

# User Guide | CG000423 | Rev C

# Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Reagent Kits v2 (Dual Index)

#### For use with:

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Kit v2 48 rxns PN-1000356 | 8 rxns PN-1000374

Chromium Next GEM Chip N Single Cell Kit\* 80 rxns PN-1000357 | 16 rxns PN-1000375 (\*Included with Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Kit v2; 16 rxn kit can also be ordered separately)

Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits

Human 16 rxns TCR PN-1000252 / BCR PN-1000253

Mouse 16 rxns TCR PN-1000254 / BCR PN-1000255

Dual Index Kit TT Set A 96 rxns PN-1000215

# **Notices**

#### **Document Number**

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# **Document Revision Summary**

#### **Document Number**

CG000423 | Rev C

#### **Title**

Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Reagent Kits v2 (Dual Index)

#### Revision

Rev B to Rev C

#### **Revision Date**

April 20, 2022

#### **Specific Changes**

- Updated 16 rxn chip kit to include one Partitioning Oil tube (PN-220088) and one Recovery Agent tube (PN-2000434)
- Updated Tips & Best Practices to include reference to Best Practices to Minimize Chromium Next GEM Chip Clogs and Wetting Failure (CG000479)
- Updated the annealing temperature to 62°C in step d of V(D)J Amplification 2

#### **General Changes**

Updated for general minor consistency of language and terms throughout.

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# Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Reagent Kits v2

Refer to SDS for handling and disposal information

#### Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Kit v2, 48 rxns PN-1000356

<b>Sing</b> 48 m	omium Next GEM gle Cell 5' HT GEM K xns, PN-1000359 e at -20°C	it v2		48 r	rary Construction Kit xns, PN-1000352 e at -20°C		
		#	PN			#	PN
	RT Reagent B	3	2000435		Fragmentation Enzyme	3	2000090
	RT Enzyme C	3	2000436		Fragmentation Buffer	3	2000091
	Poly-dT RT Primer	3	2000437		Ligation Buffer	3	2000092
0	Reducing Agent B	3	2000087		DNA Ligase	3	220110
	Cleanup Buffer	3	2000438		Adaptor Oligos	3	2000094
	cDNA Primers	3	2000439	0	Amp Mix	3	2000047
0	Amp Mix	3	2000440				
			10x				10x



Dynabeads <sup>TM</sup> MyOne <sup>TM</sup> SILANE PN-2000048 Store at 4°C			
	#	PN	
Dynabeads MyOne SILANE	6	2000048	

# Chromium Next GEM Chip N Single Cell Kit, 80 rxns PN-1000357

Par	omium titioning Oil e at ambient tempera	ature		Rec	omium covery Agent e at ambient temper	ature		
		#	PN			#	PN	
	Partitioning Oil	5	220088	0	Recovery Agent	5	2000434	

Chromium Next GEM Chip N & Gaskets Store at ambient temperature			
	#	PN	
Chromium Next GEM Chip N	5	2000418	
Chip Gasket, HT, 5-pack	1	3000614	
			10x

#### Chromium Next GEM Single Cell 5' HT Kit v2, 8 rxns PN-1000374

Sing 8 rx	omium Next GEM gle Cell 5' HT GEM k ns, PN-1000377 e at -20°C	(it v2		16 r	rary Construction Kit rxns, PN-1000190 re at -20°C		
		#	PN			#	PN
	RT Reagent B	1	2000165		Fragmentation Enzyme	1	2000090
	RT Enzyme C	1	2000085		Fragmentation Buffer	1	2000091
	Poly-dT RT Primer	1	2000007		Ligation Buffer	1	2000092
0	Reducing Agent B	1	2000087		DNA Ligase	1	220110
	Cleanup Buffer	2	2000088		Adaptor Oligos	1	2000094
	cDNA Primers	1	2000089		Amp Mix	1	2000047
$\bigcirc$	Amp Mix	1	2000047				
			10x genomics				10x GENOMICS



Dynabeads <sup>TM</sup> MyOne <sup>TM</sup> SILANE PN-2000048 Store at 4°C			
	#	PN	
Dynabeads MyOne SILANE	2	2000048	

Depending on the experimental goals, additional library Construction Kits (PN-1000190) may be required. Refer to 10x Genomics support website for further guidance.

# Chromium Next GEM Chip N Single Cell Kit, 16 rxns PN-1000375

Parti	omium i <mark>tioning Oil</mark> at ambient tempera	ture		Rec	omium overy Agen e at ambient		ature	
		#	PN				#	PN
	Partitioning Oil	1	220088	0	Recovery A	gent	1	2000434
<b>Chip</b> Store	mium Next GEM N & Gaskets at ambient tempera				#	PN		
Chrom	ium Next GEM Chip N	l			1	2000	418	
Chip G	asket, HT, 2-pack				1	3000	656	
								10×

Dual Index Kit TT Set A  Store at -20°C		
	#	PN
Dual Index Plate TT Set A	1	3000431

# **Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits, Human**

Chromium Single Cell Human TCR Amplification 16 rxns, PN-1000252 Store at -20°C			Chromium Single Cell Human BCR Amplification 16 rxns, PN-1000253 Store at -20°C				
		#	PN			#	PN
	Human T Cell Mix 1 v2	1	2000242		Human B Cell Mix 1 v2	1	2000254
	Human T Cell Mix 2 v2	1	2000246		Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	1	2000255
0	Amp Mix	2	2000047	0	Amp Mix	2	2000047
			10x				10x

# Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits, Mouse

Chromium Single Cell Mouse TCR Amplification 16 rxns, PN-1000254 Store at -20°C			Chromium Single Cell Mouse BCR Amplification 16 rxns, PN-1000255 Store at -20°C				
		#	PN			#	PN
•	Mouse T Cell Mix 1 v2	1	2000256		Mouse B Cell Mix 1 v2	1	2000258
	Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2	1	2000257		Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	1	2000259
0	Amp Mix	2	2000047	0	Amp Mix	2	2000047
			10x genomics				10x GENOMICS

# **10x Genomics Accessories**

Product	Part Number	Part Number (Item)
10x Vortex Adapter	120251	330002
10x Magnetic Separator HT	1000394	2000431
Chromium X Chip Holder	1000393	3000598

# **Recommended Thermal Cyclers**

Thermal cyclers used must support uniform heating of 100  $\mu$ l emulsion volumes.

Supplier	Description	Part Number
BioRad	C1000 Touch Thermal Cycler with 96-Deep Well Reaction Module	1851197
Eppendorf	MasterCycler Pro (discontinued)	North America 950030010 International 6321 000.019
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Veriti 96-Well Thermal Cycler	4375786

# **Additional Kits, Reagents & Equipment**

The items in the table below have been validated by 10x Genomics and are highly recommended for 10x Genomics workflows, training, and system operations. Substituting materials may adversely affect system performance. This list does not include standard laboratory equipment, such as water baths, centrifuges, vortex mixers, pH meters, freezers, etc.

Supplier	Description	Part Number (US)
Plastics		
Choose either Eppendorf, USA	A Scientific, or Thermo Fisher Scientific PCR 8-tube strips	
Eppendorf	PCR Tubes 0.2 ml 8-tube strips	951010022
	DNA LoBind Tubes, 1.5 ml	022431021
	DNA LoBind Tubes, 2.0 ml	022431048
USA Scientific	TempAssure PCR 8-tube strip (alternate to Eppendorf or Thermo Fisher Scientific product)	1402-4700
Thermo Fisher Scientific	MicroAmp 8-Tube Strip, 0.2 ml (alternate to Eppendorf or USA Scientific product)	N8010580
	MicroAmp 8 -Cap Strip, clear	N8010535
Kits & Reagents		
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Nuclease-free Water Low TE Buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 0.1 mM EDTA)	AM9937 12090-015
Millipore Sigma	Ethanol, Pure (200 Proof, anhydrous)	E7023-500ML
Beckman Coulter	SPRIselect Reagent Kit	B23318
Bio-Rad	10% Tween 20	1662404
Ricca Chemical Company	Glycerin (glycerol), 50% (v/v) Aqueous Solution	3290-32
Qiagen	Qiagen Buffer EB	19086
Equipment		
VWR	Vortex Mixer Divided Polystyrene Reservoirs	10153-838 41428-958
Thermo Fisher Scientific	MYFUGE 12 Mini Centrifuge (alternatively, use any equivalent mini centrifuge)	C1012
	Isotemp Drybath Incubators (when using 48 rxn reagent kits) (alternatively, use any equivalent drybath or waterbath)	11-718-22Q
Eppendorf	Eppendorf ThermoMixer C (when using 8 rxn reagent kits)	5382000023
	Eppendorf SmartBlock 1.5 ml, Thermoblock for 24 reaction vessel (alternatively, use a temperature-controlled Heat Block)	5360000038

Supplier	Description	Part Number (US)					
Quantification & Quality Control							
Choose either Bioanalyzer, TapeStation, Fragment Analyzer, Labchip, or Qubit based on availability & preference.							
Agilent	2100 Bioanalyzer Laptop Bundle (discontinued) (Replacement 2100 Bioanalyzer Instrument/2100 Expert Laptop Bundle)	G2943CA G2939BA/G2953CA					
	High Sensitivity DNA Kit	5067-4626					
	4200 TapeStation	G2991AA					
	High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape/Reagents	5067-5584/ 5067-5585					
Thermo Fisher Scientific	Qubit 4.0 Flourometer Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Q33226 Q32854					
Advanced Analytical	Fragment Analyzer Automated CE System - 12 cap	FSv2-CE2F					
	Fragment Analyzer Automated CE System - 48/96 cap	FSv2-CE10F					
	High Sensitivity NGS Fragment Analysis Kit	DNF-474					
PerkinElmer	LabChip GX Touch HT Nucleic Acid Analyzer DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit	CLS137031 CLS760672					
KAPA Biosystems	KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms	KK4824					

# **Protocol Steps & Timing**

		Steps	Timing	Stop & Store		
	Cell F	Preparation and Labeling dent on cell type and labeling protocol used	~1-2 h			
	Step	1 – GEM Generation & Barcoding				
3 h	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	Prepare Reaction Mix Load Chromium Next GEM Chip N Run the Chromium X Transfer GEMs GEM-RT Incubation	20 min 10 min 18 min 3 min 55 min	4°C ≤72 h or −20°C ≤1 week		
	Step	2 – Post GEM RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification				
	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Post GEM-RT Cleanup – Dynabead cDNA Amplification cDNA Cleanup cDNA Quantification & QC	60 min 50 min 30 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤1 week 4°C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤4 weeks		
6 h		DNA Amplification & QC, for V(D)J Amplification and V(D)J Library Constructi Gene Expression Library Construction proceed directly to step 5.	on proceed to s	teps 3-4.		
	Step	3 – V(D)J Amplification from cDNA				
	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	V(D)J Amplification 1 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect V(D)J Amplification 2 Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect Post V(D)J Amplification QC & Quantification	40 min 20 min 30 min 500 50 min	4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤1 week 4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or -20°C ≤1 week		
	Step	4 – V(D)J Library Construction				
8 h plus*  'Time dependent on Stop options	4.0	Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing Adaptor Ligation Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect Sample Index PCR Post Sample Index PCR Cleanup – SPRIselect Post Library Construction QC	45 min 25 min 20 min 40 min 20 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or −20°C long-term		
used and protocol steps executed	Step 5 – 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction					
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	GEX Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing GEX Post Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing Double Sided Size Selection – SPRIselect GEX Adaptor Ligation GEX Post Ligation Cleanup – SPRIselect GEX Sample Index PCR GEX Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Cleanup – SPRIselect GEX Post Library Construction QC	45 min 30 min 25 min 20 min 40 min 30 min 50 min	4°C ≤72 h 4°C ≤72 h or −20°C long-term		

## **Stepwise Objectives**

The Single Cell v2 5' HT protocols offer comprehensive, scalable solutions for measuring immune repertoire information and gene expression from the same cell. Profile full length (5' UTR to constant region), paired T-cell receptor (TCR), or B-cell receptor (BCR) transcripts from 2,000-20,000 individual cells per sample.

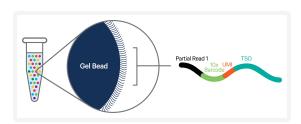
A pool of ~750,000 barcodes are sampled separately to index each cell's transcriptome. It is done by partitioning thousands of cells into nanoliter-scale Gel Beads-in-emulsion (GEMs), where all generated cDNA share a common 10x Barcode. Libraries are generated and sequenced and 10x Barcodes are used to associate individual reads back to the individual partitions.

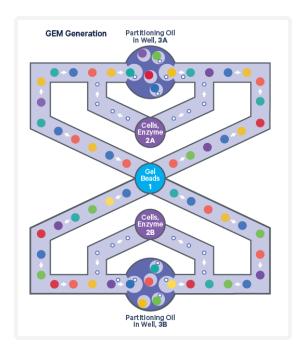
This document outlines the high throughput (HT) protocol to generate the following libraries:

- $^{\circ}\,$  Single Cell V(D)J libraries from V(D)J-amplified cDNA derived from polyadenylated mRNA
- Single Cell 5' Gene Expression libraries from amplified cDNA derived from polyadenylated mRNA

## **Step 1: GEM Generation & Barcoding**

GEMs are generated by combining barcoded Gel Beads, a Master Mix containing cells, and Partitioning Oil onto Chromium Next GEM Chip N. To achieve single cell resolution, cells are delivered at a limiting dilution, such that the majority (~90-99%) of generated GEMs contain no cell, while the remainder largely contain a single cell.



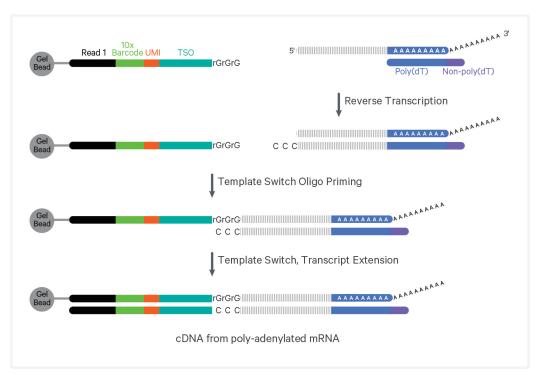


Immediately following GEM generation, the Gel Bead is dissolved and any copartitioned cell is lysed. Gel Bead primers containing an Illumina TruSeq Read 1 sequence (read 1 sequencing primer), a 16 nt 10x Barcode, a 10 nt unique molecular identifier (UMI), and 13 nt template switch oligo (TSO) are released and mixed with both the cell lysate and a Master Mix containing reverse transcription (RT) reagents and poly(dT) primers.

The cell lysate and the released Gel Bead primer incubated with the Master Mix containing RT reagents, produce 10x Barcoded, full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA.

#### **Inside Individual GEMs**

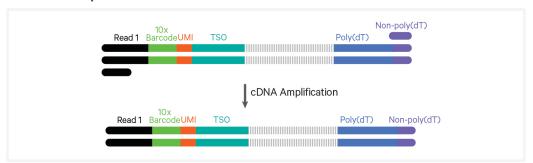




## Step 2: Post GEM-RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification

GEMs are broken and pooled after GEM-RT reaction mixtures are recovered. Silane magnetic beads are used to purify the 10x Barcoded first-strand cDNA from polyadenylated mRNA from the post GEM-RT reaction mixture, which includes leftover biochemical reagents and primers. 10x Barcoded, full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA is amplified. Amplification generates sufficient material to construct multiple libraries from the same cells, e.g. both T and/or B cell libraries (steps 3 and 4) and 5' Gene Expression libraries.

#### **Pooled cDNA Amplification**



## Step 3: V(D)J Amplification from cDNA

Amplified full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA is used to enrich full-length V(D)J segments (10x Barcoded) via PCR amplification with primers specific to either the TCR or BCR constant regions. If both T and B cells are expected to be present in the partitioned cell population, TCR and BCR transcripts can be amplified in separate reactions from the same amplified cDNA material.

# **Step 4: V(D)J Library Construction**

Enzymatic fragmentation and size selection are used to generate variable length fragments that collectively span the V(D)J segments of the amplified TCR or BCR transcripts prior to library construction. P5, P7, i5 and i7 sample indexes, and an Illumina R2 sequence (read 2 primer sequence) are added via End Repair, A-tailing, Adaptor Ligation, and Sample Index PCR. The final libraries contain the P5 and P7 priming sites used in Illumina sequencing.

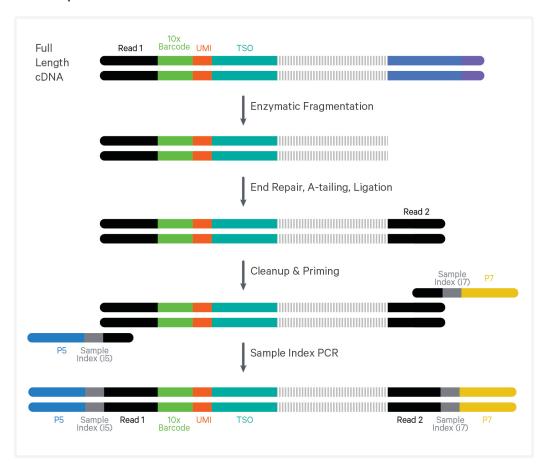
# **Pooled Amplified cDNA Processed in Bulk** Outer Primer Full 10x Read 1 Barcode UMI TSO Length cDNA V(D)J Amplification 1 Inner Primer V(D)J Amplification 2 Enzymatic Fragmentation End Repair, A-tailing, Ligation Cleanup & Priming Sample P7 Sample Index PCR Read 2 Sample Index (i7) P5 Sample Read 1 10x UMI Index (i5) Barcode D J

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## Step 5: 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction

Amplified full-length cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA is used to generate 5' Gene Expression library. Enzymatic fragmentation and size selection are used to optimize the cDNA amplicon size prior to 5' gene expression library construction. P5, P7, i5 and i7 sample indexes, and Illumina R2 sequence (read 2 primer sequence) are added via End Repair, A-tailing, Adaptor Ligation, and Sample Index PCR. The final libraries contain the P5 and P7 priming sites used in Illumina sequencers.

#### **Pooled Amplified cDNA Processed in Bulk**



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## **Step 6: Sequencing**

Illumina-ready dual index libraries can be sequenced at the recommended depth & run parameters. Illumina sequencer compatibility, sample indices, library loading and pooling for sequencing are summarized in step 6.

#### **Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Dual Index Library**



#### **Chromium Single Cell 5' Gene Expression Dual Index Library**



See Appendix for Oligonucleotide Sequences on page 104

# **Tips & Best Practices**



#### **Icons**



Tips & Best Practices section includes additional guidance



Signifies critical step requiring accurate execution



Troubleshooting section includes additional guidance



Next GEM High Throughput (HT) specific protocol step updates

#### **Emulsion-safe Plastics**

Use validated emulsion-safe plastic consumables when handling GEMs as some plastics can destabilize GEMs.

#### **Cell Concentration**

- Recommended starting point is to load ~3,000 cells per reaction, resulting in recovery of ~2,000 cells, and a multiplet rate of ~0.8%. The optimal input cell concentration is 700-1,200 cells/ $\mu$ l.
- The presence of dead cells and debris in the suspension may also reduce the recovery rate. Consult the 10x Genomics Single Cell Protocols Cell Preparation Guide and the Best Practices to Minimize Chromium Next GEM Chip Clogs and Wetting Failure (Documents CG00053 and CG000479 respectively) for more information on preparing cells.

Multiplet Rate (%)	# of Cells Loaded	# of Cells Recovered
~0.8%	~3,130	~2,000
~1.6%	~6,320	~4,000
~2.4%	~9,550	~6,000
~3.2%	~12,800	~8,000
~4.0%	~16,100	~10,000
~4.8%	~19,500	~12,000
~5.6%	~22,900	~14,000
~6.4%	~26,300	~16,000
~7.2%	~29,800	~18,000
~8.0%	~33,300	~20,000

## **General Reagent Handling**

- Fully thaw and thoroughly mix reagents before use.
- Keep all enzymes and Master Mixes on ice during setup and use. Promptly move reagents back to the recommended storage.
- Calculate reagent volumes with 10% excess of 1 reaction values.
- Cover Partitioning Oil tubes and reservoirs to minimize evaporation.
- If using multiple chips, use separate reagent reservoirs for each chip during loading.
- Thoroughly mix samples with the beads during bead-based cleanup steps.

## **50% Glycerol Solution**

• Purchase 50% glycerol solution from Ricca Chemical Company, Glycerin (glycerol), 50% (v/v) Aqueous Solution, PN-3290-32.

OR

- Prepare 50% glycerol solution:
  - Mix an equal volume of water and 99% Glycerol, Molecular Biology Grade.
  - ° Filter through a 0.2 µm filter.
  - ° Store at **−20°C** in 1-ml LoBind tubes. 50% glycerol solution should be equilibrated to room temperature before use.
- Adding glycerol to non-sample chip wells is essential to avoid chip failure.

# **Pipette Calibration**

- Follow manufacturer's calibration and maintenance schedules.
- Pipette accuracy is particularly important when using SPRIselect reagents.

## Chromium Next GEM Chip Handling

- Minimize exposure of reagents, chips, and gaskets to sources of particles and fibers, laboratory wipes, frequently opened flip-cap tubes, clothing that sheds fibers, and dusty surfaces.
- After removing the chip from the sealed bag, use in ≤24 h.
- Execute steps without pause or delay, unless indicated. When using multiple chips, load, run, and collect the content from one chip before loading the next.
- Only even number of reactions can be run on the chip. Refer to 1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip N on page 44 for specific instructions.
- Fill all unused paired input wells on a chip with an appropriate volume of 50% glycerol solution before loading the used wells.
- Avoid contacting the bottom surface of the chip with gloved hands and other surfaces. Frictional charging can lead to inadequate priming of the channels, potentially leading to either clogs or wetting failures.
- Minimize the distance that a loaded chip is moved to reach the Chromium X.
- Keep the chip horizontal to prevent wetting the gasket with oil, which depletes the input volume and may adversely affect the quality of the resulting emulsion.

# Chromium X Chip Holders

- Chromium X Chip Holders encase Chromium Next GEM Chips used for the HT (high throughput) assay.
- The holder lid flips over to become a stand, holding the chip at 45 degrees for optimal recovery well content removal.
- Squeeze the slider on the back side of the holder together to unlock the lid and return the holder to a flat position.



# Chromium Next GEM Chip & Holder Assembly with Gasket

- Close the holder lid. Attach the gasket by holding the tongue (curved end, to the right) and hook the gasket on the left-hand tabs of the holder. Gently pull the gasket toward the right and hook it on the two right-hand tabs.
- DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- Open the chip holder.
- Align notch on the chip (upper left corner) and the open holder with the gasket attached.
- Slide the chip to the left until the guide on the holder is inserted into the chip. Depress the right hand side of the chip until the spring-loaded clip engages.
- Keep the assembled unit with the attached gasket until ready for dispensing reagents into the wells.



# Chromium Next GEM Chip Loading

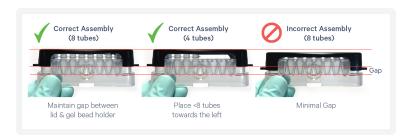
- Place the assembled chip and holder flat (gasket attached) on the bench with the lid open.
- Dispense at the bottom of the wells without introducing bubbles.
- When dispensing Gel Beads into the chip, wait for the remainder to drain into the bottom of the pipette tips and dispense again to ensure complete transfer.
- Refer to 1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip N on page 44 for specific instructions.

# Gel Bead Handling

- Use one tube of Gel Beads per sample **pair**. DO NOT puncture the foil seals of tubes not used at the time.
- After removing the Gel Bead strip from the packaging, equilibrate the Gel Bead strip to **room temperature** for at least **30 min** before use.
- Store unused Gel Beads at -80°C and avoid more than 12 freeze-thaw cycles. DO NOT store Gel Beads at -20°C.
- Snap the tube strip holder with the Gel Bead strip into a 10x Vortex Adapter. Vortex **30 sec**.



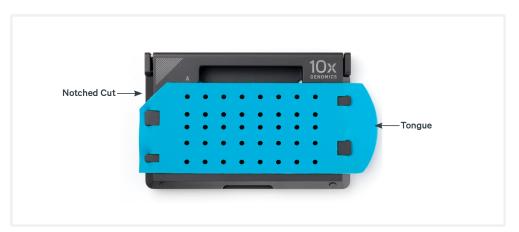
- Centrifuge the Gel Bead strip for **~5 sec** after removing from the holder. Confirm there are no bubbles at the bottom of tubes and the liquid levels look even. Place Gel Bead strip back in the holder and secure the holder lid.
- Ensure that the gel bead strip is positioned with one tube in the left-most position (do not center the strip if using fewer than 8 tubes). Gently depress the lid until light resistance is met. DO NOT attempt to further depress the lid, even if it may be angled with respect to the strip holder.



• If the required volume of beads cannot be recovered, place the pipette tips against the sidewalls and slowly dispense the Gel Beads back into the tubes. DO NOT introduce bubbles into the tubes and verify that the pipette tips contain no leftover Gel Beads. Withdraw the full volume of beads again by pipetting slowly.

# 10x Gasket Attachment

- **Before reagents are loaded,** attach the gasket by holding the tongue (curved end, to the right) and hook the gasket on the left-hand tabs of the holder. Gently pull the gasket toward the right and hook it on the two right-hand tabs.
- DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- Keep the assembled unit with the gasket attached until ready for dispensing reagents into the wells.
- After loading reagents, DO NOT press down on the top of the gasket. Keep the assembly horizontal to avoid wetting the gasket with Partitioning Oil.



# 10x Magnetic Separator HT

- Offers two positions of the magnets (high and low) relative to a tube, depending on its orientation. Flip the magnetic separator over to switch between high (magnet•High) or low (magnet•Low) positions.
- The 10x Magnetic Separator HT can accommodate four 8-Tube Strips
- If using MicroAmp 8-Tube Strips, use the high position (magnet•**High**) only throughout the protocol.

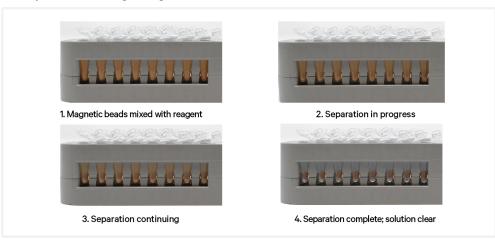
#### 10x Magnetic Separator HT



## **Magnetic Bead Cleanup Steps**

- During magnetic bead based cleanup steps that specify waiting "until the solution clears", visually confirm clearing of solution before proceeding to the next step. See adjacent panel for an example.
- The time needed for the solution to clear may vary based on specific step, reagents, volume of reagents etc.
- When processing multiple tube strips, prevent bead over drying after ethanol removal by drying the beads only for the specified time. With the tube strips on the magnet, immediately add indicated buffer (EB or ES1) to all tube strips. Then, remove one tube strip at a time from the magnet and mix.

#### **Visually Confirm Clearing of Magnetic Bead Solution**



#### **SPRIselect Cleanup & Size Selection**

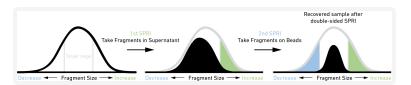
- After aspirating the desired volume of SPRIselect reagent, examine the pipette tips before dispensing to ensure the correct volume is transferred.
- Pipette mix thoroughly as insufficient mixing of sample and SPRIselect reagent will lead to inconsistent results. Use fresh preparations of 80% Ethanol.

#### Tutorial — SPRIselect Reagent:DNA Sample Ratios

SPRI beads selectively bind DNA according to the ratio of SPRIselect reagent (beads).

Example Ratio: = Volume of SPRIselect reagent added to the sample = 50  $\mu l$  = 0.5X Volume of DNA sample = 100  $\mu l$ 

#### Schematic of Double Sided Size Selection



After the first SPRI, supernatant is transferred for a second SPRI while larger fragments are discarded (green). After the second SPRI, fragments on beads are eluted and kept while smaller fragments are discarded (blue). Final sample has a tight fragment size distribution with reduced overall amount (black).

#### Tutorial — Double Sided Size Selection

1. First SPRIselect: Add 50 µl SPRIselect reagent to 100 µl sample (0.5X).

Ratio: = Volume of SPRIselect reagent added to the sample = 50  $\mu l$  = 0.5X Volume of DNA sample = 100  $\mu l$ 

2. Second SPRIselect: Add 30  $\mu l$  SPRIselect reagent to supernatant from step a (0.8X).

Ratio: = Total Volume of reagent added to the sample (step a + b) =  $50 \mu l + 30 \mu l$  = **0.8X**Original Volume of DNA sample 100  $\mu l$ 

## **Enzymatic Fragmentation**

Ensure enzymatic fragmentation reactions are prepared on ice and then loaded into a thermal cycler pre-cooled to **4°C** prior to initiating the Fragmentation, End Repair, and A-tailing incubation steps.

## Sample Indices in Sample Index PCR

- Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run.
- Verify and use the specified index plate only. DO NOT use the plates interchangeably.
- Each well in the Dual Index Plate contains a unique i7 and a unique i5 oligonucleotide.

## **Index Hopping Mitigation**

Index hopping can impact pooled samples sequenced on Illumina sequencing platforms that utilize patterned flow cells and exclusion amplification chemistry. To minimize index hopping, follow the guidelines listed below.

- Remove adapters during cleanup steps.
- Ensure no leftover primers and/or adapters are present when performing post-Library Construction QC.
- Store each library individually at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for long-term storage. DO NOT pool libraries during storage.
- Pool libraries prior to sequencing. An additional 0.8X SPRI may be performed for the pooled libraries to remove any free adapters before sequencing.
- Hopped indices can be computationally removed from the data generated from single cell dual index libraries.

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# Step 1:

## **GEM Generation and Barcoding**

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## 1.0 Get Started

#### Overview



Action		Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilibrate	e to Rooi	m Temperature			
		Single Cell 5' HT v2 Gel Beads	2000444	Equilibrate to room temperature 30 min before loading the chip.	-80°C
		RT Reagent B	2000435/ 2000165	Vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		Poly-dT RT Primer	2000437/ 2000007	Vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	0	Reducing Agent B	2000087	Vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
Place on Id	ce				
		RT Enzyme C	2000436/ 2000085	Centrifuge briefly before adding to the mix.	-20°C
		Cell Suspension	_		_
Obtain					
		Partitioning Oil	220088	_	Ambient
		Chromium Next GEM Chip N	2000418	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		10x Gasket	3000614/ 3000656	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		10x Vortex Adapter	330002	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		<b>50% glycerol solution</b> <i>If using &lt; 16 reactions</i>	_	See Tips & Best Practices.	_
		Chromium X Chip Holder	3000598	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient

## 1.1 Prepare Master Mix

a. Prepare Master Mix on ice. Pipette mix 15x and centrifuge briefly.

<b>Master Mix</b> Add reagents in	n the order listed	PN	2X* + 10% (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X +10% (μl)
•	RT Reagent B	2000435/ 2000165	82.5	330.0	660.0
•	Poly-dT RT Primer	2000437/ 2000007	32.1	128.7	257.4
$\circ$	Reducing Agent B	2000087	8.6	34.3	68.6
•	RT Enzyme C	2000436/ 2000085	36.3	145.4	290.8
	Total	-	159.5	638.4	1276.8

<sup>\*</sup>Volume for 2 rxns; only even number of rxns can be run on the chip

a. Add 72.6 Master Mix into each tube of a PCR 8-tube strip on ice.

## Assemble Chromium Next GEM Chip N



See Tips & Best Practices on page 25 for chip handling instructions.

- **a.** Close the holder lid. Attach the gasket by holding the tongue (curved end, to the right) and hook the gasket on the left-hand tabs of the holder. Gently pull the gasket toward the right and hook it on the two right-hand tabs.
- **b.** DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- **c.** Open the chip holder.



- **d.** Remove the chip from the sealed bag. Use the chip within ≤ 24 h.
- **e.** Align notch on the chip (upper left corner) and the open holder with the gasket attached.
- **f.** Slide the chip to the left until the guide on the holder is inserted into the chip. Depress the right hand side of the chip until the spring-loaded clip engages.
- g. Keep the assembled unit with the attached gasket open until ready for and while dispensing reagents into the wells.
- **h.** DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket.
- i. After loading reagents, close the chip holder. DO NOT press down on the top of the gasket.



For GEM generation, load the indicated reagents only in the specified rows, starting from row labeled 1, followed by rows labeled 2A & 2B and 3A & 3B.



### **Sample Loading Guidelines**

#### Read these guidelines before loading Chromium Next GEM Chip N

- Up to 16 independent samples can be run on the chip.
- Only even number of reactions can be run on the chip.
- Corresponding wells in rows 2A & 2B of the chip should both be either loaded with independent samples/mock-sample or with glycerol.

#### • For even number of samples:

Load independent samples (Master Mix + Cells) in pairs in rows 2A & 2B. See Example 1 below.

#### • For odd number of samples :

Load the unpaired sample in a well in row 2A and a mock-sample (Master Mix + Water) in the corresponding well in row 2B. Additionally, add Partitioning Oil to the corresponding well in row 3B. See Example 2 below.

• Follow the step-by-step chip loading instructions provided in step 1.2.

## Sample loading configurations in Chromium Next GEM Chip N Example 1 Example 2 16 samples 11 samples + 1 Mock Sample ium IEM Chip N 🔯 💷 Partitioning Oil Master Mix + Sample Gel Beads Master Mix + Sample Partitioning Oil Sample

#### Sample loading configuration examples

## Cell Suspension Volume Calculator

Volume of Cell Suspension Stock per reaction (μl) | Volume of Nuclease-free Water per reaction (μl)



DO NOT add nuclease-free water directly to single cell suspension. Add nuclease-free water to the Master Mix. Refer to step 1.2.

Cell Stock Concentration (Cells/µl)	2000	4000	6000	8000	10000	12000	14000	16000	18000	20000
100	31.3	63.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	46.1	14.2	/70	0/1						
200	15.6 61.8	31.6 45.8	47.8 29.6	64.1 13.3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	10.4	21.1	31.8	42.7	53.8	64.9	76.2			
300	67.0	56.3	45.6	34.7	23.6	12.5	1.2	n/a	n/a	n/a
	7.8	15.8	23.9	32.1	40.3	48.7	57.2	65.8	74.4	
400	69.6	61.6	53.5	45.3	37.1	28.7	20.2	11.6	3.0	n/a
	6.3	12.6	19.1	25.6	32.3	39.0	45.7	52.6	59.6	66.6
500	71.1	64.8	58.3	51.8	45.1	38.4	31.7	24.8	17.8	10.8
200	5.2	10.5	15.9	21.4	26.9	32.5	38.1	43.8	49.6	55.5
600	72.2	66.9	61.5	56.0	50.5	44.9	39.3	33.6	27.8	21.9
700	4.5	9.0	13.6	18.3	23.0	27.8	32.7	37.6	42.5	47.6
700	72.9	68.4	63.8	59.1	54.4	49.6	44.7	39.8	34.9	29.8
000	3.9	7.9	11.9	16.0	20.2	24.4	28.6	32.9	37.2	41.6
800	73.5	69.5	65.5	61.4	57.2	53.0	48.8	44.5	40.2	35.8
000	3.5	7.0	10.6	14.2	17.9	21.6	25.4	29.2	33.1	37.0
900	73.9	70.4	66.8	63.2	59.5	55.8	52.0	48.2	44.3	40.4
1000	3.1	6.3	9.6	12.8	16.1	19.5	22.9	26.3	29.8	33.3
1000	74.3	71.1	67.8	64.6	61.3	57.9	54.5	51.1	47.6	44.1
4400	2.8	5.7	8.7	11.7	14.7	17.7	20.8	23.9	27.1	30.3
1100	74.6	71.7	68.7	65.7	62.7	59.7	56.6	53.5	50.3	47.1
1000	2.6	5.3	8.0	10.7	13.4	16.2	19.1	21.9	24.8	27.7
1200	74.8	72.1	69.4	66.7	64.0	61.2	58.3	55.5	52.6	49.7
1200	2.4	4.9	7.3	9.9	12.4	15.0	17.6	20.2	22.9	25.6
1300	75.0	72.5	70.1	67.5	65.0	62.4	59.8	57.2	54.5	51.8
1400	2.2	4.5	6.8	9.2	11.5	13.9	16.3	18.8	21.3	23.8
1400	75.2	72.9	70.6	68.2	65.9	63.5	61.1	58.6	56.1	53.6
1500	2.1	4.2	6.4	8.5	10.8	13.0	15.2	17.5	19.9	22.2
1500	75.3	73.2	71.0	68.9	66.6	64.4	62.2	59.9	57.5	55.2
1600	2.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	10.1	12.2	14.3	16.4	18.6	20.8
1000	75.4	73.4	71.4	69.4	67.3	65.2	63.1	61.0	58.8	56.6
1700	1.8	3.7	5.6	7.5	9.5	11.5	13.5	15.5	17.5	19.6
1700	75.6	73.7	71.8	69.9	67.9	65.9	63.9	61.9	59.9	57.8
1800	1.7	3.5	5.3	7.1	9.0	10.8	12.7	14.6	16.5	18.5
1300	75.7	73.9	72.1	70.3	68.4	66.6	64.7	62.8	60.9	58.9
1900	1.6	3.3	5.0	6.7	8.5	10.3	12.0	13.8	15.7	17.5
1300	75.8	74.1	72.4	70.7	68.9	67.1	65.4	63.6	61.7	59.9
2000	1.6	3.2	4.8	6.4	8.1	9.7	11.4	13.2	14.9	16.6
	75.8	74.2	72.6	71.0	69.3	67.7	66.0	64.2	62.5	60.8
Grey boxes:  Exceeds allowable volume  Blue boxes: Optimal range of cell stock concentration to maximize the likelihood of achieving the desired cell recovery target  Yellow boxes: Indicate a low transfer volume that may result in higher cell variability										

## 1.2 Load Chromium Next GEM Chip N



- After removing chip from the sealed bag, use in **≤24 h**.
- Open the lid (gasket attached) of the assembled chip and lay flat for loading.
- When loading the chip, raising and depressing the pipette plunger should each take ~5 sec. When dispensing, raise the pipette tips at the same rate as the liquid is rising, keeping the tips slightly submerged.



#### a. Add 50% glycerol solution to each unused well

(if loading less than 16 samples/chip)

- 130 µl in each unused well in row labeled 1
- 140 µl in each unused well in rows labeled 2A & 2B
- 140 μl in each unused well in rows labeled 3A & 3B

DO NOT use any substitute for 50% glycerol solution. For odd number of samples, if a sample is loaded in a well in row 2A, load a mock-sample (Master Mix + 86.4 µl water) and NOT glycerol in the corresponding well in row 2B.



#### **b. Prepare Gel Beads**

- Snap the tube strip holder with the Gel Bead strip into a 10x Vortex Adapter. Vortex 30 sec.
- Remove the Gel Bead strip from the holder and centrifuge it for ~5 sec. Confirm there are no bubbles at the bottom of the tubes & the liquid levels are even.
- Place the Gel Bead strip back in the holder. Secure the holder lid.



#### c. Prepare Master Mix + Cell suspension

- Refer to the Cell Suspension Volume Calculator Table.
- Add the appropriate volume of nuclease-free water to Master Mix. Pipette mix 5X.
- Gently pipette mix the cell suspension and add corresponding volume of single cell suspension to Master Mix. Total of 150  $\mu$ l in each tube.



#### d. Load Row Labeled 1

- Puncture the foil seal of the Gel Bead tubes. Slowly aspirate **130** μl Gel Beads.
- Dispense into the wells in row labeled 1 without introducing
- Wait 30 sec.



#### e. Load Rows Labeled 2A, 2B

ONLY even number of reactions should be run on the chip. See Sample Loading Guidelines for more information and examples.

- Up to 16 independent samples can be run on the chip. Sample inputs for 2A should be equal to 2B (e.g. if processing only 8 samples, run 4 in 2A and 4 in 2B)
- First, process up to 8 samples: Gently pipette mix the Master Mix + Cell Suspension (prepared at step 1.2c) using a multichannel pipette. Using the same pipette tips, dispense 140 µl Master Mix + Cell Suspension into the bottom center of wells in row labeled 2A.
- Next, process up to 8 additional samples: Gently pipette mix the Master Mix + Cell Suspension (prepared at step 1.2c) using a multichannel pipette. Using the same pipette tips, dispense 140 µl Master Mix + Cell Suspension into the bottom center of wells in row labeled 2B.
- Wait 30 sec.



#### f. Load Rows Labeled 3A, 3B

• Dispense 140 μl Partitioning Oil into the wells in rows labeled **3A & 3B** from a reagent reservoir.

Failure to add Partitioning Oil to the rows labeled 3A and 3B will prevent GEM generation and can damage Chromium X.



#### g. Prepare for Run

• Close the lid (gasket already attached). DO NOT touch the smooth side of the gasket. DO NOT press down on the top of the gasket.

Run the chip in Chromium X **immediately** after loading the Partitioning Oil. ONLY even number of reactions should be run on the chip. See Sample Loading Guidelines on page 42 for more information & examples.



## 1.3 Run Chromium X



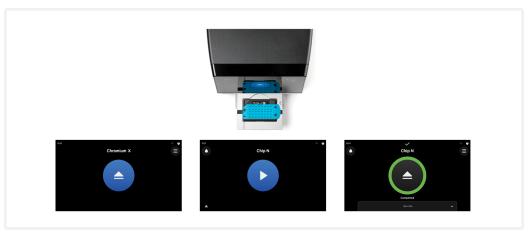
Consult the Chromium X Series (X/iX) User Guide (CG000396) for detailed instrument operation instructions and follow the Chromium X touchscreen prompts for execution.

- **a.** Press the eject button on the Chromium X to eject the tray. If the eject button is not touched within **1 min**, tray will close automatically. System requires a few seconds before the tray can be ejected again.
- **b.** Place the assembled chip with the gasket in the tray, ensuring that the chip stays horizontal. Press the button to retract the tray.
- **c.** Press the play button.



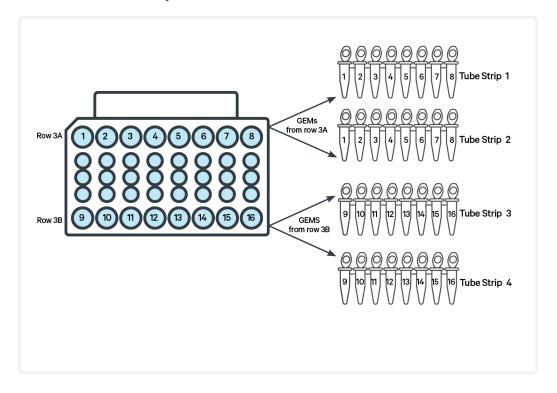
**d.** At completion of the run (~18 min), Chromium X will chime. **Immediately** proceed to the next step.

#### **Chromium X**



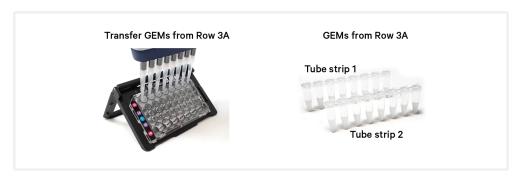
### **GEM Transfer Overview**

For a sample loaded in a well in either row 2A or 2B of the chip, GEMs are retrieved from the corresponding well in row 3A and 3B and transferred to two tubes. The example below shows transfer of GEMs generated from 16 samples. GEMs from the chip are transferred to four tube strips, where the GEMs generated from each sample are transferred to 2 corresponding tubes in the indicated tube strips.



## 1.4 Transfer GEMs

- **a.** Label four tube strips and place on ice.
- **b.** Press the eject button of Chromium X and remove the chip.
- **c.** Discard the gasket. Open the chip holder. Fold the lid back until it clicks to expose the wells at 45 degrees.
- **d.** Check the volume in rows labeled 1, 2A, and 2B. Abnormally high volume relative to other wells indicates a clog. Significant volume of non-sample fluid is expected in rows 2A and 2B after a successful run and does not indicate a sample clog.
- **e.** Retrieve GEMs from row labeled 3A: Slowly aspirate **90 μl** GEMs from the lowest points of the recovery wells in the top row labeled 3A without creating a seal between the tips and the bottom of the wells.



**f.** Withdraw pipette tips from the wells. GEMs should appear opaque and uniform across all channels. Excess Partitioning Oil (clear) in the pipette tips indicates a potential clog.



**g.** Over the course of **~20 sec**, dispense GEMs into first tube strip on ice with the pipette tips against the sidewalls of the tubes.

- h. Using the same pipette tips, slowly aspirate remaining 90 µl GEMs from the wells in the top row labeled 3A and dispense in second tube strip as described above.
- i. Retrieve from row labeled 3B: Slowly aspirate 90 µl GEMs from the lowest points of the recovery wells in the bottom row labeled 3B without creating a seal between the tips and the bottom of the wells.



- j. Repeat steps f and g, dispensing GEMs into third tube strip on ice with the pipette tips against the sidewalls of the tubes.
- k. Using the same pipette tips, slowly aspirate remaining 90 µl GEMs from the wells in the bottom row labeled 3B and dispense in fourth tube strip as described above.
- 1. If multiple chips are run back-to-back, cap/cover the GEM-containing tube strips and place on ice for no more than 1 h.

### 1.5 GEM-RT Incubation

Use a thermal cycler that can accommodate at least 100 µl volume. A volume of 125  $\mu$ l is the preferred setting on Bio-Rad C1000 Touch. In alternate thermal cyclers, use highest reaction volume setting.

**a.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
53°C	125 μΙ	~55 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	53°C	00:45:00
2	85°C	00:05:00
3	4°C	Hold

**b.** Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or at **-20°C** for up to **a week**, or proceed to the next step.

# Step 2:

## Post GEM-RT Cleanup & cDNA Amplification

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2.4 Post cDNA Amplification QC & Quantification	60

## 2.0 Get Started

#### Overview



Actio	n	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilib	rate to R	oom Temperature			
	0	Reducing Agent B	2000087	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge.	-20°C
		cDNA Primers	2000089/ 2000439	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		Dynabeads MyOne SILANE	2000048	Vortex thoroughly (≥30 sec) immediately before adding to the mix.	4°C
		Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC & quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape & Reagents If used for QC & quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit If used for QC & quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit If used for QC	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_

Action	n	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Place o	n Ice				
	0	Amp Mix Retrieve from Single Cell 5' HT GEM Kit	2000440/ 2000047	Vortex. Ensure all liquid is at the bottom of the tube.	-20°C
Thaw a	nt 65°C				
		Cleanup Buffer	2000088/ 2000438	Thaw for 10 min at 65° C either in a water or bead bath, mixing every 5 min (for 16 rxn kit) or at max speed on a thermomixer (for 8 rxn kit). Verify no visible crystals. Cool to room temperature.	-20°C
Obtain					
	$\bigcirc$	Recovery Agent	2000434	_	Ambient
		Qiagen Buffer EB	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Bio-Rad 10% Tween 20	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		10x Magnetic Separator HT	2000431	_	Ambient
		Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 60 ml for 16 reactions.	-	_	_

## 2.1 Post GEM-RT Cleanup - Dynabeads



a. Add 125 µl Recovery Agent to each sample at room temperature. DO NOT pipette mix or vortex the biphasic mixture. Wait 2 min.

The resulting biphasic mixture contains Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink) and aqueous phase (clear), with no persisting emulsion (opaque).

#### If biphasic separation is incomplete:

- Firmly secure the cap on the tube strip, ensuring that no liquid is trapped between the cap and the tube rim.
- Mix by inverting the capped tube strip 5x, centrifuge briefly, and proceed to step b. DO NOT invert without firmly securing the caps.



A smaller aqueous phase volume indicates a clog during GEM generation.



- **b.** Slowly remove and discard 125 μl Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink) from the bottom of the tube. DO NOT aspirate any aqueous sample.
- c. Prepare Dynabeads Cleanup Mix.

Before using Dynabeads MyOne SILANE to prepare the Dynabeads Cleanup Mix:





- Vortex the Dynabeads thoroughly (≥30 sec) immediately before adding to the mix.
- Aspirate full liquid volume in the Dynabead tube with a pipette tip to verify that beads have not settled in the bottom of the tube. If clumps are present, pipette mix to resuspend completely. DO NOT centrifuge before adding to the mix.

	eads Cleanup Mix agents in the order listed	PN	2X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)	32X + 10% (μl)
	Cleanup Buffer	2000088/ 2000438	400.4	3203.2	6406.4
	Dynabeads MyOne SILANE	2000048	17.6	140.8	281.6
$\bigcirc$	Reducing Agent B	2000087	11	88	176
	Nuclease-free Water	_	11	88	176
	Total		440	3520	7040

**d.** Vortex and add **200**  $\mu$ **l** to each tube. Pipette mix 10x (pipette set to 200 μl).



- e. Incubate 10 min at room temperature. Pipette mix again at ~5 min after start of incubation to resuspend settled beads.
- f. Prepare Elution Solution I. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

<b>Elution Solution I</b> Add reagents in the order listed		PN	1X (μl)	40X (μl)
	Buffer EB	_	98	3920
	10% Tween 20	_	1	40
0	Reducing Agent B	2000087	1	40
	Total		100	4000



**g.** At the end of 10 min incubation, place the tube strips in slots 1-4 of a 10x Magnetic Separator HT• **High** position (magnet•**High**) until the solution clears.

A white interface between the aqueous phase and Recovery Agent is normal.

**h.** Remove the supernatant.

- i. Add 300 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet while on the magnet. Wait 30 sec.
- **i.** Remove the ethanol.
- k. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- **l.** Remove the ethanol.
- m. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet. Low.
- **n.** Remove remaining ethanol. Air dry for **1 min**.



- **ο.** To avoid over drying the pellet, **immediately** add **36 μl** Elution Solution I to the tube strips, cap the tubes, remove all tube strips from the magnet, and centrifuge briefly.
- **p.** Pipette mix (pipette set to 30  $\mu$ l) without introducing bubbles.
- q. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- r. Place on the magnet. Low until the solution clears.
- **s.** Transfer 35  $\mu$ l sample to a new tube strip.

## 2.2 cDNA Amplification

**a.** Prepare cDNA Amplification Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

	mplification Reaction Mix gents in the order listed	PN	2X*+ 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)	32X + 10% (μl)
0	<b>Amp Mix</b> Retrieve from Single Cell 5' HT GEM kit	2000047/ 2000440	110	880	1760
	cDNA Primers	2000289/ 2000439	33	264	528
	Total		143	1144	2288

<sup>\*2</sup>X =1 sample; Two independent cDNA amp reactions are required for each sample in a single GEM well.

- **b.** Add **65 μl** cDNA Amplification Reaction Mix to **35 μl** sample.
- **c.** Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 μl). Centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μΙ	~30-45 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	63°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:01:00
5	Go to Step 2, see table be	low for total # of cycles
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold



Recommended starting point for cycle number optimization. The optimal cycle number is a trade-off between generating sufficient final mass for libraries & minimizing PCR amplification artifacts. Select PCR cycles based on the target recovery per GEM well and not on the estimated number of cells in the two tubes containing the split sample. The cDNA cycles should be reduced if sampling large numbers of cells.

Targeted Cell Recovery (per GEM well)	<b>Total Cycles</b> Low RNA Cells (primary cells)	<b>Total Cycles</b> High RNA Cells (cell lines)
≤4,000	16	14
4,000-12,000	14	12
>12,000	13	11



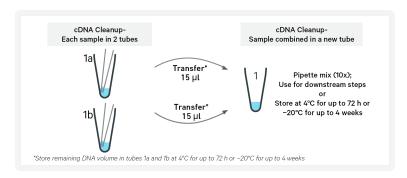
e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or -20°C for ≤1 week, or proceed to the next step.

## 2.3 cDNA Cleanup - SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 60 µl SPRIselect reagent (0.6X) to each sample and pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150  $\mu$ l).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- **c.** Place on the magnet**·High** until the solution clears.
- **d.** Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- **f.** Remove the ethanol.
- **g.** Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- **h.** Centrifuge briefly and place on the magnet**·Low**.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min. DO NOT exceed 2 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 46 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- **k.** Incubate **2 min** at room temperature.
- 1. Place the tube strip on the magnet-**High** until the solution clears.
- **m.** Transfer 45  $\mu$ l sample to a new tube strip.



For each sample, the amplified cDNA will be in two corresponding tubes. Transfer 15 µl cDNA from each of the two sample tubes to a third tube and pipette mix. Use for downstream steps. Store remaining cDNA volume in tubes at 4°C for up to 72 h or -20°C for up to 4 weeks for generating additional libraries.





**n.** Store at **4**°**C** for up to **72 h** or **-20**°**C** for **≤1 week**, or proceed to the next step.

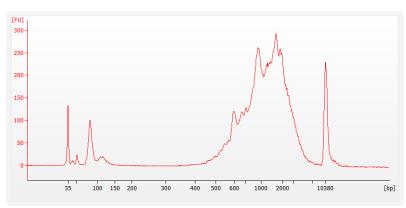
## 2.4 Post cDNA Amplification QC & Quantification

a. Run 1 µl undiluted sample on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.

Run 1 µl undiluted product for input cells with low RNA content (<1 pg total RNA/cell), and 1 µl of 1:10 diluted product for input cells with high RNA content.

b. If proceeding to 5' GEX Library Construction (step 5), determine the cDNA yield for each sample.

#### **Representative Trace for PBMCs**



See example calculation in the following page.

#### **Alternate Quantification Methods**

Agilent TapeStation

LabChip

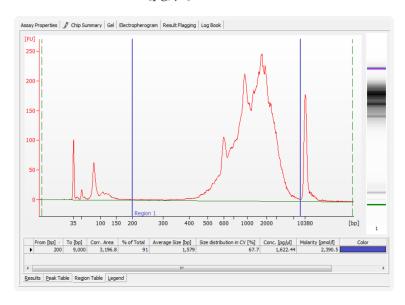
Qubit Fluoromter and Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit

See Appendix for

- Agilent TapeStation Traces on page 102
- LabChip Traces on page 103

### **Example Calculation**

- i. Select Region: Under the "Electropherogram" view, choose the "Region Table." Manually select the region of ~200 - ~9000 bp.
- ii. Note Concentration [pg/μ1]



iii. Calculate: Multiply the cDNA concentration [pg/µl] reported via Agilent 2100 Expert Software by dilution factor and divide by 1000 to obtain the total cDNA yield in ng/μl.

#### **Example Calculation of cDNA Total Yield**

Concentration: 1622.44 pg/µl Dilution Factor: 1

#### Total cDNA Yield

= Conc'n (pg/μl) x Dilution Factor 1000 (pg/ng)

=  $1622.44 \text{ (pg/µl)} \times 1 = 1.6 \text{ ng/µl}$ 1000 (pg/ng)

Carry forward only 20 µl Sample for 5' GEX Library Construction

= 1.6  $ng/\mu l \times 20 \mu l$  = 32 ng

Refer to step 5.5 (5' GEX Library Construction) for appropriate number of Sample Index PCR cycles based on carry forward cDNA yield/input cDNA.

# Step 3:

## V(D)J Amplification from cDNA

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3.1 V(D)J Amplification 1	65
3.2 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Cleanup Double Sided - SPRIselect	66
3.3 V(D)J Amplification 2	67
3.4 Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Cleanup Double Sided - SPRIselect	68
3.5 Post V(DJ) Amplification QC & Quantification	69

## 3.0 Get Started

#### Overview



Action		Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage	
Equilibrate	to Roon	n Temperature				
For Human Samples (Choose B or T-cell primers based on desired amplification products)						
		Human T Cell Mix 1 v2	2000242	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
		Human T Cell Mix 2 v2	2000246	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
	•	Human B Cell Mix 1 v2	2000254	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
		Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	2000255	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
For Mouse	Samples	(Choose B or T-cell primers based	on desired am	plification products)		
	•	Mouse T Cell Mix 1 v2	2000256	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
		Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2	2000257	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
	•	Mouse B Cell Mix 1 v2	2000258	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
		Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	2000259	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly	-20°C	
For All Sam	nples					
		Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_	
		<b>Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit</b> If used for quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_	
		Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC and quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_	

Action		Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
		Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape & Reagents If used for QC and quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
Place on	lce				
	0	<b>Amp Mix</b> Retrieve from Single Cell V(D)J Amplification Kits	2000047	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
Obtain					
		Qiagen Buffer EB	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
		10x Magnetic Separator HT	2000431	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 15 ml for 8 reactions.	_	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

## 3.1 V(D)J Amplification 1

- a. Place a tube strip on ice and transfer 2 μl sample (post cDNA Amplification & QC, step 2.3n) to the same tube.
- **b.** Prepare V(D)J Amplification 1 Reaction Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

	plification 1 Rxn Mix nts in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
$\bigcirc$	Amp Mix	2000047	50	440	880
	T Cell Mix 1 v2	Human 2000242/ Mouse 2000256	48	422.4	844.8
	or	or Human 2000254/			
	B Cell Mix 1 v2	Mouse 2000258			
	Total		98	862.4	1724.8

- c. Add 98 µl V(D)J Amplification 1 Reaction Mix to each tube containing 2 μl sample.
- **d.** Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to  $90 \mu$ l). Centrifuge briefly.
- **e.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

	Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
	105°C	100 μΙ	~20-30 min
	Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
	1	98°C	00:00:45
	2	98°C	00:00:20
	3	62°C	00:00:30
	4	72°C	00:01:00
	5	T Cell: Go to Step 2, 1	•
<b>A</b> ,	Different cycle numbers for T & B cells	B Cell: Go to Step 2,	7x (total 8 cycles)
	6	72°C	00:01:00
	7	4°C	Hold
-			



**f.** Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or proceed to the next step.

## 3.2 Post V(D)J Amplification 1 Cleanup Double Sided -**SPRIselect**

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 50 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.5X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 140 µl).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- **c.** Place tube strip on the magnet•**High** until the solution clears.



DO NOT discard supernatant.

- **d.** Transfer 145  $\mu$ l supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 30 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150  $\mu$ l).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 170 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol. Wait 30 sec.
- i. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- 1. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet-Low
- m. Remove remaining ethanol wash. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- **n.** Remove from the magnet. Add **36 µl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- **p.** Place on the magnet**·Low** until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer 35  $\mu$ l sample to a new tube strip.



r. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 1 week, or proceed to the next step.

## 3.3 V(D)J Amplification 2

a. Prepare V(D)J Amplification 2 Reaction Mix on ice. Vortex and centrifuge briefly.

Reaction	mplification 2 Mix ents in the order	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
$\circ$	Amp Mix	2000047	50	440	880
	T Cell Mix 2 v2	Human 2000246/ Mouse 2000257	15	132	264
	or	or Human 2000255/			
	B Cell Mix 2 v2	Mouse 2000259			
	Total		65	572	1144

- **b.** Add  $65 \mu l \text{ V(D)J}$  Amplification 2 Reaction Mix to each tube containing 35μl sample.
- **c.** Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 μl). Centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μΙ	~25-30 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	62°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:01:00
5 Different cycle numbers for T & B cells	T Cell: Go to Step 2, B Cell: Go to Step 2,	•
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold
	105°C  Step  1 2 3 4  Different cycle numbers for T & B cells 6	Step       Temperature         1       98°C         2       98°C         3       62°C         4       72°C         Different cycle numbers for T & B cells       T Cell: Go to Step 2, B Cell: Go to Step 2, B Cell: Go to Step 2, Cel



e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

## 3.4 Post V(D)J Amplification 2 Cleanup Double Sided -**SPRIselect**

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 50 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.5X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 145 µl).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- **c.** Place tube strip on the magnet•**High** until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- **d.** Transfer **145** μ**l** supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 30 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 µl).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- g. Place on the magnet•High until the solution clears.
- **h.** Remove 170  $\mu$ l supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. Add 200 ul 80% ethanol. Wait 30 sec.
- i. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- 1. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet-Low
- **m.** Remove remaining ethanol wash. DO NOT over-dry beads to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- **n.** Remove from the magnet. Add **46 μl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- o. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- **p.** Place on the magnet**·Low** until the solution clears.
- **q.** Transfer **45**  $\mu$ **l** sample to a new tube strip.



r. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for up to 1 week, or proceed to the next step.

## 3.5 Post V(DJ) Amplification QC & Quantification

**a.** Run **1 μl** sample **1:5 dilution** (Dilution Factor 5) on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.



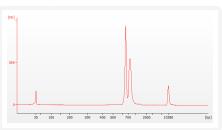
Samples of RNA-rich cells may require additional dilution in nuclease-free water. The number of distinct peaks may vary. Higher molecular weight product (2,000-9,000 bp) may be present. This does not affect sequencing.

#### **Representative Traces**

PBMCs amplified for TCR



PBMCs amplified for BCR



See example calculation in the following page.

#### **Alternate Quantification Methods**

Agilent TapeStation

LabChip

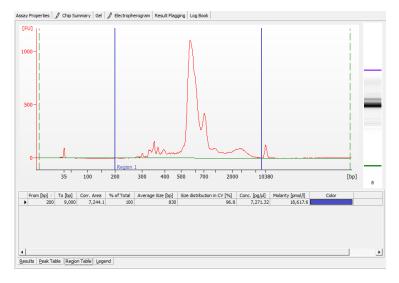
Qubit Fluorometer and Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit

See Appendix for

- Agilent TapeStation Traces on page 102
- LabChip Traces on page 103

### **Example Calculation**

- i. Select Region: Under the "Electropherogram" view, choose the "Region Table." Manually select the region of ~200 - ~9000 bp.
- ii. Note Concentration [pg/μ1]



iii. Calculate: Multiply the diluted sample concentration [pg/µl] reported via Agilent 2100 Expert Software by the dilution factor and divide by 1000 to obtain the total V(D)J amplified product concentration in ng/µl.

#### Example Calculation of V(D)J Amplified Product Concentration

Concentration: **7271.32** pg/µl Dilution Factor: 5

#### V(D)J Amplified Product Concentration

- = Conc'n (pg/µl) x Dilution Factor 1000 (pg/ng)
- =  $7271.32 \text{ (pg/µl)} \times 5 = 36.35 \text{ ng/µl}$ 1000 (pg/ng)

Carry forward only 10 µl Sample for V(D)J Library Construction

=  $36.35 \text{ ng/µl} \times 10 \text{ µl} = 363.5 \text{ ng}$ 

Refer to step 4.5 (V(D)J Library Construction) for appropriate number of Sample Index PCR cycles based on carry forward V(D)J amplified product yield/input sample.

# Step 4:

# **V(D)J Library Construction**

4.0 Get Started	72
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4.3 Post Ligation Cleanup - SPRIselect	76
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4.6 Post Library Construction QC	79

## 4.0 Get Started

#### Overview



Action	n	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilib	rate to R	oom Temperature			
	•	Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly	-20°C
		Adaptor Oligos	2000094	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		Ligation Buffer	2000092	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	<b>A</b>	<b>Dual Index Plate TT Set A</b> Verify name & PN. Use indicated plate only	3000431	_	-20°C
		Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC and quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape & Reagents If used for QC and quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		<b>Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit</b> If used for quantification	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
Place o	on Ice				
	•	Fragmentation Enzyme Ensure that Fragmentation Buffer and Fragmentation Enzyme from the same	2000090	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C

Actio	n	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
		kit are used together. Lots are matched for optimal performance			
		DNA Ligase	220110	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
	0	Library Amp Mix/Amp Mix Retrieve from Library Construction Kit	2000531/2000047	Vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
Obtain					
		Qiagen Buffer EB	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
		10x Magnetic Separator HT	2000431	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		Prepare 80% Ethanol Prepare 15 ml for 8 reactions	_	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

## 4.1 Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing

- a. Dispense 10  $\mu$ l sample in a tube strip on ice
- **b.** Prepare a thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol.

	Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
A	65°C	50 μΙ	~35 min
	Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
	<b>Pre-cool block</b> Pre-cool block prior to preparing the Fragmentation Mix	4°C	Hold
	Fragmentation	32°C	00:02:00
	End Repair & A-Tailing	65°C	00:30:00
	Hold	4°C	Hold

- **c.** Vortex Fragmentation Buffer. Verify there is no precipitate.
- d. Prepare Fragmentation Mix on ice. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Fragmentation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
EB Buffer	-	25	220	440
Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	5	44	88
Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090	10	88	176
Total		40	352	704

- **e.** Add **40 μl** Fragmentation Mix to each **10 μl** sample.
- **f.** Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 30 μl) on ice. Centrifuge briefly.
- g. Transfer into the pre-cooled thermal cycler (4°C) and press "SKIP" to initiate the protocol.

## **4.2 Adaptor Ligation**

a. Prepare Adaptor Ligation Mix. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

<b>Adaptor Ligation Mix</b> <i>Add reagents in the order listed</i>	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
Ligation Buffer	2000092	20	176	352
DNA Ligase	220110	10	88	176
Adaptor Oligos	2000094	20	176	352
Total		50	440	880

- **b.** Remove the sample from the thermal cycler.
- c. Add  $50~\mu l$  Adaptor Ligation Mix to  $50~\mu l$  sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
30°C	100 μΙ	15 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	20°C	00:15:00
2	4°C	Hold

## 4.3 Post Ligation Cleanup - SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 80 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150  $\mu$ l).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- c. Place on the magnet·High until the solution clears.
- **d.** Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- **f.** Remove the ethanol.
- **g.** Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- **h.** Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet**·Low**.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 31 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x. If beads still appear clumpy, continue pipette mixing until fully resuspended.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- **1.** Place on the magnet**-Low** until the solution clears.
- **m.** Transfer 30  $\mu$ l sample to a new tube strip.

### 4.4 Sample Index PCR



- **a.** Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run. Record the 10x sample index name (PN-3000431 Dual Index Plate TT Set A well ID) used.
- **b.** Add **50 \mul** Amp Mix/Amp Mix (PN-2000531/2000047) to **30 \mul** sample.
- c. Add 20  $\mu$ l of an individual Dual Index TT Set A to each sample and record the well ID used. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μΙ	~30 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	54°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:00:20
5	Go to step 2, see below for # of cycles	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold



The total cycles should be optimized based on 10 µl carry forward V(D)J amplified product concentration calculated during Post V(D)J Amplification QC & Quantification (step 3.5).

#### **Recommended Cycle Numbers**

V(D)J Amplified Product Input	Total Cycles
<25 ng	9
25-150 ng	8
151-500 ng	7
501-1,000 ng	6
>1000 ng	5



e. Store at 4°C for up to 72 h or proceed to the next step.

## 4.5 Post Sample Index PCR Cleanup - SPRIselect

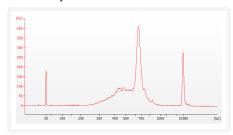
- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 80 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150  $\mu$ l).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- c. Place the magnet-High until the solution clears.
- **d.** Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- **f.** Remove the ethanol.
- **g.** Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- **h.** Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet**·Low**.
- i. Remove remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 36 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- **1.** Place on the magnet**-Low** until the solution clears.
- **m.** Transfer 35  $\mu$ l to a new tube strip.
- **n.** Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or at **-20°C** for **long-term** storage.

## 4.6 Post Library Construction QC

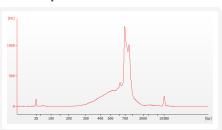
- a. Run 1 µl sample at 1:10 dilution on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.
- **b.** Determine the average fragment size from the Bioanalyzer trace. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

#### **Representative Traces**

#### **PBMCs amplified for TCR**



**PBMCs amplified for BCR** 



#### **Alternate QC Method**

Agilent TapeStation

LabChip

See Appendix for:

- Post Library Construction Quantification on page 101
- Agilent TapeStation Traces on page 102
- LabChip Traces on page 103

## Step 5:

## **5' Gene Expression Library Construction**

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## 5.0 Get Started

#### Overview



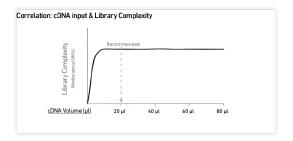
Action	1	Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
Equilib	rate to R	oom Temperature			
	•	Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	Thaw, vortex, verify no precipitate, centrifuge.	-20°C
		Adaptor Oligos	2000094	Thaw, vortex, centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		Ligation Buffer	2000092	Thaw, vortex thoroughly (≥30 sec) immediately before adding to the mix.	-20°C
	<b>A</b>	<b>Dual Index Plate TT Set A</b> Verify name & PN. Use indicated plate only	3000431	_	-20°C
		Beckman Coulter SPRIselect Reagent	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity Kit If used for QC	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		Agilent TapeStation ScreenTape & Reagents If used for QC	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
		<b>DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit</b> If used for QC	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	-
Place o	n Ice				
	•	Fragmentation Enzyme Ensure that Fragmentation Buffer and Fragmentation Enzyme from the same kit are used together. Lots are matched for optimal performance	2000090	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		DNA Ligase	220110	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C

Action		Item	10x PN	Preparation & Handling	Storage
	$\bigcirc$	<b>Amp Mix</b> Retrieve from Library Construction Kit.	2000047	Centrifuge briefly.	-20°C
		KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	_
Obtain					
		Qiagen Buffer EB	_	Manufacturer's recommendations.	Ambient
		10x Magnetic Separator HT	2000431	See Tips & Best Practices.	Ambient
		<b>Prepare 80% Ethanol</b> Prepare 20 ml for 8 reactions.	_	Prepare fresh.	Ambient

## **Step Overview (Step 5.1d)**

#### Correlation between input & library complexity

A Single Cell 5' Gene Expression library is generated using a fixed volume (20 μl) of the total cDNA obtained at step 2.3n. The complexity of this library will be comparable to one generated using a higher volume of the cDNA. The remaining proportion of the cDNA may be stored at 4°C for up to 72 h or at -20°C for longer-term storage (up to 4 weeks).



Note that irrespective of the total cDNA yield (ng), which may vary based on cell type, targeted cell recovery etc., this protocol has been optimized for a broad range of input mass (ng), as shown in the example below. The total number of SI PCR cycles (step 5.5d) should be optimized based on carrying forward a fixed proportion (20 µl) of the total cDNA yield calculated during Post cDNA Amplification QC & Quantification (step 2.4).

**Example: Library Construction Input Mass & SI PCR Cycles** 

	Targeted Cell		Total cDNA Input into cDNA Fragmentation		SI PCR Cycle	
Cell		overy	Yield (ng)	Volume (μl)	Mass (ng)	Number
High RNA Content	Low	•	562.5 ng	20 μΙ	125 ng	12
	High		4275 ng	20 μΙ	950 ng	9
Low RNA Content	Low	•	2.25 ng	20 μΙ	0.5 ng	16
(30)	High		450 ng	20 μΙ	100 ng	13

## 5.1 Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing

**a.** Prepare a thermal cycler with the following incubation protocol.

	Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
	65°C	50 μΙ	~35 min
	Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
<u> </u>	Pre-cool block Pre-cool block prior to preparing Fragmentation Mix	4°C	Hold
	Fragmentation	32°C	00:05:00
	End Repair & A-Tailing	65°C	00:30:00
	Hold	4°C	Hold

- **b.** Vortex Fragmentation Buffer. Verify there is no precipitate.
- **c.** Prepare Fragmentation Mix on ice. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

Fragmentation Mix Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
Buffer EB	-	15	132	264
Fragmentation Buffer	2000091	5	44	88
Fragmentation Enzyme	2000090	10	88	176
Total		30	264	528

- d. Transfer ONLY 20 µl purified cDNA sample from Cleanup (step 2.3n) to a tube strip.
  - Note that only **20 µl** cDNA sample is sufficient for generating 5' Gene Expression library.
  - The remaining cDNA sample can be stored at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or at -20°C for up to 4 weeks for generating additional 5' Gene Expression libraries.
- e. Add 30  $\mu$ l Fragmentation Mix into each tube containing 20  $\mu$ l sample.
- **f.** Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 35 μl) on ice. Centrifuge briefly.
- g. Transfer into the pre-cooled thermal cycler (4°C) and press "SKIP" to initiate the protocol.

## 5.2 GEX Post Fragmentation, End Repair & A-tailing Double Sided - SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 30 µl SPRIselect (0.6X) reagent to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 75 µl).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- c. Place on the magnet. High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- **d.** Transfer 75  $\mu$ l supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect reagent. Add 10 µl SPRIselect reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 80 µl).
- f. Incubate 5 min at room temperature.
- **g.** Place on the magnet•**High** until the solution clears.
- **h.** Remove **80**  $\mu$ **l** supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. Add 125 µl 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- i. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- 1. Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet-Low until the solution clears. Remove remaining ethanol pipetting slowly. DO NOT over dry to ensure maximum elution efficiency.
- **m.** Remove from the magnet. Add **51 μl** Buffer EB to each sample. Pipette mix 15x.
- **n.** Incubate **2 min** at **room temperature**.
- **o.** Place on the magnet**·High** until the solution clears.
- **p.** Transfer **50**  $\mu$ **l** sample to a new tube strip pipetting slowly.

## **5.3 GEX Adaptor Ligation**

a. Prepare Adaptor Ligation Mix. Pipette mix and centrifuge briefly.

<b>Adaptor Ligation Mix</b> Add reagents in the order listed	PN	1Χ (μl)	8X + 10% (μl)	16X + 10% (μl)
Ligation Buffer	2000092	20	176	352
DNA Ligase	220110	10	88	176
Adaptor Oligos	2000094	20	176	352
Total		50	440	880

- b. Add 50 μl Adaptor Ligation Mix to 50 μl sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 90 µl). Centrifuge briefly.
- **c.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
30°C	100 μΙ	15 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	20°C	00:15:00
2	4°C	Hold

### 5.4 GEX Post Ligation Cleanup - SPRIselect

- a. Vortex to resuspend SPRIselect Reagent. Add 80 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150  $\mu$ l).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- c. Place on the magnet·High until the solution clears.
- **d.** Remove the supernatant.
- e. Add 200  $\mu$ l 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- **f.** Remove the ethanol.
- **g.** Repeat steps e and f for a total of 2 washes.
- **h.** Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet**·Low**.
- i. Remove any remaining ethanol. Air dry for 2 min. DO NOT exceed 2 min as this will decrease elution efficiency.
- j. Remove from the magnet. Add 31 µl Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- k. Incubate 2 min at room temperature.
- **1.** Place on the magnet**-Low** until the solution clears.
- **m.** Transfer 30  $\mu$ l sample to a new tube strip.

### 5.5 GEX Sample Index PCR

- a. Choose the appropriate sample index sets to ensure that no sample indices overlap in a multiplexed sequencing run. Record the 10x sample index name (PN-3000431 Dual Index Plate TT Set A well ID) used.
- **b.** Add **50 μl** Amp Mix (PN-2000047) to **30 μl** sample.
- c. Add 20  $\mu$ l of an individual Dual Index TT Set A to each sample and record the well ID used. Pipette mix 5x (pipette set to  $90~\mu l$ ). Centrifuge briefly.
- **d.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Lid Temperature	Reaction Volume	Run Time
105°C	100 μΙ	~25-40 min
Step	Temperature	Time hh:mm:ss
1	98°C	00:00:45
2	98°C	00:00:20
3	54°C	00:00:30
4	72°C	00:00:20
5	Go to step 2, see below for # of cycles	
6	72°C	00:01:00
7	4°C	Hold

The total cycles should be optimized based on 20 µl carry forward cDNA yield/input calculated during Post cDNA Amplification QC & Quantification (step 2.4).

#### **Recommended Cycle Numbers**

cDNA Input	Total Cycles
0.25-25 ng	14-16
25-150 ng	12-14
150-500 ng	10-12
500-1,000 ng	8-10
1,000-1,500 ng	6-8
>1500 ng	5



**e.** Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or proceed to the next step.

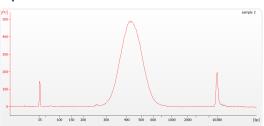
## 5.6 GEX Post Sample Index PCR Double Sided Size Selection -**SPRIselect**

- a. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 60 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.6X) to each sample. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 µl).
- **b.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- c. Place the magnet·High until the solution clears. DO NOT discard supernatant.
- **d.** Transfer **150** µl supernatant to a new tube strip.
- e. Vortex to resuspend the SPRIselect reagent. Add 20 µl SPRIselect Reagent (0.8X) to each transferred supernatant. Pipette mix 15x (pipette set to 150 μl).
- **f.** Incubate **5 min** at **room temperature**.
- **g.** Place the magnet•**High** until the solution clears.
- h. Remove 165 µl supernatant. DO NOT discard any beads.
- i. With the tube still in the magnet, add 200  $\mu$ l 80% ethanol to the pellet. Wait 30 sec.
- i. Remove the ethanol.
- **k.** Repeat steps i and j for a total of 2 washes.
- **l.** Centrifuge briefly. Place on the magnet**·Low**. Remove remaining ethanol.
- **m.** Remove from the magnet. Add **36 μl** Buffer EB. Pipette mix 15x.
- **n.** Incubate **2 min** at **room temperature**.
- **o.** Place on the magnet**·Low** until the solution clears.
- **p.** Transfer **35 μl** to a new tube strip.
- **q.** Store at **4°C** for up to **72 h** or at **-20°C** for **long-term** storage.

## 5.7 Post Library Construction QC

Run 1 µl sample at 1:10 dilution on an Agilent Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity chip.

#### **Representative Trace**



Determine the average fragment size from the Bioanalyzer trace. This will be used as the insert size for library quantification.

## **Alternate QC Method**

Agilent TapeStation

LabChip

See Appendix for:

- Post Library Construction Quantification on page 101
- Agilent TapeStation Traces on page 102
- LabChip Traces on page 103

## Step 6:

## **Sequencing**

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## **Sequencing Libraries**

Chromium Single Cell V(D)J and 5' Gene Expression Dual Index libraries comprise standard Illumina paired-end constructs which begin with P5 and end with P7. These libraries include 16 bp 10x Barcodes encoded at the start of TruSeq Read 1. Sample index sequences are incorporated as the i5 and i7 index read for V(D)J and 5' Gene Expression libraries. TruSeq Read 1 and TruSeq Read are standard Illumina sequencing primer sites and are used in paired-end sequencing of V(D)J and 5' Gene Expression libraries. Sequencing these libraries produce a standard Illumina BCL data output folder.

#### **Chromium Single Cell V(D)J Dual Index Library**



#### **Chromium Single Cell 5' Gene Expression Dual Index Library**



## Illumina Sequencer Compatibility

The compatibility of the listed sequencers has been verified by 10x Genomics. Some variation in assay performance is expected based on sequencer choice. For more information about performance variation, visit the 10x Genomics Support website.

- MiSeq
- NextSeq 500/550
- NextSeq 1000/2000
- HiSeq 2500 (Rapid Run)
- HiSeq 3000/4000
- NovaSeq

### Sample Indices

Each sample index in the Dual Index Kit TT Set A (PN-1000215) is a mix of one unique i7 and one unique i5 sample index. If multiple samples are pooled in a sequence lane, the sample index name (i.e. the Dual Index TT Set A plate

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well ID, SI-TT-) is needed in the sample sheet used for generating FASTQs. Samples utilizing the same sample index should not be pooled together, or run on the same flow cell lane, as this would not enable correct sample demultiplexing.

## **Library Sequencing Depth & Run Parameters**

Parameter	Description
Sequencing Depth	Minimum 5,000 read pairs/cell for V(D)J Dual Index library Minimum 20,000 read pairs/cell for 5' Gene Expression Dual Index library
Sequencing Type	Paired-end, dual indexing
Sequencing Read	Recommended Number of Cycles
Read 1	26 cycles
i7 Index	10 cycles
i5 Index	10 cycles
Read 2	90 cycles

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## **Library Loading**

Once quantified and normalized, the libraries should be denatured and diluted as recommended for Illumina sequencing platforms. Refer to Illumina documentation for denaturing and diluting libraries. Refer to the 10x Genomics Support website for more information.

#### **Library Loading**

Instrument	Loading Concentration (pM)	PhiX (%)
MiSeq	10	1
NextSeq 500	1.5	1
HiSeq 2500 (RR)	10	1
HiSeq 4000	180	1
NovaSeq	150*/300	1
NextSeq 2000	650	1

<sup>\*</sup> Use 150 pM loading concentration for Illumina XP workflow.

## **Library Pooling**

V(D)J and 5' Gene Expression libraries maybe pooled for sequencing, taking into account the differences in cell number and per-cell read depth requirements between each library. Samples utilizing the same sample index should not be pooled together or run on the same flow cell lane, as this would not enable correct sample demultiplexing.

#### **Library Pooling Example**

Libraries	Sequencing Depth (read pairs per cell)	Library Pooling Ratio
Example 1		
V(D)J library 5' Gene Expression library	5,000 20,000	1 4
Example 2		
V(D)J library 5' Gene Expression library	5,000 50,000	1 10

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## **Data Analysis and Visualization**

Sequencing data may be analyzed using Cell Ranger or 10x Genomics Cloud Analysis and visualized using Loupe Browser. Key features for these tools are listed below. For detailed product-specific information, visit the 10x Genomics Support website.

#### Cell Ranger

Cell Ranger is a set of analysis pipelines that processes Chromium Single Gene Expression data to align reads, generate Feature Barcode matrices and perform clustering and gene expression analysis.

- Input: Base call (BCL) and FASTQ
- Output: BAM, MEX, CSV, HDF5, Web Summary, .cloupe/.loupe
- Operating System: Linux

#### Cloud Analysis

Cloud Analysis is currently only available for US customers.

Cloud Analysis allows users to run Cell Ranger analysis pipelines from a web browser while computation is handled in the cloud.

- Key features: scalable, highly secure, simple to set up and run
- Input: FASTQ
- Output: BAM, MEX, CSV, HDF5, Web Summary, .cloupe/.loupe

#### Loupe Browser

Loupe Browser is an interactive data visualization tool that requires no prior programming knowledge.

- Input: .cloupe
- Output: Data visualization, including t-SNE and UMAP projections, custom clusters, differentially expressed genes
- Operating System: MacOS, Windows

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# **Troubleshooting**



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#### **GEMs**

#### Step

#### Normal

#### **Reagent Clogs & Wetting Failures**

1.4d
After Chip N is
removed from
Chromium X and the
wells are exposed



All 16 recovery wells (rows 3A, 3B) (rows 3A, 3B) are similar in volume and opacity.



Recovery well G indicates a reagent clog. Recovery well C and E indicate a wetting failure. Wells A, H, I & P contain 50% Glycerol Solution. Rest of the recovery wells have normal GEM generation.

1.4f Transfer GEMs



All liquid levels are similar in volume and opacity without air trapped in the pipette tips.

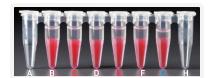


Pipette tips C and E indicate a wetting failure. Pipette tip C contains partially emulsified GEMs. Emulsion is absent in pipette tip E. Pipette tip G indicates a reagent clog.

2.1a After transfer of the GEMs + Recovery Agent



All liquid levels are similar in the aqueous sample volume (clear) and Recovery Agent/ Partitioning Oil (pink).



Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is a decreased volume of aqueous layer (clear).

Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal volume of Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).

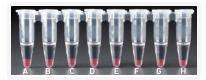
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#### Step

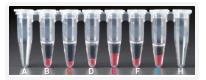
#### Normal

#### **Reagent Clogs & Wetting Failures**

# 2.1 b After aspiration of Recovery Agent/ Partitioning Oil

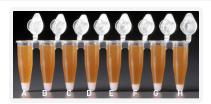


All liquid volumes are similar in the aqueous sample volume (clear) and residual Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).



Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is a decreased volume of aqueous layer (clear). There is also a greater residual volume of Recovery Agent/ Partitioning Oil (pink). Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal residual volume of Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (pink).

2.1 d After addition of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix



All liquid volumes are similar after addition of the Dynabeads Cleanup Mix.



Tube G indicates a reagent clog has occurred. There is an abnormal ratio of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix (brown) to Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (appears white).

Tube C and E indicate a wetting failure has occurred. There is an abnormal ratio of Dynabeads Cleanup Mix (brown) to Recovery Agent/Partitioning Oil (appears white).



If a channel clogs or wetting failure occurs during GEM generation, it is recommended that the sample be remade. If any of the listed issues occur, take a picture and send it to <a href="mailto:support@10xgenomics.com">support@10xgenomics.com</a> for further assistance.

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#### **Chromium X Series Errors**

The Chromium X touchscreen will guide the user through recoverable errors. If the error continues, or if the instrument has seen critical or intermediate errors, email <a href="mailto:support@10xgenomics.com">support@10xgenomics.com</a> with the displayed error code. Support will request a troubleshooting package. Upload pertinent logs to 10x Genomics by navigating to the Logs menu option on screen.

#### There are two types of errors:

**Critical Errors** – When the instrument has seen a critical error, the run will immediately abort. Do not proceed with any further runs. Contact support@10xgenomics.com with the error code.

- a. System Error
- **b.** Pressure Error
- c. Chip Error
- d. Run Error
- e. Temperature Error
- f. Software Error

**User Recoverable Errors** – Follow error handling instructions through the touchscreen and continue the run.

- a. Gasket Error
- **b.** Tray Error
- c. Chip Error
- d. Unsupported Chip Error
- e. Network Error
- f. Update Error



Consult the Chromium X Series (X/iX) User Guide (CG000396) for additional information and follow the Chromium X touchscreen prompts for execution. The Chromium X touchscreen will guide the user through recoverable errors.

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# **Appendix**

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## **Post Library Construction Quantification**

- a. Thaw KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms.
- **b.** Dilute  $2 \mu l$  sample with deionized water to appropriate dilutions that fall within the linear detection range of the KAPA Library Quantification Kit for Illumina Platforms. (For more accurate quantification, make the dilution(s) in duplicate).
- **c.** Make enough Quantification Master Mix for the DNA dilutions per sample and the DNA Standards (plus 10% excess) using the guidance for 1 reaction volume below.

Quantification Master Mix	1X (μl)
SYBR Fast Master Mix + Primer	12
Water	4
Total	16

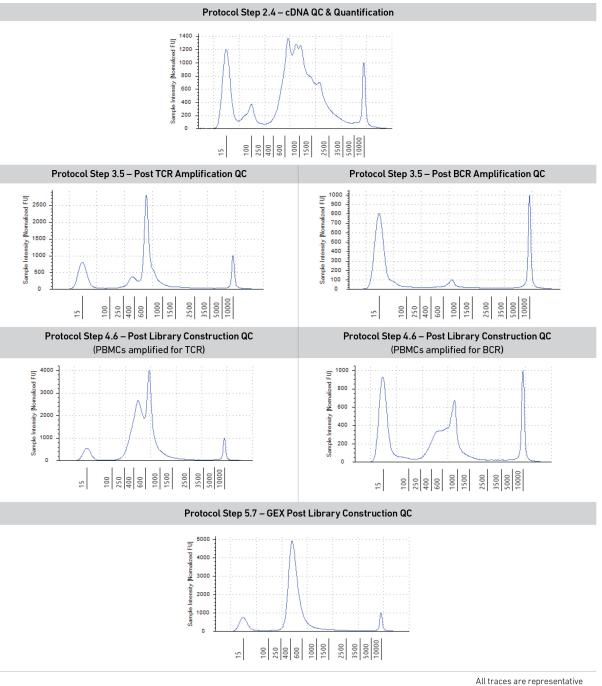
- **d.** Dispense **16**  $\mu$ l Quantification Master Mix for sample dilutions and DNA Standards into a 96 well PCR plate.
- **e.** Add **4 μl** sample dilutions and **4 μl** DNA Standards to appropriate wells. Centrifuge briefly.
- **f.** Incubate in a thermal cycler with the following protocol.

Step	Temperature	Run Time
1	95°C	00:03:00
2	95°C	00:00:05
3	67°C Read Signal	00:00:30
4	Go to Step 2, 29X (Total 30 cycles)	

**g.** Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for qPCR-based quantification. For library quantification for sequencer clustering, determine the concentration based on insert size derived from the Bioanalyzer/TapeStation trace.

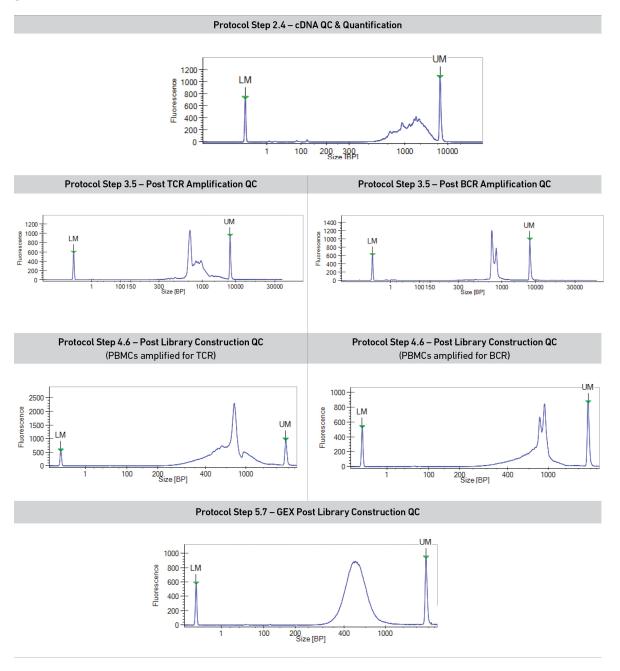
## **Agilent TapeStation Traces**

Agilent TapeStation High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape was used. Protocol steps correspond to the steps in this user guide.



## **LabChip Traces**

DNA High Sensitivity Reagent Kit was used. Protocol steps correspond to the steps in this user guide.



## **Oligonucleotide Sequences**

## Protocol Step 1.5 – GEM-RT Incubation

Gel Bead Primer



5'-CTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATrGrGrG-3'

Poly-dT RT Primer PN-2000437/2000007



#### **GEM-RT Products**

cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA



#### Protocol Step 2.2 - cDNA Amplification

cDNA Primers PN-2000439/2000089

Forward Primer: Partial Read 1 5'-CTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-3'

Reverse Primer: Non-poly(dT)
5'-AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAG-3'

#### Amplified Products

Amplified cDNA from poly-adenylated mRNA



5'-CTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA\_Insert-GTACTCTGCGTTGATACCACTGCTT-3'
3-GATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA\_Insert-CATGAGACGCAACTATGGTGACGAA-5'

luman T Cell Mix 1 v2	Forward Primer:	Reverse Outer Primers:	
uman i Cell Mix i vz N-2000242	PCR Primer	5'-TGAAGGCGTTTGCACATGCA-3'	Outer Primer
	5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	5'-TCAGGCAGTATCTGGAGTCATTGAG-3	
uman B Cell Mix 1 v2	Forward Primer:	Reverse Outer Primers:	
N-2000254	PCR Primer	5'-CAGGGCACAGTCACATCCT-3'	Outer Primer
	5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	5'-TGCTGGACCACGCATTTGTA-3' 5'-GGTTTTGTTGTCGACCCAGTCT-3'	
		5'-TTGTCCACCTTGGTGTTGCT-3'	
		5'-CATGACGTCCTTGGAAGGCA-3'	
		5'-TGTGGGACTTCCACTG-3'	
		5'-TTCTCGTAGTCTGCTTTGCTCAG-3'	
Mouse T Cell Mix 1 v2	Forward Primer:	Reverse Outer Primers:	
PN-2000256	PCR Primer	5'-CTGGTTGCTCCAGGCAATGG-3'	Outer Primer
	5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	5'-TGTAGGCCTGAGGGTCCGT-3'	
Mouse B Cell Mix 1 v2 PN-2000258	Forward Primer:	Reverse Outer Primers:	
	PCR Primer	5'-TCAGCACGGGACAAACTCTTCT-3'	Outer Primer
	5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	5'-GCAGGAGACAGACTCTTCTCCA-3'	
		5'-AACTGGCTGCTCATGGTGT-3' 5'-TGGTGCAAGTGTGGTTGAGGT-3'	
		5'-TGGTCACTTGGCTGGTG-3'	
		5'-CACTTGGCAGGTGAACTGTTTTCT-3'	
		5'-AACCTTCAAGGATGCTCTTGGGA-3'	
		5'-GGACAGGGATCCAGAGTTCCA-3' 5'-AGGTGACGGTCTGACTTGGC-3'	
		5'-GCTGGACAGGGCTCCATAGTT-3'	
		5'-GGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3'	
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D	)J Amplification 2	5'-AGCACCTTGTCCAATCATGTTCC-3' 5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3'	
Protocol Step 3.3 – V(D Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246	Forward Primer:	5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3'	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer	5'-ATGTCGTTCATACTCGTCCTTGGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer: PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3'	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers:	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACAACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACCTTAGCAGCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3'	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACAACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCAAG-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers:	
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCCGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCCGC-3' Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3'	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACAACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCAAG-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  PCR Primer	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCACC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCAACCAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCAACCAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCGC-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3'  Reverse Inner Primers:	Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCACTAC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGGACAGC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCTGTATCCAC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCCGC-3' 5'-GGCTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCAGCTGGTACACCAGC-3' 5'-AGTCTCCAGCTGGTACACCAG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACAACCAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCAG-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCAG-3' 5'-GCGTTATCCACCTTCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACGAGGGTA-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACCT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACCT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CAGCTGCTCCTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCG-3' 5'-AGTCACACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACGAGGGTAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCAGTGGCCT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACGTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTTCATCCTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACTATCATCCTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACCACCACT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACAGC-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACAGCG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACAGCG-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCCCAGGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCTGTATCCAC-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGCGCGC-3' 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACCAGGGGTA-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-TACACACCAGTGTGGCCTT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCCACT-3' 5'-GAGGCCACTTCATCGTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCACAGTGACCT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCCACACCCAT-3' 5'-GAGGCCAGCCACAGTGACCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGCAGCACAGTGACCT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCTCAGCTGGTACACG-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAACACAGC-3' 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGCTCCAGGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-GGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CAGCTGCTCCTATCCGA-3' 5'-TAGCTGCTGGCCG-3' 5'-AGTCACACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACGAGGGTAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCACTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACCAGTGGCCT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACGTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACCACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTTCATCCTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACTATCATCCTGCCG-3' 5'-GAGGCCACCACCACT-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCAGCTGGTACACCAGC-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-AGCTGCTGGCGGC-3' 5'-AGCTGACTGCGAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCACCAGCAGCAGCA	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCAGCTCAGCTAGCAGC-3' 5'-CTCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGGGAACTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GTGTCCCAGGTCACCATCAC-3' 5'-CAGCTGCTCGTATCCAAGC-3' 5'-CAGCTGCTCGTATCCAA-3' 5'-CAGCTGCTCGTATCCAA-3' 5'-GGCTTATCCACCTTCCACTGT-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACAGCAGGGTA-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCAAAGTCGGTGAACAGGCA-3' 5'-GGCCAAGCACACGAGGGTA-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACTGTCACACCACT-3' 5'-CAGGCCACGTCACAGTGCT-3' 5'-GCAGGGAAGTTCACAGTGCT-3' 5'-CTGTTTGAGATCAGTTTGCCATCCT-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3' 5'-CCCTTGACCAGGGAACCAGTTG-3'	Inner Primer Inner Primer
Human T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000246 Human B Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000255  Mouse T Cell Mix 2 v2 PN-2000257  Mouse B Cell Mix 2 v2	Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'  Forward Primer:  PCR Primer  5'-GATCTACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC-3'	Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-AGTCTCAGCTGGTACACCAGC-3' 5'-TCTGATGGCTCAAACACAGC-3'  Reverse Inner Primers: 5'-GGGAAGTTTCTGGCGGTCA-3' 5'-GGTGGTACCCAGTTATCAAGCAT-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTAGCACAGC-3' 5'-TCCTGAGGACTGTGGACAGC-3' 5'-CACGCTGCTCGTATCCGA-3' 5'-AGCTGCTGGCGGC-3' 5'-AGCTGACTGCGAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCACCAGCAGCAGCA	Inner Primer Inner Primer





5-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10-ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-Insert-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCACTCAC-N10-ATCTCGTATGCCGTCTTCTCGCTTG-3'
3'-TTACTATGCCGCTGGTGGCTCTAGATGTG-N10-TTGAGAAAGGGATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCCAAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-Insert-TCTAGCCTTCTCGTGTGCAGACTTGAGGTCAGTG-N10-TAGAGCATACGGCAGAAGACGAAC-5'

#### Protocol Step 5.3 – GEX Adaptor Ligation (for 5' Gene Expression (GEX) Library Construction)



Read 2

5'-GATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'
3'-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'

Ligation Product



5'-CTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA\_Insert-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-3'

3'-GATGTGCTGCGAGAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA\_Insert-TCTAGCCTTCTCG-5'



5'-AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC-N10'-ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCT-N16-N10-TTTCTTATATGGG-cDNA\_Inseri-AGATCGGAAGAGCACACGTCTGAACTCCAGTCAC-N10-ATCTCGTATGCCGTCTTCTGCTTG-3'
3'-TTACTATGCCGCTGGTGGCTCTAGAGTGTG-N10-TGTGAGAAAAGGGATGTGCTGCGAGAAAGGCTAGA-N16-N10-AAAGAATATACCC-cDNA\_Inseri-TCTAGCCTTCTCGTGTGCAGACTTGAGGTCAGTG-N10-TAGAGCATACGGCAGAAAACCGAAC-5'