oligos	2000094	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	–20°C
	Ligation Buffer	2000092	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	Dual Index Plate TT Set A	3000431	-	–20°C
	Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape and Reagents If used for QC and quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit If used for quantification	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Place o	on ice			
_ •	Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090/ 2000104	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	DNA Ligase	220110/ 220131	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	Amp Mix	2000047/ 2000103	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
Obtain				
	Qiagen Buffer EB	-	-	Ambient
	10x Magnetic Separator	230003	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
	Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 15 ml for 8 reactions	-	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

5.1 GEX Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing



- a. Determine the volume for **50 ng** mass of sample (see example calculation at step 2.4). Dispense the sample volume in a tube strip **on ice**. If the volume required for **50 ng** is less than **20 \mul**, adjust the total volume of each sample to **20 \mul** with nuclease-free water. If the volume for **50 ng** exceeds **20 \mul**, carry ONLY **20 \mul** sample into library construction.
- **b.** Prepare a thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
65°C	50 μl	~35 min
Step	Temperature	Time
Pre-cool block Pre-cool block prior to preparing the Fragmentation Mix	4°C	Hold
Fragmentation	32°C	00:05:00
End Repair & A-tailing	65°C	00:30:00
Hold	4°C	Hold

- c. Vortex Fragmentation Buffer. Verify there is no precipitate.
- d. Prepare Fragmentation Mix on ice. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Fragmentation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1X (μl)	4Χ + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (µl)
Nuclease-free Water	-	15	66	132
Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	5	22	44
Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090/ 2000104	10	44	88
Total	-	30	132	264

- e. Add 30 μl Fragmentation Mix into each tube containing 20 μl sample.
- f. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 30 μl) on ice. Centrifuge briefly.
- **g.** Transfer into the pre-cooled thermal cycler (4°C) and press "SKIP" to initiate the protocol.

5.2 GEX Post Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 30 μ l SPRIselect Reagent (0.6X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 75 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- **d.** Transfer **75** μ**l** supernatant to a new tube strip.
- **e.** Add **10 μl** SPRIselect reagent **(0.8X)** to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 75 μl).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 80 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. With the tube strip still on the magnet, add 125 μ l 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- I. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet •Low.
- m. Remove the ethanol. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- n. Remove from the magnet. Add 50.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- p. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer $50 \mu l$ sample to a new tube strip.

5.3 GEX Adaptor Ligation



a. Prepare Adaptor Ligation Mix. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Adaptor Ligation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4X + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (µl)
Ligation Buffer	2000092	20	88	176
DNA Ligase	220110/ 220131	10	44	88
Adaptor Oligos	2000094	20	88	176
Total	-	50	220	440

- **b.** Add **50** μ l Adaptor Ligation Mix to **50** μ l sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 μ l). Centrifuge briefly.
- c. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
30°C	100 μl	15 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	20°C	00:15:00
2	4°C	Hold

5.4 GEX Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 80 μ l SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet. High until the solution clears.
- d. Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- f. Remove the ethanol.
- g. Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- h. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 30.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- I. Place on the magnet. Low until the solution clears.
- m. Transfer 30 µl sample to a new tube strip.

5.5 GEX Sample Index PCR



- a. Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run.
 - Record the 10x sample index name (PN-3000431 Dual Index Plate TT Set A well ID) used.
- b. Add **50 μl** Amp Mix (PN-2000047/2000103) to **30 μl** sample.
- c. Add 20 μl of an individual Dual Index TT Set A to each well and record the well ID used. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 μl). Centrifuge briefly.
- d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~30 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	54°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:00:20
5	Go to step 2, see below for # of cy	ycles
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

The table recommends starting point for optimization. If less than 50 ng was carried into 5' Gene Expression Library Construction, refer to the product yield calculation example in step 2.4 to determine the mass input into Library Construction.

Recommended cycle numbers

cDNA Input	Total Cycles
1-25 ng	16
26-50 ng	14



e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

5.6 GEX Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect

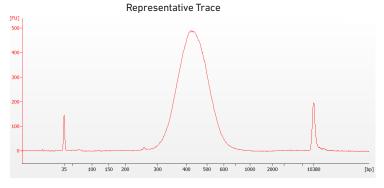
- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 60 μ l SPRIselect reagent (0.6X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- **d.** Transfer **150** μ**l** supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 20 μ l SPRIselect reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 165 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. With the tube strip still on the magnet, add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- I. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- **m.** Remove the remaining ethanol. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- n. Remove the tube strip from the magnet. Add 35.5 μl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- p. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer $35 \mu l$ sample to a new tube strip.

STOP

r. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for long-term storage.

5.7 GEX Post Library Construction QC

a. Run 1 µl sample at 1:10 dilution on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.



b. Determine the average fragment size from the trace. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

Alternate QC Method (See Appendix for representative traces)

- Agilent TapeStation
- LabChip

See Appendix for Post Library Construction Quantification

Step 6

CRISPR Screening Library Construction

- **6.1** Guide RNA cDNA Cleanup— SPRIselect
- **6.2** Feature PCR
- **6.3** Post Feature PCR Cleanup SPRIselect
- **6.4** CRISPR Sample Index PCR
- **6.5** Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Size Selection SPRIselect
- **6.6** Post Library Construction QC

6.0 CRISPR Screening Library Construction

GET STARTE		40.50		
Action	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate to Room Temperature	Feature SI Primers 4 Verify name & PN	2000592	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
DUAL	Dual mack react in	3000431	-	−20°C
	Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent TapeStation Screen Tape and Reagents If used for QC		Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity kit If used for QC	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
	DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit If LabChip used for QC	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Place on Ice	Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell 5' CRISPR kit	2000047	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms	-	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Obtain	Qiagen Buffer EB	-	-	Ambient
	10x Magnetic Separator	230003	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
	Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 20 ml for 8 reactions	-	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

6.1 Guide RNA cDNA Cleanup – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add **50** μ l SPRIselect Reagent (1.0X) to **50** μ l Transfered Supernatant Cleanup (step 2.3B-xiv) and pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 60 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- **d.** Remove supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- f. Remove the ethanol.
- g. Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- h. Centrifuge briefly and place on the magnet•Low.



- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min. DO NOT exceed 2 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 40.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- l. Place the tube strip on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- m. Transfer 40 µl sample to a new tube strip.



n. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to a week, or proceed to the next step.

6.2 Feature PCR

a. Prepare Feature PCR Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

Feature PCR Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	4Χ + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)
○ Amp Mix	2000047	50	220	440
Feature SI Primers 4	2000592	45	198	396
Total	-	95	418	836

- b. Transfer ONLY 5 μl from Guide RNA cDNA Cleanup (step 6.1m) to a new tube strip.

 Note that only 5 μl of the DNA sample transfer is sufficient for generating CRISPR Screening library. The remaining 35 μl sample can be stored at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 4 weeks, for generating additional CRISPR Screening libraries.
- c. Add 95 µl Feature PCR Mix to 5 µl sample.
- **d.** Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 μl). Centrifuge briefly.
- e. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~20 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	62°C	00:00:10
4	72°C	00:00:10
5	Go to Step 2, repeat	9X for a total of 10 cycles
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

6.3 Post Feature PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 100 μ l SPRIselect Reagent (1.0X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μ l).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- d. Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 300 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- f. Remove the ethanol.
- g. Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- h. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 1 min.
 DO NOT exceed 1 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 30.5 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- I. Place on the magnet•Low until the solution clears.
- m. Transfer 30 µl sample to a new tube strip.

6.4 CRISPR Sample Index PCR



a. Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run. Record the 10x sample index name (PN-3000431 Dual Index Plate TT Set A well ID) used.



- **b.** Add **50 \mul** Amp Mix (PN-2000047) to **30 \mul** Post Feature PCR cleanup sample (step 6.3m).
- c. Add 20 μ l individual sample index (Dual Index Plate TT Set A) to each well and record the well ID. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 μ l). Centrifuge briefly.



d. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μl	~25 min
Step	Temperature	Time
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	62°C	00:00:10
4	72°C	00:00:10
5	Go to step 2, repeat 9X f	or a total of 10 cycles
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

6.5 Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect

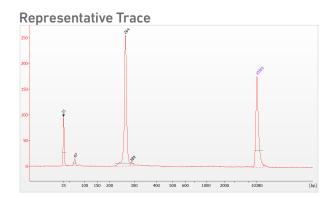
- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add **70 µl** SPRIselect Reagent **(0.7X)** to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 µl).
- b. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- c. Place the magnet•High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- d. Transfer 150 μl supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add **30 µl** SPRIselect Reagent **(1.0X)** to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 µl).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove the supernatant.
- i. Add 300 μ l 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- j. Remove the ethanol.
- k. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- I. Remove the ethanol.
- m. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet•Low.
- n. Remove remaining ethanol. Air dry for 1 min.
- o. Remove from the magnet. Add 40.5 μl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- p. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- q. Place on the magnet. Low until the solution clears.
- r. Transfer 40 μl to a new tube strip.



s. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for long-term storage.

6.6 Post Library Construction QC

Run 1 µl sample at 1:10 dilution on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.



Determine the average fragment size from the Bioanalyzer trace. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

Alternate QC Method:

- Agilent TapeStation
- LabChip

See Appendix for representative trace

See Appendix for Post Library Construction Quantification

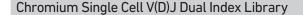
Sequencing

Step 7 Sequencing

Sequencing Libraries

Chromium Single Cell V(D)J, 5' Gene Expression, and 5' CRISPR Screening Dual Index libraries comprise standard Illumina paired-end constructs which begin with P5 and end with P7. These libraries include 16 bp 10x Barcodes encoded at the start of TruSeq Read 1. Sample index sequences are incorporated as the 10 bp i5 and i7 index reads.

TruSeq Read 1 and TruSeq Read 2 are standard Illumina sequencing primer sites used in paired-end sequencing of V(D)J, 5' Gene Expression, and 5' CRISPR Screening libraries. Sequencing these libraries produce a standard Illumina BCL data output folder.





Chromium Single Cell 5' Gene Expression Dual Index Library



Chromium Single Cell 5' CRISPR Screening Dual Index Library



Illumina Sequencer Compatibility

The compatibility of the listed sequencers has been verified by 10x Genomics. Some variation in assay performance is expected based on sequencer choice. For more information about performance variation, visit the 10x Genomics Support website.

- MiSeq
- NextSeq 500/550/2000
- HiSeq 2500* (Rapid Run)
- HiSeq 3000/4000*
- NovaSeq

*5' CRISPR libraries have not been tested on this sequencer

Sample Indices

Each well of the Dual Index Kit TT Set A (PN-1000215) contains a mix of one unique i7 and one unique i5 sample index. If multiple samples are pooled in a sequence lane, the sample index name (i.e. the Dual Index plate well ID) is needed in the sample sheet used for generating FASTQs.

If multiple libraries are pooled in a sequence lane, a separate sample index is needed with each library (see Tips & Best Practices).

Step 7 Sequencing

Library Sequencing Depth & Run Parameters

Sequencing Depth	Minimum 5,000 read pairs per cell for V(D)J library
	Minimum 20,000 read pairs per cell for 5' Gene Expression library
	Minimum 5,000 read pairs per cell for 5' CRISPR Screening library
Sequencing Type	Paired-end, Dual indexing
Sequencing Read	Read 1: 26 cycles i7 Index: 10 cycles i5 Index: 10 cycles Read 2: 90 cycles

Library Loading

Once quantified and normalized, V(D)J, 5' Gene Expression, and 5' CRISPR Screening libraries should be denatured and diluted as recommended for Illumina sequencing platforms. Refer to Illumina documentation for denaturing and diluting libraries. Refer to the 10x Genomics Support website, for more information.

Instrument	Loading Concentration (pM)	PhiX (%)
MiSeq	10	1
NextSeq 500	1.5	1
HiSeq 2500 (RR)	10	1
HiSeq 4000	180	1
NovaSeq	150*/300	1
NextSeq 2000	650	1

^{*} Use 150 pM loading concentration for Illumina XP workflow.

Library Pooling

V(D)J, 5' Gene Expression, and CRISPR Screening libraries may be pooled for sequencing, taking into account the differences in depth requirements between the pooled libraries. 5' Gene Expression libraries may be sequenced using enriched library parameters, however the cost of sequencing using enriched library parameters is higher.

DO NOT sequence CRISPR Screening libraries alone.

Library Pooling Example:

Libraries	Sequencing Depth (read pairs per cell)	Library Pooling Ratio
V(D)J library	5,000	1
5' Gene Expression library	20,000	4
5' CRISPR Screening	5,000	1

Data Analysis and Visualization

Sequencing data may be analyzed using Cell Ranger or 10x Genomics Cloud Analysis and visualized using Loupe Browser. Key features for these tools are listed below. For detailed productspecific information, visit the 10x Genomics Support website.

Cell Ranger

Cell Ranger is a set of analysis pipelines that processes Chromium Single Gene Expression data to align reads, generate Feature Barcode matrices and perform clustering and gene expression analysis.

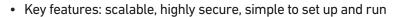


- · Input: Base call (BCL) and FASTQ
- Output: BAM, MEX, CSV, HDF5, Web Summary, .cloupe/.loupe
- Operating System: Linux

Cloud Analysis

Cloud Analysis is currently only available for US customers.

Cloud Analysis allows users to run Cell Ranger analysis pipelines from a web browser while computation is handled in the cloud.



Input: FASTQ

• Output: BAM, MEX, CSV, HDF5, Web Summary, .cloupe/.loupe.



Loupe Browser

Loupe Browser is an interactive data visualization tool that requires no prior programming knowledge.



- Output: Data visualization, including t-SNE and UMAP projections, custom clusters, differentially expressed genes
- · Operating System: MacOS, Windows



Troubleshooting



GEM Generation & Barcoding

STEP NORMAL IMPACTED

1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip K



Gasket holes are aligned with the sample and gel bead wells.



Gasket holes are misaligned with the gel bead wells. Open and close the chip holder slowly once.

1.4 d After Chip K is removed from the Controller and the wells are exposed



All 8 recovery wells are similar in volume and opacity.

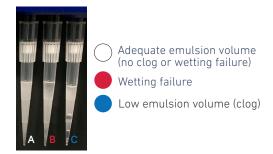


Recovery well G indicates a reagent clog. Recovery well C and E indicate a wetting failure. Recovery wells B, D, and F are normal. Wells A and H contain 50% Glycerol Solution.

1.4 e Transfer GEMs from Chip K Recovery Wells



All liquid levels are similar in volume and opacity without air trapped in the pipette tips.



Pipette tip A shows normal GEM generation, pipette tip B indicates a wetting failure, and pipette tip C shows a clog and wetting failure.

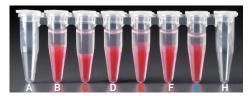
Consult the Best Practices to Minimize Chromium Next GEM Chip Clogs and Wetting Failures (Technical Note CG000479) for more information.

STEP NORMAL IMPACTED

2.1 a After transfer of the GEMs + Recovery Agent



All liquid levels are similar in the aqueous sample volume (clear) and Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).



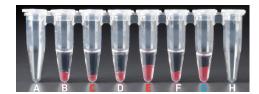
Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is a decreased volume of aqueous layer (clear).

Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal volume of Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).

2.1 b
After aspiration of
Recovery Agent/
Partitioning Oil



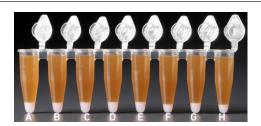
All liquid volumes are similar in the aqueous sample volume (clear) and residual Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).



Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is a decreased volume of aqueous layer (clear). There is also a greater residual volume of Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).

Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal residual volume of Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).

2.1 d After addition of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix



All liquid volumes are similar after addition of the Dynabeads Cleanup Mix.



Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is an abnormal ratio of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix (brown) to Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (appears white).

Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal ratio of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix (brown) to Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (appears white).

If a channel clogs or wetting failure occurs during GEM generation, it is recommended that the sample be remade. If any of the listed issues occur, take a picture and send it to support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.

Chromium Controller Errors

If the Chromium Controller or the Chromium Single Cell Controller fails to start, an error tone will sound and one of the following error messages will be displayed:

- a. Chip not read Try again: Eject the tray, remove and/or reposition the Chromium Next GEM Secondary Holder assembly and try again. If the error message is still received after trying this more than twice, contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.
- b. Check gasket: Eject the tray by pressing the eject button to check that the 10x Gasket is correctly installed on the Chromium Next GEM Chip. If the error message persists, contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.
- c. Error Detected: Row _ Pressure:
 - i. If this message is received within a few seconds of starting a run, eject the tray by pressing the eject button and check for dirt or deposits on the 10x Gasket. If dirt is observed, replace with a new 10x Gasket, open and close the lid to ensure the gasket is properly aligned, and try again. If the error message is still received after trying this more than twice, contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.
 - ii. If this message is received after a few minutes into the run, the Chromium Next GEM Chip must be discarded. Do not try running this Chromium Next GEM Chip again as this may damage the Chromium Controller.
- d. Invalid Chip CRC Value: This indicates that a Chromium Next GEM Chip has been used with an older firmware version. The chip must be discarded. Contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.
- e. Chip Holder Not Present: Open the controller drawer and check if chip holder is present. Insert chip properly into chip holder and retry.
- f. Unauthorized Chip: This indicates that an incompatible non-Next GEM chip has been used with an instrument that only can run Next GEM assays. Use only Chromium Controller (PN-120223;120246) or Chromium Single Cell Controller (PN-120263;120212) to run that chip or chip must be discarded. Contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.
- g. Endpoint Reached Early: If this message is received, contact support@10xgenomics.com for further assistance.

Chromium X Series Errors

The Chromium X touchscreen will guide the user through recoverable errors. If the error continues, or if the instrument has seen critical or intermediate errors, email support@10xgenomics.com with the displayed error code. Support will request a troubleshooting package. Upload pertinent logs to 10x Genomics by navigating to the Logs menu option on screen.

There are two types of errors:

Critical Errors — When the instrument has seen a critical error, the run will immediately abort. Do not proceed with any further runs. Contact support@10xgenomics.com with the error code.

- a. System Error
- b. Pressure Error
- c. Chip Error
- d. Run Error
- e. Temperature Error
- f. Software Error

User Recoverable Errors — Follow error handling instructions through the touchscreen and continue the run.

- a. Gasket Error
- b. Tray Error
- c. Chip Error
- d. Unsupported Chip Error
- e. Update Error



Consult the Chromium X Series (X/iX) User Guide (CG000396) for additional information and follow the Chromium X touchscreen prompts for execution.

Appendix

Post Library Construction Quantification Agilent TapeStation Traces LapChip Traces Oligonucleotide Sequences

Post Library Construction Quantification

- a. Thaw KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms.
- **b.** Dilute 1 μ l sample with deionized water to appropriate dilutions that fall within the linear detection range of the KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms. (For more accurate quantification, make the dilution(s) in duplicate).
- c. Make enough Quantification Master Mix for the DNA dilutions per sample and the DNA Standards (plus 10% excess) using the guidance for 1 reaction volume below.

Quantification Master Mix	1Χ (μί)
SYBR Fast Master Mix + Primer	12
Water	4
Total	16

- d. Dispense 16 μ l Quantification Master Mix for sample dilutions and DNA Standards into a 96 well PCR plate.
- e. Add $4 \mu l$ sample dilutions and $4 \mu l$ DNA Standards to appropriate wells. Centrifuge briefly.
- f. Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Step	Temperature	Run Time
1	95°C	00:03:00
2	95°C	00:00:05
3	67°C	00:00:30
4	Go to Step 2, 29X (Total 30 cycles)

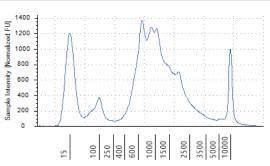
g. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for qPCR-based quantification. For library quantification for sequencer clustering, determine the concentration based on insert size derived from the Bioanalyzer/TapeStation trace.

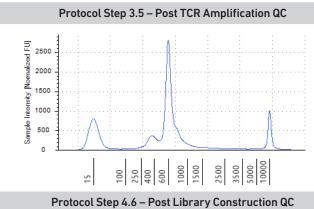
Agilent TapeStation

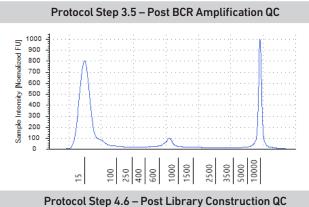
Agilent TapeStation Traces

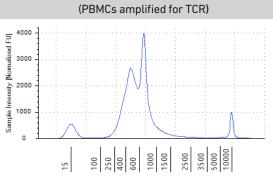
Agilent TapeStation High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape was used.

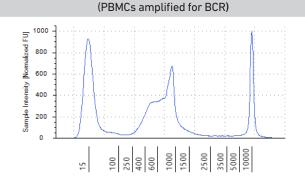
Protocol Step 2.4 - cDNA QC & Quantification



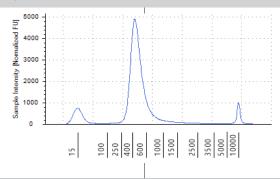








Protocol Step 5.7 - GEX Post Library Construction QC



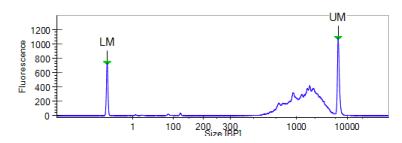
All traces are representative

LabChip Traces

LabChip Traces

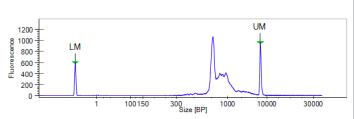
DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit was used.

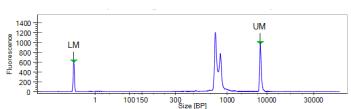
Protocol Step 2.4 - cDNA QC & Quantification



Protocol Step 3.5 – Post TCR Amplification QC

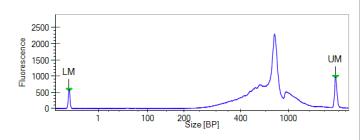
Protocol Step 3.5 – Post BCR Amplification QC

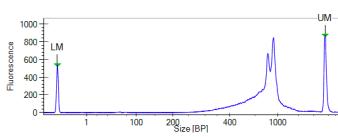




Protocol Step 4.6 – Post Library Construction QC (PBMCs amplified for TCR)

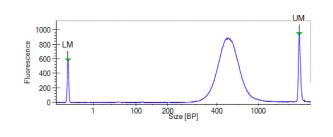
Protocol Step 4.6 – Post Library Construction QC (PBMCs amplified for BCR)

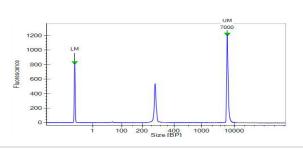




Protocol Step 5.7 – GEX Post Library Construction QC

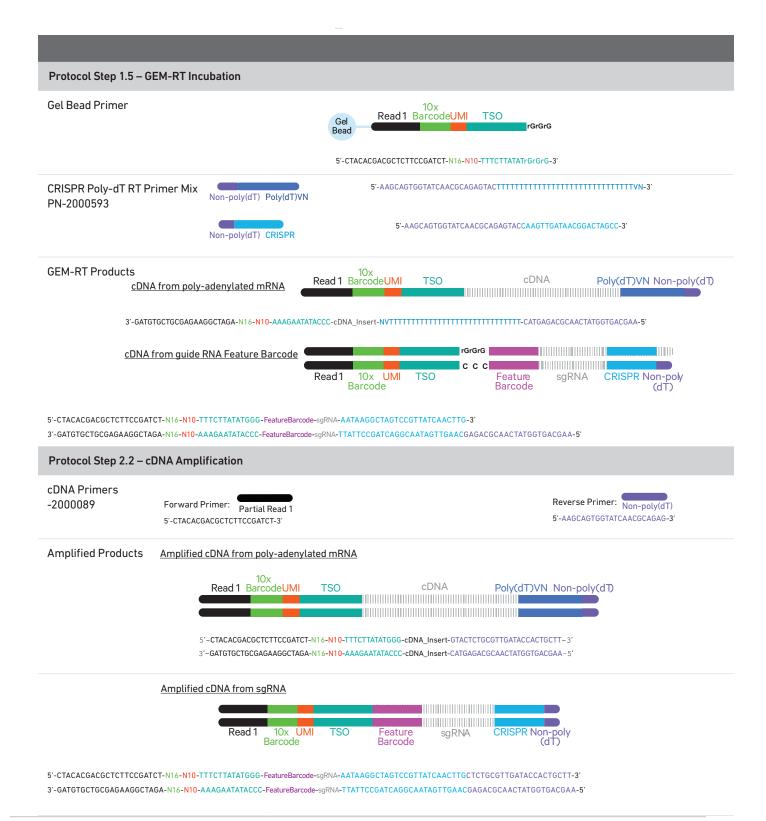
Protocol Step 6.5 – CRISPR Post Library Construction QC





All traces are representative

Oligonucleotide Sequences



POR Primer S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCACACTCTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCCACACTCTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCCACACTCTTCCTTCCTTCCTACACGACGG-3 S-GATCTCCACACTCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTCACGACGGG-3 S-GATCTCCACACTCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTCCTTC	Protocol Step 3.1 – V(D			_	
Uman B Cell Mix 1 v2 N-200254 POR Primer S-GARCHARACTCT SPRIMER: S-GARCHARACTCT SPRIMER: S-GARCHARACTCT SPRIMER: S-GARCHARACTC SPRIMER:					Outer Primer
N-2000254 S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACAGAGGC-Y S-GATCTACAGGGC-Y S-G		5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'		5'-TCAGGCAGTATCTGGAGTCATTGAG-3	
### 1-2000254 ### 3-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGACGC-3 ### 3-GATCTACACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGAC		Forward Primer: PCR Primer			Outer Primer
DUSS T Cell Mix 1 v2 Forward Primer:	1-2000254				•
DUSE T Cell Mix 1 v2		3-DATETACACTOTTTCCCTACACOACGC-3		5'-GGTTTTGTTGTCGACCCAGTCT-3'	
DUSE T Cell Mix 1 v2 N-2000256 POR Primer P					
DUSE T Cell Mix 1 v2 Forward Primer: 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC.3' FOR Primer PCR Pri					
Ouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v3 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v3 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v4 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v4 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v4 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v5 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v4 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v5 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v5 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v6 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v6 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v7 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v7 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v7 Iman B Cell Mix 2 v8 Iman B Ce				5'-TTCTCGTAGTCTGCTTTGCTCAG-3'	
PCR Primer S-CATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACAGGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACAGGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTAC	ouse T Cell Mix 1 v2	Forward Primer:		Reverse Outer Primers:	0 1 5 1
Outer Primer S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' PCR Primer S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCT-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCT-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCT-3' S-CACTCACGACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACCACTC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACCACTC-3' S-GATCTACACGACGCC-3' S-GATCTACACGCCACCACTC-3' S-GATCTACACGCCAC-3' S-GATCTACACCACTCTC-3' S-GATCTACACCACTCT-3' S-	N-2000256	PCR	c Primer	5'-CTGGTTGCTCCAGGCAATGG-3'	Outer Primer
### S-HAGACAGGAAAAACHTETT-3 ### S-HACTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 ### S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 ### S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACTC-3 ### S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 ### S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 ### S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCC		5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'		5'-TGTAGGCCTGAGGGTCCGT-3'	
N-2000258 S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCCTTCTCCT-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGC-3' S-GATC	0000 2 0011 1111 1 12	Forward Primer: PCR F	l Primer		Outer Primer
S-AACTGGCTGCTAGTGT-3 S-166TCACTTGGCTGGTAGGT-3 S-166TCACTTGGCGGTGAGT-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGTGGT-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGTGACT-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGACTTGGA-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGACTTGG-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGACTGTG-3 S-166TCACTTGGCAGTGCAATTCC-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTC-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTG-3 S-166TCACATGTTG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACATGTTGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGG-3 Inner Primer S-166TCACAGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGG-3 S-166TCACAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	N-2000258	E' CATOTACACTOTTTCCCTACACCACCC			
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D)J Amplification 2 Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D)J Amplification 2 Uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 Uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255 Forward Primer: 5-6ATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 PCR Primer PCR Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5-6ATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 Forward Primer: 5-6ATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 PCR Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5-6ATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGTACACC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGTACC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGT-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGT-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGT-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGT-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGCACCGC-3 S-TICCTGAGGACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGCACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGCACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGCACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGCACTGC-3 S-TICCTGAGG		5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3			
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D)J Amplification 2 uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 Inner Primer S-GACACGGATCCAACGGATCCAACGGATCCAAGGATCAAGGATCAAGGATCAAGGATCCAAGGATCCAAGGATCAAGGAACCAAG					
S-AGACTTCAAGGATCCTTTGGG-3' S-GGACCAGGATTCCA-3' S-GGACCAGGATTCCA-3' S-GGACCAGGATTCCA-3' S-GGACCATGCTCC-3' S-GTCTGGACAGGCTCCAATGTTCC-3' S-GTCTGGTGG-3' S-AGTCCAGCGCTCCAATGTTCC-3' S-AGTCTCACCGTGCTACCG-3' S-AGTCTCACCGTACCAG-3' S-AGTCTCACCGTACCAG-3' S-GCACCTTCCCCTACCAGCACCG-3' S-GCACCTTCACCCGTACCGACCG-3' S-GCACCTTCACCCGTCCACCGACCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTCTTCCCCTACCAGCACCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTCCACCGCG-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTGT-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTCCACCT-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTCCACCT-3' S-GCACCTCCACCTCCACCT-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCT-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCT-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCTCCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCTC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCACCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCACCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCACCTCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCCCCCACCACCACCACCCC-3' S-CCCCCTCCACCCACCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCACCACCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCCC-3' S-CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC					
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D) J Amplification 2 wman T Cell Mix 2 v2 Forward Primer: 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGGC-3* N-2000246 PCR Primer PCR Pr				5'-AACCTTCAAGGATGCTCTTGGGA-3'	
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D)J Amplification 2 The primer of t					
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D) J Amplification 2 Tuman T Cell Mix 2 v2 Forward Primer: N-2000246 PCR Primer PCR Pr					
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D) J Amplification 2 Juman T Cell Mix 2 v2 Forward Primer: 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3* Jenner Primer Forward Primer: 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3* PCR Primer Forward Primer: 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3* S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3* S-GAGCTACACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTCT-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTCT-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTTTC-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTTTC-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTTTC-3* S-CAGGTCACACTCACTTTC-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CCTTTTCACAGGACGATC-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGTG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACACGACGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACGACGGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACGACGGC-3* S-CAGGTCACGGGGGG-3* S-CAGGTCACGGCGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG					
Uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255 Forward Primer: S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer S-GGGAAGTTTCTGCGGGTCA-3' S-GGTGTACCACGTTATCAAGCAT-3' S-TAGCTGCTGAGGACCGC-3' S-TAGCTGCTGAGGACCGC-3' S-TAGCTGCTGAGGACCGC-3' S-TAGCTGCTGAGCACGC-3' S-TAGCTGCTGAGCACGCG-3' S-GGCTATCCACCTTCACCTGT-3' S-GGCTATCCACCTTCACCTGT-3' S-GGCAAGTCAGTGAACAGGCA-3' S-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000257 Forward Primer: PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer PCR Primer S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' S-GGCCACTGTCACACGACGC-3' S-GGCCACTGTGACCAGGCA-3' S-CAGGCCACTGTGCCT-3' S-CAGGCCACTGTGCCT-3' S-CAGGCCACTGTTCACCGTC-3' S-CAGGCCACTGTTCACCGTC-3' S-CAGGCCACTGTTCACCGTC-3' S-CAGGCCACGCACGTTC-3' S-CAGGCCACTTTCCCTTCCCT-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACTC-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACGACCACTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACCTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACCTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACCTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACGACCACCACCTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCACCTG-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCACCCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCC-3' S-CAGGCCACCACCC-3' S-CA	Protocol Step 3.3 – V([0)J Amplification 2		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3'	
N-2000255 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5-GAGCCACGTGTACACACTCT-3' 5-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5-CAGGCCACTTCACTCTCC-3' 5-CAGGCCACTTCACTCTTCC-3' 5-CAGGCCACAGGTACCT-3' 5-CCAGGGCACACTTCACTCTTC-3' 5-CCAGGGCACACTCTACCT-3' 5-CCAGGCACACTTCACTCT-3' 5-CCAGGCACACTCTCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACTC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACTC-3' 5-GAGTCACACGGCATCC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGTTC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACC-3' 5-GAGTCACCAGGTACC-3'	luman T Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:	Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
N-2000255 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-GGGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-GCGCTAGTCCCAGCTCACCACC-3' 5'-GCGCTTATCCACCACC-3' 5'-GCGCTATCCGAC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCAC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCAC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCAC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACT-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACT-3' 5'-GATCTACACCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' N-2000257 Forward Primer: PCR Primer P	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P	Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3'	Inner Primer
S-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCAC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCACTT-3' S'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-GGCTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Inner Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAAGCACCACGAGGGTA-3' Alouse B Cell Mix 2 v2 PCR Primer PCR Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCAGGGGTA-3' S'-CAGGCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACTTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACTTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCACCACAGTAGCCT-3' 5'-CAGGCACCACAGTTACCT-3' 5'-CCGTTTGACCAAGGCATCC-3' 5'-CCCTTTGACCAAGGCATCC-3' 5'-CCCTTTGACCAAGGCATCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGGCATCCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAAGCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers:	
5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' N-2000257 Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR Primer Forward Primer: PCR Primer Forward Primer: PCR Primer Forward Primer: PCR Primer Forward Primer: S'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Forward Primer: Forward Primer: S'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: Forward Primer	Protocol Step 3.3 – V(E Iuman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 Iuman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3'	
S'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTCTCACTGT-3' N-2000257 Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCAGGGGTA-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACGTGACCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACACTGCT-3' 5'-GCCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTTGC-3' 5'-GCCATGGAGGTACTTG-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GCCATGCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	luman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 luman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3'	
N-2000257 Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR Primer Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCAGTGTGGCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCACACTTCATCCTGCC-3' 5'-GAGGCCACACTTCACCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-CAGGTCACACTTCATCCTGCC-3' 5'-CAGGTCACACTTCACCTCT-3' 5'-CCTTTGACACACGTTGC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGCATCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCCAGTTG-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGCATCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCCAGGCACTGTCACCGA-3'	luman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 luman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3'	
N-2000257 S'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' S'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' S'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' S'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' S'-GGCCAAGCACCAGGGGTA-3' S'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' S'-GGCCAAGCACCAGGGGTA-3' S'-CAGGCCACGAGGGGTA-3' S'-TACACACCAGTGTGGCCTT-3' S'-CAGGCCACGTCACCACCT-3' S'-CAGGCCACGTGACCCACT-3' S'-CAGGCCACGATTCATCGTGCCG-3' S'-GAGGCCACGATTCATCGTGCCT-3' S'-CTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3' S'-TGCCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCT-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCCT-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCCT-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCCC-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCCC-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAGTTG-3' S'-CCCTTGACCAGGAGACCAG	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCACC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCCGTATCCGA-3'	
5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' fouse B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000259 Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: 5'-GAGGCCACGTGTGGCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACGTGACCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCACAGTGACCT-3' 5'-GCAGGAGGAACTTCAATCGTTGCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAGGTTCACAGGTACTT-3' 5'-CCTTTGACCAGGGAGTTCACAGGTACTT-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAGTCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACCAGGGAGCACCGTT-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3'	
N-2000259 5'-TACACACCAGTGTGGCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGTCACACTGACCT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGTTGACCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAGTTCACACTGTTGCT-3' 5'-CTTTTGAGATTCACTGTTGCT-3' 5'-TGCCAGGGAGTGCT-3' 5'-CCTTTGACCAGGGATCCT-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGATCCT-3' 5'-AGGTCACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTACGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTACG-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
N-2000259 5'-GATCTACACCCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCACGTACACTCACCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACGTACACTCACCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACGTACACTTCACCTGACCC-3' 5'-TGCGAGGTACACTTCACGTTCC-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGCATCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCCAGGTCACCATACACAC3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACACAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACACACC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCAGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCACACT-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3'	Inner Primer
5'-CAGGTCACAGTGTCACCGA-3' 5'-GAGGTCACAGTGTCACCGA-3' 5'-GAGGTCACAGTGTCACCGA-3' 5'-GAGGTCACAGTGTCACCGA-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255 ouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000257	Forward Primer: Forward Primer:	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCCAGGTCACCATACAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACACC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTACCACA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCACTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACCAGTGCT-3' 5'-CTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255 ouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000257	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTCACCATATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCAGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCAGA-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5'-CTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GGGTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACAGGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCAGTGTGGCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACCT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5'-TGCGAGGTGGCTAGGTACTTG-3' 5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGGGAACTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACCACCAGTGGCCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACACCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCACGCACCACT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5'-AGGTCACGGAGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTACCAGCAG' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTACCAGCAG' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-GGGTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGACCACCGT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCAT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACCACCACGTGCCT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCACCACGTGCCT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCACCACGTGCCT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCACCACGTGCCT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5'-GGCATCCCAGTGTCACCGA-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGGTGACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGCCAAGCACACGGGGTA-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCACTGTCACACGTGCT-3' 5'-GAGGGCAGCACAGTGACCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCT-3' 5'-CAGGTCACATTCATCGTGCCG-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCT-3' 5'-CTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
	luman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 luman B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGGGACGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGGTCCCAAGGCTATCAGA-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCAGCT-3' 5'-GGGTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGGGGTA-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCACTGTGGCCG-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACCACCCT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACTCCCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCCT-3' 5'-TGCGAGGGAGCTAGGTACTTG-3' 5'-TGCGAGGGGGGCTAGGTACTTG-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGCCATCC-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
5-GAAGGACACGACTGAGGCAC-3'	uman T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000246 uman B Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000255 ouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 N-2000257	Forward Primer: 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3' Forward Primer: PCR P 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Primer Primer	5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3' 5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GGGTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACAGGGGTA-3' 5'-GAGGCCACTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGTCACATTCATCGTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACCAGTGCACCT-3' 5'-CAGGTCACATTCATCGTGCCG-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTTCT-3' 5'-CCTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3' 5'-TCCCTTGACCAGGCATCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGAGGAGACCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGAGGAGACCCC-3' 5'-AGGTCACGAGGAGACCCAGTTG-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer



- $5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16- \\N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA_Insert-Inner_Primer-3'$
- 3'-CTAGATGTGAGAAAGGGATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA_Insert-Inner_Primer_5'

Protocol Step 4.2 – Adaptor Ligation (for V(D)J Library Construction)

Adaptor
Oligos
PN-2000094
Read 2

5'-GATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
3'-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'

Ligation
Product

Read 1 10x UMI TS0 V D J C Read 2

- 5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA_Insert-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
- 3'-CTAGATGTGAGAAAGGGTTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA_Insert-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'

Protocol Step 4.4 – Sample Index PCR (for V(D)J Library Construction)

<u>Dual Indexing</u>

Forward Primer:

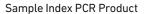
P5 Sample Partial Read 1 Index (i5) Reverse Primer:

P7 Sample Partial Read 2

Dual Index Kit TT Set A PN-1000215

5'-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10-ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTC-3'

5'-CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACGAGAT-N10-GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT-3'





Protocol Step 5.3 -GEX Adaptor Ligation (for 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction)

Adaptor Oligos PN-2000094 5'-GATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
3'-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'

Ligation Product

Read 1 10x UMI TS0 cDNA Read 2 Barcode

- 5'-CTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA_Insert-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
- 3'-GATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA_Insert-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'

Protocol Step 5.5 – Sample Index PCR (for 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction)

Dual Indexing
Dual Index TT
Set A

P5 Sample Partial Read 1 Index (i5)

Reverse Primer:

P7 Sample Partial Read 2 Index (i7)

PN-1000215 5'-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10-ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTC-3'

5'-CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACGAGAT-N10-GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT-3'

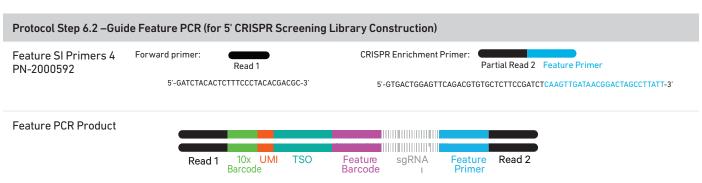
Sample Index
PCR Product

P5 Sample Read 1 10x UMI TS0 cDNA Read 2 Sample P7 Index (i7)

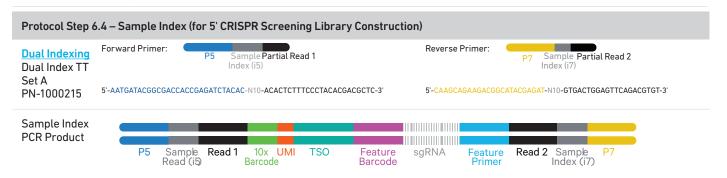
Barcode

P5 Index (i7)

5'-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10 -ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTCTTATATGGG-cDNA_Insert-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-N10-ATCTCGATGCCGTTCTGCTTC-3'
3'-TTACTATGCCGCTGGTGGCTCTAGATGTG-N10-TGTGAGAAAAGGGATGCTGCGAGAAGAGCGAAC-5'



5-CGATCTACACTCTTTCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-FeatureBarcode_sgRNA-AATAAGGCTAGTCCGTTATCAACTTGAGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
-CTAGATGTGAGAAAGGGATGTGCTGCGGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-FeatureBarcode_sgRNATTATTCCGATCAGGCAATAGTTGAACTCTAGCCTTCTCGTGTGCAGACTTGAGGTCAGTG-5'



5"-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGGGATCTACAC-N10-ACACTCTTTCCCATCC-N10-ACTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCCTTATATGGG-FeatureBarcode_sgrNA-AATAAGGCTAGTCCGATTCGACTTCGACTTCGACTCCAGTCAC-N10-ACCCCAGTCAC-N10-ATCCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTCCGATCAGACCCAGACGACCAGACGACCAGACCACTCTCGACTCTCAGACTCTAGACTCAGACTAGAC